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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXVI NO. 290 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Sardar Exposes States' Conspiracy

SARDAR'S CHALLENGE TO PRINCES

Cadell, Only A 'Tool In Imperialist Game

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

Speaking at a public meeting to-night Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel referred to the Jam Saheb's call for unity among Princes at the recent Princes Conference in Bombay and his declaration about the triple obligations on the part of the States and stated that "it will be a miracle if the Princes of India could unite for any common purpose, except for a general demonstration of loyalty to the paramount power. The Princes perhaps forget the fact that any call on the part of the Princes for unity among themselves would necessarily mean a similar call for unity among eight crores of State subjects. While it will be impossible for the Princes to unite, the States Subjects will not find it difficult to unite against the common policy of the Princes of oppression and tyranny."

TRIPLE OBLIGATIONS.

The Jam Saheb talked of the triple obligations on the part of the States. May I ask him respectfully how the Princes propose to fulfil their obligations to the Paramount Power if their subjects are not with them? They can fulfil no obligation either to the Paramount Power or to the country or to themselves without the willing co-operation of their subjects. They talk loudly of their resources with which they propose to suppress the movement for responsible government in the States, but they forget the fact that they have no resources whatever, except those of their own subjects.

For three days the Princes discussed in Bombay the question of distribution of seats on the standing committee of Princes, but it is surprising that they had no time to discuss anything about the tremendous wave of discontent in many of the States due to obvious maladministration, oppression and in some cases misrule. They look to the Paramount Power for help, but they forget the fact that in the ultimate analysis, the real Paramount Power is their own subjects, from whom alone they derive their sovereignty. It is refreshing to note that even the "London Times" has acknowledged the fact "that the Princes have been exceptionally slow in democratising their States."

CADELL, A TOOL.

Sardar then referred to the events in Rajkot and said that since the return of Sir Patrick Cadell from Bombay to Rajkot, the trouble there was not between the Thakore Saheb and the people. A new phase of the struggle had now commenced and the position had been intensified by the declaration of the Rajkot Praja Parishad as an unlawful association.

Sardar thought that all these happened because of wire-pulling from behind, probably at the instance of the Princes who wanted to make a scape goat of Rajkot for their protection, for they fear that if Rajkot yielded and gave responsible government to the people, many of them would have to follow suit.

"In my opinion," said Sardar, "Sir Patrick Cadell is only a tool in the Imperialist game of propping up the Princes who in the words of the "London Times" refuse to move with the times."

CHALLENGE TO STATES.

It had been suggested that many of the Princes had introduced reforms in their States and some of them were contemplating doing so, but he would challenge any one to show that there had been any advance in any of the States during the past twenty years, except in very rare cases where the people had forced a forward march. Such instances

(Continued on Page 6, Col. 3).

Lid Off Hindu Team's Disaster

TAIRSEE'S ALLEGATIONS AGAINST PRINCES AND PLAYERS: CONSPIRACY AGAINST 'C. K.'

"Princes have polluted politics. Let them not pollute sports. They can patronise the Stadium as much as they like but I want to tell them, once for all, that their interference in play will not be tolerated" said Mr. L. R. Tairsee, presiding at a dinner held on Tuesday, in honour of Major C. K. Nayudu and C. S. Nayudu at the Hindu Gymkhana.

The function was attended by a large number of friends and admirers of the Nayudu brothers.

CHARGE AGAINST PLAYERS.

Referring to the causes that contributed to the misfortune of the Hindu Team in the Pentangular, Mr. Tairsee complained that some of the players had kept late hours on the eve of the match and had not been strictly within their limits in food and drink.

"It was no wonder they saw two balls while playing and catching" he added humorously. It was very unfortunate indeed, added Mr. Tairsee, that the eve of the match should have been turned into a gala night by some members of the Hindu Team.

"These things have got to stop" he declared, "and so long as I am connected with this institution, I am determined to see that there is no repetition. They shall not play with us any longer."

Mr. Tairsee next referred to the great part played by Major C. K. Nayudu in Indian cricket.

Mr. Sunderdas Morarji, speaking next, said:

"Things have not been as they should have been on the cricket field". He added that there had been all kinds of disquieting rumours during the last week, and it was necessary that the public should know the truth.

"Every year things have been happening" complained Mr. Morarji "and every year, we hoped they would not repeat themselves. Let us hope this year's incidents at least prove a real eye-opener and that these incidents are the last of the series."

THROUGH PRINCES' SPECTACLES.

Paying a warm compliment to Major Nayudu, Mr. A. F. S. Talyarkhan said that he had captured popular imagination.

"We have got into the pernicious habit of looking at cricket through the spectacles of Princes" said Mr. Talyarkhan. It was necessary to shake off this habit.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST "C. K."

Referring to the latest events in the cricket world, Mr. Talyarkhan declared:—"There is a definite feeling now that Major Nayudu is being slighted and kept out. I am in possession of the most irreputable evidence regarding the conspiracy against "C. K." A great wrong has been perpetrated not only on Major Nayudu but also on the fair name of India and Indian cricket."

Something concrete has got to be done to meet this situation" added Mr. Talyarkhan. There was much which the Hindus as a powerful majority community could do in this respect. He urged them to organise a "terrific boycott' not only in Bombay but all over India, in case the conspiracy against C. K. Nayudu was to be continued.

"See that there is no Test match next year unless "C. K." captains the team" he declared. "Before you buy your tickets, study the situation well, see the constitution of the all-India team and only if you are satisfied, book your seats."

Mr. Datar, Treasurer of the Gymkhana, hoped that the energies of every lover of cricket would be directed towards ensuring that Major Nayudu was selected the Test captain next year.

PURSE PRESENTED.

Major Nayudu while thanking the hosts of the evening, hoped that the Hindu Gymkhana and other institutions would produce brilliant young crickets in the future whose performances on the field would be the subject of many a brilliant commentary by Mr. Talyarkhan.

Major C. K. Nayudu and his brother were presented with a purse.

At a dinner given to the Naidu brothers on Monday night by Mr. Jamnadas H. Pitamber at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, President of the Hindu Gymkhana said that the result of a match was immaterial—the important part about it, however, was that it should be well played.

Mlle. Simkie, partner of Mr. Udayshankar, noted Indian dancer, arrived in Bombay on Tuesday by the Italian mail boat and was received by Mr. Udayshankar who specially came to meet her.

MANIBEN ARRESTED

Rajkot's Reply To Cadell: Kasturba And Darbar Gopaldas To Scene Of Action: Muslim Congressmen Arrested In Hyderabad

RAJKOT: DEC. 6.

SHRIMATI MANIBEN PATEL, DAUGHTER OF SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL, WAS ARRESTED THIS EVENING ON A CHARGE OF DEFYING THE PROHIBITORY ORDER SERVED ON HER.

In defiance of the order, Shrimati Maniben Patel addressed a public meeting when she was arrested.

Following her arrest, a number of people, including businessmen, made a declaration at a public meeting expressing their readiness to offer "Satyagraha."

Millionaire As New Dictator

Before her arrest, Miss Maniben Patel was served with a notice prohibiting her from participating in meetings and processions and entry into villages.

The twelfth dictator, Doctor Gajjar was arrested. Mr. Chotalal Hemchand Pattani, a local millionaire, will function as the thirteenth dictator. It is reliably learnt that Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi is arriving here shortly.

Rajkot observed a half-day hartal to-day.

Srimathi Maniben Patel visited yesterday Kherdi, Rafala and Magherwad villages and addressed well attended meetings. She was received enthusiastically everywhere.

Those arrested in connection with the Darbhargarh picketing yesterday were released later.

An independent body known as "chowkidal" has been organised by the public for maintaining a night watch in the city.—A.P.

HARTAL AS PROTEST

Reply To Cadell's Offensive

RAJKOT, Dec. 6.

Following the recent intensification of the offensive of the State authorities against the popular agitation, Miss Mani Ben Patel, daughter of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Popatlal and Mr. Anada, President of the State Representative Assembly were arrested along with four others today. The arrests were a sequel to a meeting held at the public maidan, under the auspices of the Rajkot Praja Parishad, in defiance of the recent order of the State declaring the Parishad an unlawful organisation.

The arrests have caused great excitement throughout the city and merchants every where have spontaneously declared a hartal for to-morrow. The State Cloth, vegetable, grain and other markets will remain closed to-morrow as all the merchants have decided on a hartal as a protest against the arrests to-day. The merchants have further under contemplation the question of vacating these markets owned by the State permanently pending the solution of the impasse.

"EVERY HOUSE A PARISHAD."

The citizens were instructed to-day by the Parishad to record their protest of the State ban on the Parishad by converting every home in the State capital into an office of the Parishad and putting signboards on every door to that effect.

DURBAR GOPALDAS READY.

Durbar Gopaldas, on receipt of the news of the arrests announced his decision to reach Rajkot early to participate in the Satyagraha.

Mr. Anada, while addressing the public meeting to-day, questioned the authority of the Dewan Sir Patrick Cadell to declare the Rajkot Parishad unlawful, so long as the Representative Assembly had not adopted any resolution to that effect or sanctioned the measure.

He sounded a note of advice to the Indian Princes by referring to the recent article of the London "Times" and said that the Princes would be the better for taking note of the signs of the times betimes.

The total of arrests till to date are 1457 and convictions 130.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

KHER SUPPORTS KARNATAK UNIFICATION

Replying to Dharwar Municipal Address, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier said that he was struck by the strength of feeling in Karnatak for unification and he assured them that he would do all that lay in his power to implement the resolution in this behalf passed by the legislature. He refused to believe that the demand was in any way anti-National.

The Premier dined with the Collector and left for Hubli late at night.—A. P.

Tri-Partite Agreement Reached

GOVT. TABLE AMENDMENTS TO INCOME-TAX BILL

Aney To Lead Frontal Attack: European Group To Move Amendments

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

NEW DELHI: DEC. 6.

NO UNCERTAINTY REGARDING THE FUTURE OF THE INCOME-TAX BILL IS NOW ENTERTAINED, AS THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT FOR CLAUSE IV, WHICH WILL BE MOVED BY THE GOVERNMENT, HAS THE SUPPORT OF THE CONGRESS AND THE MUSLIM LEAGUE.

As the Nationalists, led by Mr. Aney, are opposed to the principle of accrual, they are expected to attack the whole Clause.

The European Group will seek further to amend Government's motion by tabling its own amendments after consulting its constituencies and taking legal advice.

The Clause, if amended according to the compromise formula, is expected to bring an additional revenue of 115 lakhs from taxation on leave salaries and salaries paid abroad, 30 or 40 lakhs from Foreign Residents' Companies and the rest from the foreign income of Indians on an accrual basis.

As distinction between the domiciled and non-domiciled goes, European officials and other foreign residents who live and earn in this country, will, hereafter, have to pay tax on their world income. Those officials who come on short-term contracts for five years or so, and others, who come for brief periods every year, though they may be doing business or earning in this country, will not, under the proposed definition, be required to pay tax on their world income.

LOOPHOLES TO BE TIGHTENED

The definition of the term 'resident' has, therefore, to be carefully scrutinised to see whether it offers loopholes. It is not also clear whether the latter class will be assessed on their Indian income at the rate based on world income or at the rate on Indian income. So far as companies are concerned, the distinction is drawn between companies having major income in India and those having major income outside. Only the former will pay on world income, while the latter only on Indian income. Whether this definition also affords loopholes which are likely to be used against the interests of Indian Exchequer has to be seen.

NOT HER FULL DUES

The text of the actual amendment tabled by Government is, therefore, being studied to see how far actually India will benefit by foreign investments and other foreign income of foreign residents and companies operating in India. The operation of double taxation relief, part of additional liability under Clause 4, will fall on the British Exchequer, as it will have to grant relief based on tax paid both in India and in England on world income. There is still a feeling in the lobby, that though India will get fairly substantial amount by way of tax on foreign income of foreign residents and companies, it is not all to which India is entitled.

Mr. Jinnah's point has been met, as assessees whose aggregate income from India and abroad is less than Rs. 5,000 will be exempted.

AGREEMENT AT LAST

NEW DELHI: Dec. 6.

A "Progress Report" of the negotiations for an agreement on the questions raised by the all-

(Continued on page 8, col. 3).

HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY TALKS

Preliminary Meeting At Allahabad

LUCKNOW, Dec. 6.

It is understood that there is a likelihood of communal peace talks being reopened.

Correspondence in this connection is stated to have passed between Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Nawab Muhamad Ismail Khan and a preliminary meeting has been arranged for to-day at Allahabad, where Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru returned last night. —A. P.

U. P. GOVT AND DEFENCE DEPARTMENT

Case In Federal Court

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI: Dec. 6.

Another important case affecting the finances of the Provincial Governments was heard to-day by the Federal Court Judge, Sir S. M. Suleiman. This relates to the United Provinces Government's claim against the Government of India for the return of all the fines collected by the Cantonment Courts within the Province since 1924.

Mr. Asthara, representing the U. P. Government, contended that the Defence Department had no right to appropriate these fines, but should refund the amount to the Provincial Government.

A full hearing of the case is expected some time in next March, but in the meantime dates have been fixed for filing of written statements, production of documents, etc.

WHY RETROSPECTIVE?

One point raised by the Judge was whether the U. P. Government could demand the return of fines from 1924 as the Government of India Act came into force in 1935 and the new Government in the Province came into existence in 1937.

Mr. Asthana replied that he would deal with it in his arguments.

HE REFUSES PRESIDENTSHIP

Abdul Gaffar Khan's Reply To Frontier Congress' Request

PESHAWAR, Dec. 6.

It is understood that efforts have been made by the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee to persuade Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, "Frontier Gandhi" to accept the presidentship of the next session of the Indian National Congress, but he is reported to have declined to accept the offer. He is stated to have explained to the Committee that he preferred to direct his energies towards the organisation of the Congress in the Frontier, rather than taking up the difficult task of touring India and remaining outside his Province for a long period.

He referred to Mahatma Gandhi's conviction that on the organisation of the Frontier on up-to-date lines, depended the salvation of India. He therefore, refused to accept the offer despite repeated persuations.—A. P.

MAHATMA AS MATCH-MAKER

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

A London Sunday paper says that the first meeting of the newly engaged Nawab of Pataudi, the Indian cricketer, and his fiance, daughter of the Nawab of Bhopal, was arranged by Mahatma Gandhi.

The paper reminds us the young couple fell in love as early as in 1930. But as the Princess was "in Purdah" and screened from the public gaze, a meeting between the two was impossible. When Gandhi travelled to England for the Round Table Conference, the princess, her father and the cricketer were all on the same ship.

Gandhiji heard of the romance and effected the introduction in his own cabin.

Duke Of Kent At Oslo

OSLO, Dec. 6.

The Duke of Kent has arrived. —Reuter.

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ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a suitable match of independent living, vegetarian Arya-Samajist aged 25 years, for an educated Khatri girl of 17 years. Please apply to Box No. 11085, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted. A graduate lady teacher with high educational qualifications for a Girls' High School in Bombay. Apply before 17th December, with full particulars, stating minimum salary to Box No. 11112, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a fully qualified and experienced Sister for the Parekh Hospital on Rs. 50-5-100 plus Rs. 10/- house rent. Apply with full particulars before 15-12-38 to the Chief Officer, Municipal Office, Surat. (10045)

Wanted a fast Stenographer Secretary knowing Gujerati on salary of Rs. 80 per month. B.A., who is well-versed in Municipal affairs need only apply stating age, nationality and previous experience to Box No. 11105 "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited from Honours Graduate of a good Foreign University in Arts, Science or Engineering for training for the combined post of Works and Office Assistant." Salary Rs. 150 for six months and on confirmation after probation in the grade of 200/- 25/300. Apply with full particulars to the Agents, Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., 27, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay. (11100)

68. FLATS TO LET

At Parekh Building, New Queen's Road an airy comfortable and a newly oil-painted flat on the second floor is to be let to vegetarian Hindus. Apply Maganlal Mehta, Top Floor. (11099)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Guaranteed cures for diseases such as Piles, Asthma, Malaria, Women's Ailments, etc., as also the most efficient Tonic, Contraceptive, etc. Send for our free catalogue of these most efficacious medicines. Agents Wanted. T. Boyce Co., Belgaum. (11106).

Sexus Paste, best and cheapest Contraceptive. Gelotube, best and cheapest Venereal Preventive. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay (10710)

Public Notices

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

GENTLEMEN of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on WEDNESDAY, the 7th December 1938 at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

M. I. ROWJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay 6th December, 1938.
(10058)

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for (a) constructing a Fruit Market in Maneckchowk amounting to Rs. 71,407 and (b) School Buildings on Vegetable Market and on the proposed Fruit Market amounting to Rs. 34,783 so as to reach the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality, on or before 4-0 p.m. on 20th December, 1938.

Copies of Tenders and Specifications can be had from the office of the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 5 each.

Tender must be accompanied with the earnest money at the rate of 1 per cent. of the tendered amount.

The work is estimated into two parts.

The Municipality reserves the right of rejecting any tender higher or lower without assigning any reasons.

(Sd.) C. R. DESAI,
Ag: Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office, Ahmedabad,
5th December, 1938.
10060.

BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SIXTH BIENNIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Donors and Subscribers of the Bombay Native Dispensary will be held at Petit Building, 355 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on WEDNESDAY the 7th December, 1938, at 5-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business.—

1. To receive and adopt the audited Balance Sheet and Report of the Managing Committee for the years 1935 and 1936.
2. To appoint a member in the Managing Committee in place of one who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint two Honorary Auditors for the years 1937 and 1938.

By order of the
Managing Committee,
JEHANGIR R. M. MASTER,
Secretary.
(9998)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th January. For illustrated Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel. D.D.S., Hospital Road, Karachi. (9857)

387. TYPEWRITERS

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Loans on interest advanced on stock of any kind of shops, restaurants, cinemas, &c., &c. Apply Box No. 11110, "Bombay Chronicle."

318. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

For Sale. Valuable Piece of ground in Ghoghari Mohola with three teak wood shops fetching Rs. 90/- per month. 6 per cent. net income on investment. Offers invited. Box No. 11109, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

WANTED:—HOSPITAL NURSING STAFF.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following Nursing staff for Sir Takhtsinhji Hospital, Bhavnagar.

MATRON:—Pay Rs. 125—5-2—to 150 P. M.
+ Uniform allowance Rs. 60/- per year.

OPERATION THEATER SISTER:—Pay Rs. 100—5-2—to 125.
+ Uniform Allowance Rs. 40/- per year.

STAFF NURSES:—Pay Rs. 50—5-2—to 75.
+ Uniform Allowance Rs. 30/- per year.

Free unfurnished quarters provided. Service is pensionable.

Applicants should submit their applications to the undersigned before 15th December, 1938, stating Age, Nationality, Caste, Qualifications, Training, Education and Experience along with Testimonials and Certificates, enclosing their recent photographs.

All appointments will be on probation for one year, at the end of which services will be made permanent if found satisfactory.

CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
Bhavnagar State,
BHAVNAGAR.
Bhavnagar, Dt. 30-11-38.
(10049)

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES.

THE THIRD QUARTER of Motor Vehicles Tax ends on 31st December, 1938. Those who have paid tax upto 31-12-1938 should pay or remit further tax and registration fee as early as possible so that this office can credit the tax before 31-12-38. Waiting till the last day of the fifteen days of concession may lead to many complications. Vehicles with State or Extra Provincial numbers must pay before 1st January 1939, no concession being permissible in their cases.

NOTE.—Cheques drawn on Banks which have no clearing account with the Reserve Bank or the Imperial Bank of India and third party cheques will not be accepted.

REFUND applications will not be entertained unless *the registration certificate and disc are surrendered* along with the application.

N. M. KAMTE,
For Commissioner of Police.
5th Decmber 1938.
Motor Tax Department.
Head Police Office, Bombay.
10059.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. BURJORJI JEHANGIRJI VAZIR & Mr. BAHDURJI JEHANGIRJI VAZIR have agreed to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

Any person having any right, title, interest, claim, demand or share in, to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, lease, lien, charge, partition, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make known the nature of his interest in such property in writing to us at our office at 58, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such interest which will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of pension and tax and quit and ground rent land or ground with messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at BOMANJI STREET also known as NANABHAI BOMANJI STREET or RAGHUNATH DADAJI CROSS LANE within the Fort of Bombay in the Town & Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 90 & 1/9th square yards or thereabouts registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay under Quit & Ground Rent Old No. 358 and Pension & Tax old No. 46, New Pension & Tax No. 324 and New Quit & Ground Rent No. 5340, Old Survey No. 712 and New Survey No. 9148 & 2/9148 Cadastral Survey No. 790 of Fort Division and Assessed by the Assessor & Collector of Municipal Rates & Taxes under "A" Ward No. 2406 & 2407 and Street No. 44 & bounded on or towards the East by a public passage, on or towards the West by the property of Nowroji Darashaw Reporter, on or towards the North by sweeper's passage and on or towards the south by Nanabhai Bomanji Street or Lane.

Dated this 6th day of December 1938.

H. D. MULLA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
10061

Public Notices

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

ARTIFICERS & ARTISANS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for vacancies in the following Branches of the Royal Indian Navy, to reach on or before 20th December, 1938:

(1) MECHANICIANS. (ENGINE ROOM BRANCH).
Essential Qualifications.
Age:—18—24
Minimum Educational attainments:—Pre-matriculation. Able to speak, read and write English and speak Urdu.
Practical or Technical:—
(a) Must have served an apprenticeship of at least 4 years' duration in an Engineering firm of repute and attended instructional classes in Mechanical Engineering subjects

or

(b) Undergone a course of training in Mechanical Engineering in a recognised Technical College.

PAY

Rs. 70-120 per mensem, with food, clothing and accommodation. After completing the necessary qualifying service selected Mechanicians are eligible for promotion to Warrant Rank Pay Rs. 130-270.

(2) Electrical Artificers (Electrical Branch).
Essential Qualifications.
Age and Educational attainments:
As detailed in para (1) above.
Practical or Technical:—
(a) Must be in possession of a Supervisors Certificate issued by the Government of Bombay, or equivalent authority.

or

(b) Undergone a course of training in Electrical Engineering in a recognised Technical College.

PAY

Rs. 35-120 per mensem, with food, clothing and accommodation.

(3) Ordnance Artificers (Maintenance of Guns).
Essential Qualifications.
Age and Educational attainments.—
As detailed in para (1) above.
Practical and Technical.
As detailed in para 1 (a) or (b) above.

PAY.

Rs. 35-120 per mensem, with food, clothing and accommodation.

(4) Apply in writing, stating, age, educational and technical qualifications and practical experience with copies of certificates and references to The Commanding Officer, Naval Depot, H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay.

C. J. NICOLL,
Captain.

Navy Office,
Bombay, 2nd December, 1938.
(10036)

Auction Sales

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN MODERATE PRICED BUSINESS.

AUCTION SALE OF THE BUSINESS OF ANGLO-PERSIAN PRINTING PRESS SITUATE AT ALLOO MANSION, KUMPTA STREET, OFF FRERE ROAD, FORT.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Damkevala & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee-in-possession, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Owner of the abovenamed press, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 8th day of December, 1938, at 3-30 P.M. at the premises of the press as above the Machines, Plant, Types, Furniture, Stands, Galleys and all other things appertaining to the abovenamed press together with its Goodwill.

The Machines and all other things belonging to the press with its Goodwill will be put up in one or separate lots as may be determined at the time of sale.

Will be on view two days before the sale.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of the undersigned. Private offers will be considered before the auction sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Public Notices

Xmas Holidays 1938

3RD CLASS
HOLIDAY SEASON TICKETS
FOR 16 ZONES

issued from 14th to 31st December 1938 available for different periods as usual at very Cheap Rates

PURCHASE A TICKET
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(10005)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Govt. Auctioneers

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY. Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will by order of B. K. Desai, Esquire, the Court Receiver and Receiver appointed in High Court Suit No. 102 of 1930 (Sitapchand Amichand vs. Dolatchand Amichand) sell by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Medow Street, Fort on Friday, the 9th December, 1938, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned jewellery pledged to the firm of Messrs. Sitapchand Dolatchand & Co. by certain parties and on account and at the risk of such pledgors:—

Border of sari studded with pearls, rubies and emeralds, one gold necklace studded with pearls rubies and emeralds, one Diamond necklace, one Kalgi studded with diamonds and pearls, one Diamond ring, one ring studded with diamonds and sapphire, two diamonds, one nose ring of diamonds, pearls, emeralds and ruby, one string of pearls, emeralds manies, one big Burma Ruby Poto (Kabushan), one pearl collar, four pearl bangles.

The jewellery is available for inspection at the Office of the Court Receiver between the hours of 3 and 5 p.m. and at the Auction rooms on the day of sale.

Terms:—25 per cent. Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF SURPLUS, NEW, OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES AT GENERAL STORES DEPOT, G. I. P. RAILWAY, LOWER PAREL, BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, (Bombay), sell by Public Auction at General Stores Depot, G. I. P. Railway, Lower Parel, on TUESDAY, the 13th December, 1938, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) a big lot of Surplus, New, Old and Unserviceable Stores, including.

Kerosine oil tins, Electric cables, Lamps, and fittings, Cloth cuttings, Shovels and powrahs, Empty drums, Steel tools, Wheels, Cast iron fittings for fencing and pieces of rails, Scrap chains, Anvils, Paint kegs, Tin and Zinc scrap, Steel and iron drums, Hose pipes, Furniture, Corrugated iron sheets, Tiles, Iron pipes, Wooden trusses and frames, Steel railings, Rivet cutting machine, Hand pump, Tramway material, Iron Sleepers, Cast iron pipes, wire ropes and plain wire, Fencing material, Cement bags, Billiard table, Weighing machines, Homelite engine, Oil engines, fans, Drilling machines, Bolts, Nuts, Electric motors, Petrol engine, Comptometer, Flat spring, etc., etc.

10 per cent. deposit in cash.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL STOCK-IN-TRADE INCLUDING MACHINERY, FURNITURE ETC. OF THE PRANDI CHOCOLATE FACTORY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys from Sheth Girdharlal Tricumlal, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Parties concerned, sell by Public Auction the undermention goods, of the Prandi Chocolate Factory on Saturday the 10th day of December 1938 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Port Trust Godown No. 173, Sassoon Dock, Colaba.

Roasting, Crushing, mixing, Refining Machines, Cocoa Press, Electric Motors, Kelvinator compressors, E. Stove, Hydraulic Pumps, Butter Machines, Charanas, Avery Scale, Stock of Labels, also furniture such as steel and wooden cupboards, Tables, Chairs, etc.

Terms:—25 per cent. deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT DELISLE ROAD NEAR TOYO PODAR MILL AND GODREJ SOAP FACTORY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Merwanji Kola and Co., Attorneys for the transferee of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Hajrabai widow of Abdul Karim Mahomed Ayub, and others Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will TO-DAY WEDNESDAY the 7th December 1938 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Foras and with house at DeLisle Road, admeasuring about 2509 sq. yards, bearing Street Nos. 302-302A-302B-302C and bounded on the East by DeLisle Road, on the West by vacant plot of Diamond Spng. and Manufacturing Co. Ltd., on the North by the property of Ardeshir Burjorji Godrej and on the South by the land of Byramji Hirjibhai Warden.

For conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO WOOLLEN AND COTTON PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS AND UP-COUNTRY DEALERS.

AUCTION SALE OF 20 CASES OF WOOLLEN AND COTTON PIECEGOODS.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers, will this day WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of December 1938 at 3-30 P. M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction in suitable lots at their Auction Rooms in Apollo Street Fort, by order of Messrs. Madhavji & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Laxmidas Madhavji the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mr. Purshotamdas Nagardas, the Mortgagor.

20 Cases of Woollen and Cotton Piece-goods comprising of high class English, German and Japanese Cashmere, Blazer, Tropical, Grey Flannel, Aeroplane etc.

SECOND WEEK
of GLORIOUS SUCCESS
*SONGS YOU WILL LONG REMEMBER
in

New Theatres' Marvellous Musical Romance

THE STREET SINGER
Starring:
INIMITABLE SONG-STARS OF SILVER SCREEN
SAIGAL & KANANBALA
with JAGADEESH & KAPUR
Direction: P. MAZUMDAR.
Music: BORAL.
Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
THE MINERVA

Seventh Week:
New Theatres' Social
ADHIKAR
Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
THE ROXY
TO-MORROW AT 1-30 P.M.
LADIES' SHOW

ONLY 5 MORE DAYS!
of the present programme
AT
THE EXCELSIOR
TWO SHOWS DAILY
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SUN. DEC. 11th AT
3-30 & 6-30 P.M.
America's class revue
MARCUS FOLLIES OF 1938
MARCUS FOLLIES OF 1938
Bombay's Sensation
HURRY & BOOK YOUR SEAT
3rd and Last Programme
Commences
MON. DEC. 12th
THE MARCUS SHOW
presents
LA VIE PAREE
(By arrangement with Western India Theatres Ltd.)
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED.

NEW EMPIRE
Daily: 4. 6-30; & 10 p. m.
Last Two Days!
TOM WALLS
a Secret Service Agent
and
RENEE SAINT-CYR
the famous French Actress
in
"STRANGE BOARDERS"
based on the Novel by
E. Phillips Oppenheim
A GAINSBOROUGH PICTURE
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NEXT SATURDAY!
A SNAPPY SHOW OF
Science and SECRET SERVICE!

Shree RANJIT
MOVIETONE'S
novel theme
on the celluloid
breathing with
life .....
PROFESSOR
Vaman
M. Sc.
Direction:
Sjt. MANIBHAI VYAS.....
Starring:
* E BILLIMORIA, * MAZHAR,
* SUNITA, *SITARA, etc.
Saturday Next At
THE WEST-END

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STOP CHILDREN'S COLDS!

Banish head and chest colds. Gently rub 'Thermogene' on chest and throat—it acts in two ways. The soothing vapours ease the breathing immediately and clear the head. The healing oils quickly relieve the congested tissues.

Regd. Trade Mark

'THERMOGENE' MEDICATED RUB

Made by the Makers of 'THERMOGENE' MEDICATED WADDING

AROUND THE COURTS

Eight persons were arrested by the city police last night, on a charge of Sutta Gambling.

All the accused persons were placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, this morning, at Mazagaon Police Court when they were ordered to be released on bail.

Tragedy Follows Loss On Race Course?

Sant Ram Sharma (55), a resident of the Punjab, was found dead in his room on the 2nd floor of a house situated on Frere Road, at about 10 a.m. yesterday.

On enquiry it was found that the deceased went to the house of Mrs. Laldevi, on November 24 and told her that he was on his way to Africa and that he was waiting for his passport which, he complained, was unnecessarily delayed. Hence, he had to stay in Bombay. He was accordingly provided with a room in her house

Last Saturday the deceased went to the Races and is said to have lost Rs. 500, the only sum he had. The loss of the money came as a shock to him. Having no cash left with him, presumably he thought of putting an end to his life.

Yesterday, when Laldevi went to his room, she found him lying dead on his bed. A glass containing traces of opium was found under his cot.

Police Sergeant attached to Phaltan Road Police Station found several letters written by the deceased. In one of the letters, the deceased wrote that he had enjoyed his life to the fullest extent having spent lakhs and lakhs of rupees on all sort of things and activities and that now he was disgusted with life and therefore he was committing suicide by taking opium.

This letter was addressed to the Police.

Jailed For Making Indecent Proposals On 'Phone

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A smart piece of detective work on the part of Sergeant Moore of the Bombay C. I. D. was responsible for tracking down a mysterious man who for the last three months had, it is stated been pestering the women doctors of a hospital in Bombay, insulting, and making indecent proposals to them almost every night on the 'phone.

The women doctors got fed up with 'phone calls and at last sought the protection of the Court, under whose directions, Sergeant Moore investigated the case.

The arrested man is E. D. Pereira, a bachelor compounder of the Gold Mohur Mills, who stood charged to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate with making indecent proposals on the 'phone. The accused was found guilty on three counts and was sentenced to six weeks' simple imprisonment on each count, the sentences to run concurrently.

THE BATTLE OF LOVE:

Fought at the Polling Booth!

She took to politics to forget the man she loved. She fought hard—and surrendered in the very hour of her triumph! SHE WAS A WOMAN!

SHANTA HUBLIKER

in

My Son

with

ULHAS, MAMA BHAT, VASANT THENGDI

PRABHAT'S present-day problem picture;

Directed by: K. NARAYEN KALE

Daily: 5, 8, 10-45 p.m.

CENTRAL

DEFAMATION CASE AGAINST EDITOR

Astrologer Cross-examined

The case in which Mr. Borkar, an astrologer from Dadar has charged Mr. R. K. Tatnis, Editor of the "Vividha-Vritta," with defamation, came up for hearing before Mr. D.N.D. Khandalawalla, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court when the complainant was cross-examined.

The case arose out of an announcement alleged to have been made by Borkar in "Pravinya", a Marathi monthly magazine, in which Brokar is stated to have written that "those born under Kumbha Rashi will be profited if they purchased a Goa lottery ticket at 5-13 P. M. whose number would total 14. The "Vividha Vritta" is said to have alleged that a certain person fulfilled all the requirements for the purchase, of lottery ticket put in by Borkar but failed to get any prize, and warned its readers against being misled by those who indulged in such forecasts.

Mr. Tuljapurkar assisted by Messrs. Varde and M. N. Talpade appeared for the accused while Mr. Jangalwalla assisted by Mr. Anklesaria appeared for the complainant.

At the outset objection was raised to the translation of the passages from "Vividha Vritta" submitted to the court and it was finally agreed that the translation should be gone through by the Chief Translator of the High Court in the presence of Counsels from both sides.

Mr. Borkar was then cross-examined by Mr. Tuljapurkar.

Counsel: You call yourself a Swami?—People call me so.

Counsel: Swami means a Sanyasi—I don't know.

Shankaracharya was called Swami—I don't know.

So was Ramdas—I don't know. I know that Tukaram is called Swami (laughter).

I put it to you that you are not a sanyasi but a man of the world —Yes.

Who gave the title of Swami—My Gurura Padmanabhi Swami.

When did your Guru die—In 1913.

When were you born—In 1903.

Then you became a Swami at the age of ten—Yes.

You not only call yourself a Swami but a man learned in Vedas and Shastras—All the disciples of my Guru are so designated.

You published a Panchang (Almanak) in 1928 in which you called yourself "Vedashastrasampanna Gajanan Swami Borkar"—Yes. I printed three thousand copies of the Panchang.

When asked if he had suffered a loss in the publication of the Panchang complainant said that it was not published for profit. He admitted that it was stated in his "Life" that he had undergone a loss of two to three thousand rupees by publishing the Panchang.

Counsel: Through your astrological knowledge you should have been able to anticipate this loss.

Magistrate: Perhaps he did not consult the stars in his own case.

The complainant said in reply to further questions that he had studied only certain portions of Vedas but that he was not prepared to repeat them in the precincts of the Court, nor had he learnt any portions by heart.

Counsel then asked questions on the point whether he was an expert in thought-reading, question-reading and similar other intuitional acquirements. Counsel said that such a claim was made by the complainant but that it could not be substantiated. It was claimed that if a person swallowed a certain powder his son living in a distant place could be cured simply because the powder was charged with such supernatural powers. It was these astounding claims that misled the simple-minded people said counsel. It was the claim of the accused that the complainant possessed no such powers.

Magistrate: It would be better if you asked him questions about the winning lottery number. I am interested because I might be profited by such information. I would like to buy such ticket but I don't want to lose any money.

After some further arguments the hearing of the case was postponed to December 9.

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The lives of the millions in stark reality!

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INDUSTRIAL INDIA

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with Prem Adib & A Mighty Cast

Industrial India

Gives you something new in screen ENTERTAINMENT.

See it To-Day at

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.

Zenana Show To-morrow at 1-30 P.M.

Welcome To Sardesai

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Labour leaders and volunteers of the B. P. T. U. C. crowded the Dadar Station to welcome Mr. Sardesai, the released Sholapur prisoner, who arrived at Bombay by the Madras Express at 10 this morning.

On his alighting from the train Mr. Sardesai was greeted by the crowd with shouts of "Inquilab Zindabad."

After mutual greetings were exchanged at the station the crowd took Mr. Sardesai in procession to the G. K. U. (Red Flag) Union at Parel.

VILE PARLE MUNICIPALITY'S NEW PRESIDENT

Congress Nominee Elected

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Tuesday.

The first meeting of the new Board of Vile Parla Municipality was held this morning to elect one of their members as the President for the next three years. Mr. C. D Barfiwala, the Chairman of the meeting in calling upon the members to nominate a candidate desired that voting should be by show of hand.

Mr. Ramnikrai Mehta

Mr. Ramnikrai Mehta's name was proposed by the Congress Party which had the strength of 11 members, while the name of Mr. J. W. L. Gomes was put up by the Independent Group consisting of 12 members. Three Christian members from Parla went over to the side of the Congress and Mr. Ramnikrai secured a majority of two over his rival who got 12 votes, all independents voting for him. The Chairman then declared Mr. Mehta to have been duly elected.

A meeting has been fixed for Sunday next when the question of election of Vice-President and formation of Sub-Committee, will come up for discussion.

HITLER IS RIGHT!

A Berlin Indian's Letter To Gandhiji

In the course of an open letter to Mahatma Gandhi, in reply to his articles on Czechoslovakia Mr. Habibur Raheman "Member of the Foreign Press Association, Berlin" writes:—

With the coming of Hitler into power, Germany became free. As Baldwin once said in one of his speeches—"the democracies are two years behind the totalitarian states"! Whether it is recognized or denied, and whether one accepts or rejects dictatorships, or denies or accepts what they have accomplished, one fact remains that no one can dispute; and that is, that since 1933 Germany has liberated herself from the shackles of the Treaty of Versailles, and has broken the chains that held her captive. You will welcome this, because you have worked incessantly, to free the Indian people. The German State has grown stronger and stronger year by year, and it is now clear that she cannot stand idly by and see the German population in Czechoslovakia persecuted. As for the much-praised freedom in Czechoslovakia, I would like to cite my own experience. In 1936, I took part in the Congress that was held in Prague by the "Federation of Indian and Ceylonese Students Abroad." This Congress, however, was not allowed to protest against the imprisonment of Subhas Chandra Bose by the English Government, nor could congratulations be extended to Nehru for his efforts to secure Civil Liberty in India. These prohibitions were made lest England should be offended.

To return to Germany and the Sudeten German people. I would like to stress the fact that the same relative conditions prevail there as are found in India and also outside of India. We Indians try to protect other Indians wherever they may be; but we can do this only through protests and resolutions. This is not the way other countries protect their Nationals, and so European methods are different from those in India.

When a population group finds itself living in a country not of its own free will, then it has a right to self-determination. Democracies can hardly dispute the right of totalitarian states also to be given this chance. And after all Hitler has done all without recourse to violence. He has brought Austria back to the German fold, without shedding one drop of blood; and now he has joined the Sudeten district to Germany without firing a single shot. Why was this? Simply because the people willed to have it so. The end of the drama was played in Munich, with the accord which gave Germany back her territory in Czechoslovakia. Afterwards, Poland and Hungary, also secured the return of their property in Czechoslovakia, so that we find to-day (Nov. 15), not an artificial State, but a real country of Czechoslovakia, having a population of ten and a half million.

I should like to point out in this connection that if other nations had not become involved in the Sudeten matter, the affair would never have become serious. The two neighbours could and would have got along peaceably together; but this, seemingly, was not to the interests of certain Powers. A very similar situation arose in Abyssinia. Britain mixed into the affairs of this country to such an extent that Haile Selassi trusted in England and the League of Nations. And with what results?

I have but one thought in my heart; because I have allied myself in your Non-Co-operation movement. Our own struggle for freedom we have always placed in the background; but we want to support other countries with all our power. However, we are not free ourselves, so this is hard to do. I cannot but believe that the policy to-day being carried on in India by certain groups and directed against the Totalitarian Powers, will injure us greatly in the long run. The initiative for this opposition naturally comes from the Labour Party. The Labour Party has promised us our freedom when it comes into power, but I have not forgotten that this was the Party that arrested you, my dear Mahatma Gandhi.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 00	0 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.

Arrival at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13.50
Delhi Express	6 0	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon)	21 15 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. nesday and Saturday 11-30 a.m. Depar- O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wedture from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.

Latest hour of posting:—Sunday, Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 11 a.m

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN.

Latest hour of posting:—Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

MUSLIM LEAGUE AND VIDYA MANDIRS

The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League this afternoon passed the following resolutions:—

The Executive Council considered the serious situation that has arisen in the Central Provinces and Berar with regard to the introduction of the Vidya Mandir scheme and its repercussions all over India and also considered the request of the C. P. Provincial League to launch civil disobedience as the Mussalmans of the Province have exhausted all constitutional methods to secure redress of their grievances. The Executive Council resolved that Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, M.L.A., Honorary Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, be deputed to go to the Central Provinces and examine the situation and submit his report before the annual session of the All-India Muslim League at Patna.

THE BRANDY THAT MADE COGNAC FAMOUS

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ALSO HENNESSY XO LIQUEUR BRANDY

Matured in the wood for over 45 years

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SHE'S CHARMING ... ...
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RENUKA DEVI

In BOMBAY TALKIES' SOCIAL SUPER-JEWEL SENSATION:

BHABI

THE SWEETEST ROMANCE YET FILMED

with

P. JAIRAJ

*MEERA, *MAYADEVI, *M. NAZIR, *P. F. PITHAWALA, *GYANCHANDRA, *RAMA SHUKUL, *V. H. DESAI.

DECR. 17 1938

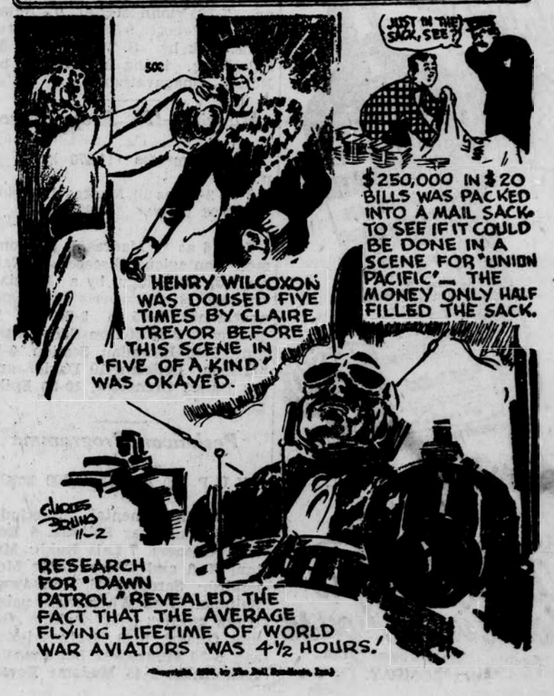
AT

ROXY

"The RENDEZVOUS of the ELITE."

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO


JUST IN THE SHOW, SEE?
$250,000 IN $20 BILLS WAS PACKED INTO A MAIL SACK TO SEE IF IT COULD BE DONE IN A SCENE FOR "UNION PACIFIC"— THE MONEY ONLY HALF FILLED THE SACK.
HENRY WILCOXON WAS DOUSED FIVE TIMES BY CLAIRE TREVOR BEFORE THIS SCENE IN "FIVE OF A KIND" WAS OKAYED.
RESEARCH FOR "DAWN PATROL" REVEALED THE FACT THAT THE AVERAGE FLYING LIFETIME OF WORLD WAR AVIATORS WAS 4½ HOURS!

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

V U B 244 metres (1,231 kc|s)
a.m.
8 Records. 8-30 Selected by Miss Munjee.
12 Noon Bombay Orchestra.
p.m.
12-5 Navinchandra Purani of Surat. 12-15 Our Instruments. 12-22 At Their Best—1. 12-30 For Women. 12-45 Ratnakant Ramnathker. 12-55 Market rates and announcements. 1-5 Lunch Hour music. 3-30 Pageant of Living Things: Creation of New Plants and Animals, by Prof. J. N. Karve, M.Sc. 3-50 Musical interval. 3-55 English Literature: Swift, by Prof. F. Correa-Afonso. 4-15 Pulakeshin and Harsha. 6 Music lessons. 6-5 Mohammad Umar. 6-15 Film Tune on Clarionet. 6-20 Navinchandra Purani. 6-30 For Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Three Kalyans. 8 Firdausi's Shahnama, talk in Hindustani by A. A. Shihab. 8-15 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-25 Allabandi Jaipurwali. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 Ghulam Mustafa. 9-30 News. 9-50 Else Knepel, Soprano. 10-10 World Affairs relay from B B C. 10-25 Mehli Mehta: Viola recital. 10-40 Doris Steller: Soprano. 10-50 Paris Philharmonic Orchestra. 11 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc|s)
a.m.
8 to 9 and 12 noon to 2 p.m. & 3-30 to 4-30 p.m. as in Bombay I.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc|s)
p.m.
6 to 6-30 as in Bombay I. 6-30 Alabandi Jaipurwali. 6-50 Duets for ten minutes. 7 Sawai Gandharv. 7-30 to 10-5 as in Bombay I. 10-5 Sawai Gandharv. 11 Epilogue.

Delhi—I Programme

V U D 338.6 metrs (886 kc|s)
a.m.
8 Delhi Radio Orchestra: Desi Todi. 6-5 Nasir Khan. 8-30 Shirinbai. 8-50 News in Hindustani. 9 News in English. 9-10 Nur Mohammad. 9-20 Kumari Shyama Zutshi. 9-30 Qand-i-Mukarrer, a talk in Hindustani.
Noon
12 Musical Miscellanv
p.m.
1 Requested from Dehra-Dun, a recorded programme. 2 Music lesson by M. Habibullah. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Nur Mohammad. 6-30 Woman's World. 7 For Villagers only. 8 Coal Mining, a talk in Hindustani, by S. M. Yusuf. 8-10 Shirinbai. 8-25 Nasir Khan. 8-35 Kumari Shyama Zutshi. 8-50 Nur Mohammad. 9 Shirinbai. 9-50 Nasir Khan. 10-10 World Affairs, talk by J. L. Brierly, relayed from B B C. 10-30 Nur Mohammad. 10-45 Shirinbai.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc|s)
a.m.
8 to 8-30 as in Delhi I. 8-30 Rajmanibai. 8-50 to 9-30 as in Delhi I. 9-30 Indirabai Wadkar. 10 As in Delhi 1.
12 Noon to 2-15 p.m. as in Delhi 1.
60.48 metres (4,960 kc|s)
p.m.
6 News. 6-10 Shirinbai. 6-40 Nur Mohammad. 7 Kumari Shyama Zutshi. 7-10 Nasir Khan. 7-30 Arthur Dulay Kuintet. 8 Coal Mining. 8-10 Nur Mohammad. 8-25 Shirinbai. 8-40 Your Selections. 9-15 News in Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Local news and announcements. 9-50 Dorothy Booth, Soprano. 10-10 B B C Relay. 10-30 Indo-European Orchestra. 10-45 Columbia Light Opera Company. 11 Late news.

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres (15,160 kc|s)
a.m.
6 to 8-30 as in Delhi I. 8-30 to 8-50 as in Delhi II. 8-50 to 9-30 as in Delhi I. 9-30 to 10 as in Delhi II.
12 Noon to 2-15 p.m. as in Delhi I.
31.3 metres (9,590 kc|s)
p.m.
6 to 7 as in Delhi I. 7 to 8 as in Delhi II. 8 to 9-50 as in Delhi I. 9-50 to 10-30 as in Delhi II. 10-30 to 11 as in Delhi I.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).
V U C 370.4 metres (810 kc|s)
p.m.
12-30 Webster Booth; Tenor. 12-50 Lunch hr. music. 1-15 Market rates. 1-17 Music from Firpo's (Contd.). 1-35 For Women only. 2-5 Records. 5 For Countryside: Kabir: The son of a weaver. 6 Basanti Das Gupta: Classico-Modern Song. 6-15 Anima Chakravarti. 6-30 Binapani Mukherjee II. 7 Atiter Smriti. 8-5 Sarat Chandra the Unknown, Srikanta again! Talk in Bengali by S. N. Ganguly. 9-10 'My Piano and I' by Norman Parry 9-30 Teresa Murphy: Soprano. 9-45 Rory Aforesaid.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc|s)
p.m.
12-30 to 2-30 as in Calcutta I.
61.98 metres (4,840 kc|s)
p.m.
5 to 10-30 as in Calcutta I.

Madras—I Programme

V U M 211 metres (1,420 kc|s)
p.m.
2 It Might Interest You. 2-5 Kambar, talk by S. Vyapuri Pillai. 2-20 Music. 4 Things of Interest, talk in Tamil, by 'Radio Mama.' 4-5 Jesus Christ, talk in Tamil by S. Tirunavakkarusu. 4-20 Music. 5 S. Ananthakrishnan: Vocal. 5-30 A I R Carnatic Orchestra: Vivardhani. 5-35 Krishnamurthy Iyer of Mannargudi: Vocal. 6-15 Kartik on the Godavari; Telugu. 6-30 Krishnamurthy Iyer of Mannargudi: Vocal. 7-15 Talking of Talkies: Music in the Talkie, talk in Tamil by Sangu Subrahmanian. 7-30 Violin recital. 9 News, weather report. 9-15 Our Limitations, talk by S. T. Naidu. 9-30 Sulochana, katha in Telugu by Neti L. Bhagavathar.

Madras—II Programme

25-28 metres (11,870 kc|s)
p.m.
2 to 2-30 as in Madras I.
60.98 metres (4,920 kc|s)
p.m.
5 to 6 as in Madras I. 6 Common Contagious Diseases of Cattle, talk in Telugu, by a Specialist. 6-10 Market reports and announcements. 6-15 to 9-30 as in Madras I. 9-30 Nelson Eddy: Baritone. 9-45 Hawaiian Session. 9-54 Marlene Deitrich. 10 David and his Dance Orchestra. 10-30 Epilogue.

Peshawar Programme

V U P 200 metres (1,500 kc|s)
p.m.
5-30 Instrumental interludes. 5-40 Munnawwar Sultana. 6 Hour with villagers. 7 Lala Rukh: Multani Kafi and Dadra. 7-20 Mehr Bakhsh: Sarod. 7-25 Munnawwar Sultana. 7-45 When two neighbours meet. 8 Lala Rukh: Geet and Ghazal. 8-20 Naghma-i-Kohsar. 8-30 Munawwar Sultana. 8-50 Lala Rukh. 9-45 Madame Bovary, talk by Prof. M. A. Latif. 10 Transcription Talks.

Lahore Programme

V U L 276 metres (1,086 kc|s)
p.m.
6-10 Anwarbai of Amritsar. 6-30 For Countryside. 7 Music lesson: 27: by Gayak. 7-15 Barkat Ali Khan. 7-35 Sitar recital. 7-45 Request songs. 8 Newspapers and Magazines, talk in Hindustani by R. P. Khosla. 8-15 Barkat Ali Khan. 8-25 Anwarbai of Amritsar. 8-45 Dialogue, followed by naghma. 9-5 Jogan ki Jholi. 9-45 Criminal Tribes in Punjab, talk by Azim Husain. 10 Barkat Ali Khan. 10-10 World Affairs, relayed from B B C. 10-30 Barkat Ali Khan. 10-40 Anwarbai of Amritsar.

Lucknow Programme

V U W 293.5 metres (1,022 kc|s)
p.m.
5-30 Records. 6 Programme for children. 6-30 Anis Khatoon. 6-45 Suraj Bux Srivastava. 7-5 Kumari Shanta Bhake. 7-25 Bare Agha Saheb. 7-50 Ghazals. 8-10 Kumari Shanta Bhake. 8-30 Your Diagnosis Please. 8-40 Suraj Bux Srivastava. 9 Anis Khatoon. 9-45 Bare Agha Saheb. 10-15 Anis Khatoon. 10-30 Qurtaba ka Qazi.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ (to 9 p.m.) 13.93m (21.53 Mc|s)
GSH 13.97m (21.47 Mc|s) GSG 16-86m (17.79 Mc|s)
GSO (to 9-30 p.m.) 19.76m (15.16 Mc|s)
GSF 19.82m (15.14 Mc|s) GSE 25.29m (11.86 Mc|s)
GSD (from 9-15 p.m.) 25.53m (11.75 Mc|s).
p.m.
7-30 Arthur Dulay Quintet. 8-5 In Town To-night. 8-25 B B C Empire Orchestra. 9-15 Speed. 9-30 News. 9-50 Welbeck Light Quartet. 10-10 World Affairs.
10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic programme.

2ND WEEK
GOPAL KRISHNA
DAILY: 5, 7-45 & 10-30 P.M.
PLAZA

One Wolfe's Schnapps a day for your Health's Sake
WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHNAPPS
PRODUCT OF HOLLAND
And- in case you forget— Always keep a bottle in the house
Agents: Herbertsons Ltd., Fort, BOMBAY.

M. N. ROY SOUNDS ALARM

Criticises Congress Attitude To Federation And States

BAREILLY, Dec. 4.

Announcing that he would strive at the next session of the Congress for a revision of the Haripura resolution regarding the states, Mr. M. N. Roy, said in a press interview here that recent developments had renderd the Congress policy towards States untenable.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's attitude regarding Rajkot had raised some hope, said Mr. Roy, but it had already proved otherwise. He had already declared that in his opinion the demand of the people was not for Responsible Government, but the subsance of Responsible Government. Unfortunately, this watering down of the Congress programme was not confined to the States. He was afraid the same thing was going to be done with Federation. In the midst of so much talk to the contrary the ground was being prepared for the Congress to come to some understanding on the vital issue. He found it necessary to sound the alarm and he would do his utmost to resist any such deviation from the Congress ideal of complete Independence.—A. P.

Sewing And Cutting Diploma Exam.

The list of students who were successful in the Final Diploma Examination (2 years' Course) in Sewing and Cutting of the Industrial Schools for Women conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay, is given below:—

GIRGAON BRANCH

Miss Durga Chandavarkar, Miss Sushila Mayekar, Mrs. Laxmibai Dhag, Miss Gangu Talpade, Miss Kamal Jaki, Miss Prema Mujumdar, Miss Lila Pavaskar, Miss Jaya Rege, Miss Malati Ranadive, Miss Gaura Mankar, Miss Kamalini Vagal, Miss Kusum Hate, Miss Kastur Mhatre and Mrs. Girjabai Naik.

PAREL BRANCH

Miss Lila Javeri, Mrs. Sitabai Ragde, Mrs. Phatma Begam Patel, Miss Kalyani Kabre, Miss Shanta Ayare, Miss Kamala Tari, Miss Shanta Kabre, Miss Elizabeth Divekar, Miss Prabhavati Vasta, Miss Gaya Nirokhekar, Miss Serah Rajpurkar, Miss Pushpa Mastakar, Miss Kusum Bavadekar, Miss Sumitra Pai and Miss Kusum Role

DADAR BRANCH

Miss Kamal Avchat, Miss Sumati Pradhan, Mrs. Malinibai Dhamankar. Miss Lalitprabha Vagal and Mrs. Shanta Savant.

VILE PARLE

Mrs. Piroj Thakur, Miss Vimal Kirtikar, Miss Ratan Aras, Miss Kamal Kothare and Mrs. Yamunabai Pai

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Dec. 6.

The following are the maximum minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Min.	Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st Nov.	Difference to Normal
Agra	76	39	—	—	—0.1
Amraoti	79	54	—	—	—0.5
Akola	81	49	—	—	—0.5
Ahmedabad	89	61	—	—	—0.2
Ajmer	79	48	—	—	—0.2
Ahmednagar	82	57	—	—	—0.7
Ambala	76	43	—	—	—0.3
Allahabad	76	44	—	—	—0.3
Benarrs	76	45	—	—	—0.3
Bareilly	78	47	—	—	—0.2
BOMBAY	85	68	—	1.1	+0.7
Bangalore	81	63	—	0.1	—3.0
Bhopal	78	45	—	—	—
Baroda	88	48	—	—	—
Belgaum	82	59	—	0.4	—1.4
Bahawalpore	74	41	—	—	—
Bijapur	84	63	—	0.1	—1.1
Bellary	84	65	—	0.1	—2.2
Bhavnagar	86	58	—	—	—0.1
Chittagong	80	60	—	4.4	+2.4
Calcutta	81	56	—	0.1	—0.6
Cuttack	82	56	—	0.1	—1.5
Cawnpore	77	46	—	—	—0.5
Calicut	88	73	—	1.4	—4.2
Colombo	85	73	—	4.0	—9.4
Cheerapunji	62	50	—	3.7	+0.5
Cocanada	78	72	—	10.0	+4.3
Cochin	86	75	—	6.3	—0.8
Dehra Dun	72	47	—	0.1	—0.4
Delhi	78	39	—	—	—0.1
Dehra I. Khan	72	40	—	—	—0.2
Darjeeling	56	40	—	0.1	—0.7
Desa	86	55	—	—	—0.1
Dalhousie				0.1	—1.1
Fort Sandeman	61	35	—	—	—0.3
Gorakhpur	78	50	—	—	—0.2
Hyderabad (Dn.)	83	58	—	—	—1.1
Hyderabad (Sd.)	79	57	—	—	—0.1
Indore	78	44	—	—	—0.4
Jhansi	77	42	—	—	—0.2
Jubbulpore	81	42	—	—	—0.6
Jacobabad	79	41	—	—	—0.1
Jaipur	79	49	—	—	—0.1
Karwar	90	67	—	1.8	—0.1
Karachi	83	63	—	—	—
Kodaikanal	65	48	—	2.8	—1.8
Khandwa	84	46	—	—	—0.5
Lucknow	77	46	—	—	—0.2
Ludhiana	77	41	—	—	—0.2
Lahore	74	41	—	—	—0.1
Lyallpur	74	42	—	—	—0.2
Multan	73	39	—	—	—0.1
Mysore	83	64	—	0.4	—2.3
Madras	83	72	2.0	2.2	—13.5
Marmagoa	86	71	—	1.0	—
Malegaon	83	51	—	0.1	—0.5
Mussoorie	56	41	—	0.3	+0.2
Mahableshwar	75	57	—	1.3	—0.3
Murree	58	38	—	0.1	—0.8
Mount Abu	70	54	—	—	—0.2
Masulipatam	81	73	—	0.4	—5.6
Mandalay	81	61	—	4.0	+1.9
Mangalore	90	73	—	2.1	—1.2
Meerut				—	—0.2
Mercara	74	59	—	1.2	—2.2
Nagpur	80	49	—	—	—0.7
Ootacamund	67	44	—	1.0	—5.4
Patna	77	51	—	—	—0.3
Peshawar	69	44	—	0.1	—0.3
Poona	84	56	—	0.1	—0.9
Pachmarhi	71	40	—	0.1	—0.7
Port Blair	82	75	—	14.0	+2.2
Quetta	54	28	—	0.3	—
Ranchi	75	49	—	0.2	—0.2
Rawalpindi	74	39	—	—	—0.3
Rangoon	91	72	—	9.9	+7.1
Ratnagiri	89	68	—	2.9	+2.0
Rajkot	90	59	—	—	—0.2
Sialkot	76	39	—	—	—0.2
Srinagar	61	32	—	—	—0.8
Sholapur	85	59	—	—	—1.1
Shillong	64	40	—	4.1	+2.5
Simla	57	41	—	0.7	—
Surat	89	60	—	—	—0.2
Salem	91	73	—	—	—3.9
Trichinopoly	89	74	—	0.6	+5.5
Trivandrum	88	75	—	3.9	—3.4
Vizagapatam	78	70	—	12.1	+8.0

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Dec. 6.

The western disturbance passing away eastwards after causing scattered light showers in the extreme north. Fog is also reported in some stations in North India. A through of low pressure to the South-East of Ceylon caused local rain in South-East Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Madras two inches; Pamban three quarters; Negapatam half.

Forecast until evening of the seventh:—Rainfall will occur locally in south of the Peninsula. A few light falls are also likely in western Himalayas.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 6-12-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.040 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 66.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 84.9 degrees 2.1 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 68.0 degrees 1.1 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 74 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 104 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 11 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 6-12-38.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76·2deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.95 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

"Peace, Freedom And Democracy"

Pandit Jawaharlal Asks Students To Be Loyal To These Ideals

LUCKNOW, Dec. 6.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in a message to the special number of the World Students' Association Journal which is published from Paris, says:—

"Students of to-day will have to shoulder the burden of the world that will emerge of the present international chaos.

"Will that world be one where freedom and democracy flourish and there is opportunity for human betterment and progress or will it be a slave world crushed and exploited by dominating Fascism and Imperialism?

"The answer to the questionnaire will have to be given by all of us and no one can be more interested in that answer than those on whom this burden of the world will fall to-morrow. Whether it is war or peace, the call will go to them.

PEACE, FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY

"It is right, therefore, that they should face these problems from to-day and throw their weight on the side of peace, freedom and democracy. These three go together, for there is or can be no peace except on the basis of freedom. Imperialism and Fascism are continuing violation of peace and so long they endure, we shall live on the verge of war or be immersed in the horror of war itself.

"We have arrived at a stage when there is war between freedom and democracy on one side and Fascism and Imperialism on the other. Each one of us has to choose. Faced with this choice the British and French Governments with their imperialist backgrounds and tradition and their desire to protect the vested interests of those who profit by imperialistic exploitation inevitably lined themselves with Fascism. That process of siding with Fascism continues, will continue so long the British and French people do not decide to shed their Imperialism. By liquidating Imperialism they will be able to face and overcome Fascism. Instead of hostile colonial domain they will have friendly countries co-operating in advance of democracy and freedom.

"I trust that the World Students' Association will not hesitate in this hour of crisis to line itself unhesitatingly on the side of freedom and progressive forces. To hesitate now is to prove oneself unworthy of the task that has been allotted to this and the coming generations." — United Press.

DESTRUCTION OF CROPS IN GHODASGAON

Licences For Shooting Wild Animals To Be Granted

Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The following measures have been sanctioned to prevent the destruction of crops in the forest area of Ghodasgaon, East Khandesh District.

Nineteen persons selected by the villagers concerned will be allowed to shoot and to snare wild animals on free licences in the reserved forest areas of Ghodasgaon.

Their names will be registered by the Range Forest Officer, Edlabad, and they will be allowed to exercise the privilege in the belt of forest area extending for one mile from the right bank of the Purna river. This concession will however, extend only for the period of the year when there are crops requiring protection; that is to say from July to the end of February. The free licencees will be accompanied whether singly or in parties by a forest officer deputed by the Divisional Forest Officer or Range Forest Officer for the purpose of supervision of the shooting and collection of valuable hides and skins which will be the property of Government. The officer so detailed will always be available at Ghodasgaon, ready to accompany the villagers at their convenience at any time.

Traps, gins and snares, if set to catch wild animals must be set and visited under the supervision of the officer of the Forest Department who will be responsible for the immediate slaughter of any animal found suffering and alive, and also for the collection of the skins etc.

The Range Forest Officer at Edlabad, will collect all hides and skins of spotted deer and Sambhar, and attend to their immediate curing with a view to auctioning them under the authority of the Divisional Forest Officer, for crediting of all proceeds of the produce to Government as usual. The sales proceeds of the venision of the deer will also be credited to Government, while the produce of the pigs and nilgai will be given free to the mahars and bhils in the locality.

The BROADWAY
KINGSWAY:————:DADAR
THREE DAYS MORE!
AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
A TRUE TREMENDOUS STORY!
"SLAVE SHIP"
When a PERFECT SPECIMEN meets a PERFECT Nuisance, it's PERFECT Entertainment!
ERROL FLYNN
"THE PERFECT SPECIMEN"
with JOAN BLONDELL
.....Free Lessons in Love! He gets them! JOAN Gives them! YOU'LL LOVE THEM!
SAT. NEXT:
BROADWAY

LAST WEEK
Only 3 Days more
PRAKASH PICTURE.
POORNIMA
Don't miss it
SEE TO-NIGHT
At
KRISHNA
Talkies Dubash Theatre
Daily 5-15; 8 & 10-30 p. m.

WELLINGTON
Daily: 3-30; 6-30; 10 p. m.
DEANNA DURBIN WEEK!
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY
DEANNA DURBIN
in
"100 MEN AND A GIRL"
ON FRIDAY
DEANNA DURBIN
in
"THREE SMART GIRLS"
Plans open 'Phone 22666

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO

PAULINE MOORE CHANGED HER NAME FROM LOVE TO MOORE WHEN SHE WENT INTO FILMS.... SHE THOUGHT HER REAL NAME TOO THEATRICAL.
THE LOCATION HARDEST TO FIND IS A COUNTRY ROAD WITH NO TELEPHONE POLES.
ALMOST ANY LOCATION IN THE WORLD CAN BE DUPLICATED WITHIN A RADIUS OF 300 MILES OF HOLLYWOOD.

From the book of the well-known Humourist Sjt. G. P. SRIVASTAV
steps out, un-wise & overwise but not wise, AMAZING
A National Cinegraph
Laugh - riot
Lal Buzakkad
(Aundhi Khopdy)
Commencing 10th December
KRISHNA TALKIES
(Dubash Theatre)

PATHE

The FINEST Theatre in Bombay
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. 'Ph. 41561
TO-DAY ONLY!

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

TO-MORROW
CLARK GABLE
JEANETTE MACDONALD
in
"SAN FRANCISCO"

FRIDAY
LAUREL & HARDY
in
"OUR RELATIONS"
One of the Funniest Comedies you must see.

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Jane WITHERS in RASCALS
A 20th Century-Fox Picture with
ROCHELLE HUDSON · ROBERT WILCOX
BORRAH MINEVITCH AND HIS GANG

OH, WHAT A LAUGH!

Mrs. ANNAPURNABAI DESHMUKH, M.L.A.,
Has kindly consented to PRESIDE
at TO-DAY'S 'ZENANA'
and 8 p.m. SHOWS
MEENAKSHEE
The heroine in "Brahmachari"
WILL ADDRESS
The Audience of To-day's 'Zenana' Show and she will be Awarded
GOLD MEDAL
at To-day's 8 p.m. Show on behalf of her fans.
'Royal' Jewel: Huns' Picture in Marathi
'BRAMHACHARI'

ब्रम्हचारी
(The "Bachelor")
Director-Hero: VINAYAK.
HOUSE FULL
14th Non-Stop WEEK
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC
CINEMA ::: GIRGAUM
TO-DAY AT 1-30 P.M.
"ZENANA" SHOW
Rates: Rs. 2-4, 1-8, 1-2.
Annas 14, 9, 4.
NOTE:—Higher class seats can be booked in advance at the Majestic from 9 a.m. to-day.

METRO
TELEPHONE 31045
Daily at 3, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
LAST 2 DAYS!

FRIDAY:—
SHIRLEY TEMPLE
AT HER HAPPIEST
and BEST in
"LITTLE MISS BROADWAY"
A 20th Century Fox Picture

REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

EROS INDIA'S FINEST THEATRE WHERE PICTURES DO THE TALKING
Theatre Manager: E. H. Du CASSE.
BOMBAY PREMIERE THURSDAY, DEC. 8 AT 10 P. M.
THE GREATEST AND MOST MONUMENTAL PICTURE EVER PRODUCED BY A FILM STUDIO
"SIXTY GLORIOUS YEARS"
AN RKO RADIO WORLD RELEASE IN TECHNI-COLOR
Starring:
ANNA NEAGLE, ANTON WALBROOK, C. AUBREY SMITH and a Cast of Thousands
Plans Open. ..... Book Your Seats Right Now.
'Phone: 22519.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magar Sud 15, 1995
Muslim: Shawal 14, 1357
Parsi: Tir 3, 1308
Hightide: 11-21
Lowtide: 5-41, 17-34
Sunrise: 6h. 59m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.
Textile Wages Enquiry Committee. Public Examination of Witnesses. Town Hall, 11 a.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN
Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS
A Question and Answer meeting will be held on Wednesday evening at 6-15 at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome and all are cordially invited.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY
The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of November was 1553 of whom 734 were males and 819 females.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Slave Ship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Rascals". Daily at 4, 6-29 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"My Son". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Marcus Show". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Flash Gordon's Trip to Mars". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EROS—"The Mad Miss Manton". To day only at 3-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Postman". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Poornima". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
METRO—"Marie Antoinette". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Street Singer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Strange Boarders". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman Against Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Valley of the Giants". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Adhikar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Double Cross". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Mad About Music". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SEVA SADAN SOCIETY
The annual prize distribution of the Seva Sadan Society will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. at the Malabari Memorial Hall, Gamdevi. Mr. Sitaram Patkar will preside and Mrs. Patkar will give away the prizes.

ST. XAVIERS COLLEGE SPORTS
The annual sports of the St. Xaviers College will be held to-day (Wednesday) at the College Gymkhana, Parel, at 3 p.m. Mr. Leo F. Rodrigues will preside and Mrs Rodrigues will give away the prizes.

AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE
Captain J. Oliver-Bellasis, Miss Roche and Miss Stewart Gratton arrived at Government House on Tuesday. Sir Ness Wadia, Lt: Colonel S. L. Bhatia and the Revd: Dr. John and Mrs. McKenzie lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

50 KILOMETRE WALK
The Bombay Presidency Olympic Association are organizing a 50 kilometre Walk on Sunday the 11th inst. Entries close on Thursday (8th inst.) Competitors are to report themselves for medical examination on Saturday (10th inst.) between 2 and 3 p.m. in the B.P.O.A. Office, Lalgir Chamber, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

POSTAL NOTICE
Regd. and unregd. Correspondence other than letters and postcards for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and all Correspondence for Colombo, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. "Carthage" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 8th instant.

GRAIN MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION FREE DISPENSARY
The total number of patients who took advantage of the above dispensary during the month of November was 1568 out of which 690 males, 389 females and 429 children were new patients, and 2330 males, 1496 females and 1320 children were old ones. The daily average attendance was 220.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL KAMGAR SANGH
A general meeting of the Municipal Kamgar Sangh, Bombay shall be held to-day (Wednesday), at 9 p.m. in the R. M. Bhat High School Assembly Hall for electing the delegates to the Electoral College as required by the Municipal Act of 1888.

MAJLIS-E-ITTEHAD
An urgent meeting of the Managing Committee of the Majlis-e-Ittehad, Bombay, will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 9 p.m. at 62, Rishi Bhavan, 2nd floor, Lamington Road, opposite Agripada Police Station, when some important issues will come up for discussion.

MAHARASHTRIYA ARYA SAMAJ
At a meeting held on Sunday 4th Dec. 1938, the "Hyderabad Hindu Relief Committee" was appointed, under the presidentship of Mr. D.H. Ghagre Master. All those who desire to enroll their names for membership will please write to the secretary, Arya Samaj, Lower Parel. The day for the next meeting will be announced on Thursday 8th inst.

A. I. H. M. CONFERENCE
Dr. P. Rai, K. Baxi of Matunga and Dr. Ishwarlal K. Vaidya of Navsari have been elected the Chairman and General Secretary of the Reception Committee, respectively, in connection with the forthcoming 7th annual session of the All-India Homoeopathic Medical Conference to be held at Navsari on December 31 and January, 1, 1939.

THANA DIST. JUNIOR CRICKET CUP MATCH
The Thana Dist Cup Match was played on the grounds of the S.P.H. High School between the Bordi High School Junior team and the N. M. Wadia High School Nargol on Saturday last. The Bordi High School team won the match by 9 wickets and one run. Ayub Mamsa was deadly with the leather and Master B. N. Chitre helped him much. Master S. V. Tipnis played a forceful game. This is the fifth year of the Bordi High School to win the match and to retain the cup for the last five years.

"I Am Proud Of My Boys"

Wazir Ali Praises Muslims' Team-Spirit

Syed Wazir Ali, who led the Muslims to victory in the Pentangular cricket tournament left Bombay by the Peshawar Lucknow Express on Tuesday night.

Interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle" at the Victoria Terminus, Wazir Ali said, "I feel overjoyed at the success of the Muslims against the Hindus in the Pentangular finals. I am proud of my boys, who, I must say, were just like the members of the same family on and off the field."

Wazir Ali continued, "Team spirit is essential for the success of a team and I am glad that all my players co-operated with me most willingly. I must here thank the Islam Gymkhana Committee for having given me the opportunity of leading the team to success. Every player gave his loyal and wholehearted support to me and we owe this victory chiefly to our splendid team work. It is therefore no wonder our solidarity carried the day."

MUNICIPAL JURISDICTION CHALLENGED

Not Entitled To Levy Tax On Goods Carried In Lorries?

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHIWANDI, Dec. 6.

An issue of considerable importance to the local mercantile community will soon come up for decision at the hands of the Bhiwandi Sub-Judge's Court, as a result of a suit for declaration filed recently in that court by Jetha Kanji Thakkar, a merchant, against the Bhiwandi Nizampur Municipality praying for a declaration that the defendant Municipality is not entitled to levy a tax on goods conveyed in motor-lorries plying under the Motor Vehicles Act.

Chhota Kabrastan

Mr. H. A. Nadvi writes:—
I shall be highly obliged if you will kindly correct the last para of the report published in your Monday's issue regarding the meeting of the Khilafat workers held at Chota Kabrastan on Sunday night.

In the second resolution the Khilafatists resolved to make the Khilafat Committee a living factor and complete the life mission of the Ali Brothers which was the complete Independence of India, and freedom of Islamic countries and re-establish the Khilafat Flag flying high and appealed to the Muslims to rally under the Red Flag and help the Khilafatists in their struggle for freedom.

"INDIAN HOME" BOARD MEETING
The "Indian Home" Advisory Board comprising Mr. Syed Abdulla Brelvi, Mrs. H. Rustomji Faridoonji, Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, Mr. S. C. Majumdar, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Mr. R. K. Prabhu, Mrs. Hannah Sen, Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, and Madame Sophia Wadia, will meet on Thursday, the 15th instant at 5 p.m. at Cricket Club of India, Brabourne Stadium, Churchgate, Bombay, to consider several important matters in connection with the publication.

SANTA CRUZ CONGRESS
The complete list of Congress Members enrolled in Santa Cruz before the 31st October 1938, will remain open for inspection to the Congress Members at Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, for a fortnight, from Monday 5th December to Sunday 18th December Time: 7-30 to 10 a.m. and 4 to 7 p.m (on Wednesdays the office is closed in the afternoons). In case of any changes or corrections to be made, the Members are requested to submit written applications to the Secretary, Santa Cruz Congress Committee.

GITA DAY CELEBRATION IN MALAD
(From Our Correspondent)
VILE PARLE, Monday.

All over India, Hindus observe the eleventh day of the month of "Kartik" as Gita Javanti and at Malad, Pandit Vaijnath Shastry, was specially invited to give a discourse on "Gita" Gita Class is regularly being conducted in Malad for the last many years and religious-minded public of the Suburb have greatly benefited by it.

HINDU ELECTION BOARD
With the view of safeguarding the political interests of the orthodox Hindus, a meeting of leading Sanatanists was held at Kandevadi at the residence of Sheth Lachhiram Chudiwala on the 3rd inst., under the chairmanship of Pandit Ramapati Mishra.

It was decided to contest the seats in the Bombay Municipal Corporation during the ensuing election. A committee was formed for managing the affairs of the party and an Election Board was constituted. The Committee will inaugurate its election campaign next week and appeal for support to the Hindus generally. It was also resolved at the meeting that persons desirous of standing as candidates for the ensuing election with support of the above body should communicate with Mr. Manubhai C. Pandya Solicitor, at his office at Dalal Street, Fort.

SHOLAPUR:—Mr. M. S. Aney, member of the Central Legislative Assembly has been elected President of the coming session of the All-India Aryan Congress which will be held at Sholapur on December 25, 26 and 27.—United Press.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

On Sunday last, the third round of the Bombay East Indian Associations, open all Catholic Tournament was played between the Young Men's Parish Association, Sahar, and the Kantwadi Scheme XI, at Danda Green, Bandra. The game proved a very interesting one and some good cricket of a standard very rarely witnessed in the suburbs was played. The two teams struggled hard and put up a tough fight and as one team must somehow win, the game finally ended in favour of the Sahar team by a small margin of 4 runs.

The Y.M.P.A. winning the toss elected to bat, but met with disaster throughout their inning and were only able to compile 58 runs, A. S. Cabral, being the highest scorer by 20. To this small score the Kantwadi Scheme XI replied with 76. E. Pereira contributing 21 runs. F. X. Santos of the Y.M.P.A. capturing all the 10 wickets for 37 runs, which decidedly was a brilliant feat.

In their second venture the Y.M.P.A. played a hasty inning and scored 101 runs for 9 wickets, putting the Kantwadi Scheme XI to bat with an hour and half before closing time. Good bowling and steady fielding was responsible in getting the whole side out for 88 runs, thus narrowly winning the match by 4 runs. For the Kantwadi Scheme, A. C. Pereira, put up 40 runs in their second inning.

MAHIM FAIR DRAWS CROWDS.

On Monday started the most popular fair which is looked forward to by the Suburbanites. The Mahim Fair is held annually in memorial celebration of a Muslim Saint who is a patron of a Mosque built in Mahim. The opening day of this fair saw a record gathering of Muslims, and people of other castes who towards evening made the whole area look like a sea of moving heads.

The fair is a typical Indian mela full of toyshops and delicious eatables. It occupies a distance of about a mile and Cadell Road from its junction with Lady Jamshedji Road is closed to vehicular traffic from Monday last to December 16.

With the heavy traffic noticed during the evenings, a note to the Bandra Police I am sure will not go unheeded. The Mahim Causeway or the Bottleneck to the suburbs which has recorded a large number of accidents owing to its narrowness, of which I have commented on many occasions, must be guarded by police during this fair and, with the stream of pedestrians going over this bottleneck, cars must be controlled from overtaking or fast driving. A squad of Police stationed on the Causeway would serve the purpose.

FISHERFOLK'S DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE.

On Sunday last the Chimbai Fisherfolk's Sports and Dramatic Union, Bandra, held their seventh annual variety entertainment in St. Andrew's Church compound, Bandra. Mr. Jos. Alex Dias, J.P. presided. The entertainment was of a variety of items, consisting of English and Marathi songs and duets, with a specially composed Marathi farce entitled "Parkhun Navre Kara" (study the boy before you get him married to your daughter) This farce beside proving quite entertaining has a noteworthy moral which must have gone home with several old people who have daughters to give for marriage. This years gathering to witness the performance was considerably large and the Union deserves praise for its creditable performance.

Taxi-Drivers' Co-operative Society

The Bombay Taxi-Drivers' Co-operative Consumers' Society was inaugurated at a general body meeting of the B.T.D. Union held on Tuesday afternoon at the Jinnah Hall.

Sirdar Kundan Singh was elected the Chairman of the Society.

The Society was brought into existence by the Petrol Fund collected from members at the rate of a pice per gallon, and each member of the union possesses a share in it now.

The organisation will act as a co-operative centre for members and will supply them uniforms, Petrol Tyre-tubes and other motor accessories.

The following persons were elected as members of the Managing Committee of the (proposed) Bombay Taxi Drivers' Co-operative Consumers' Society.

1. S. H. Jhabvala, 2. Liakat Husein, 3. Bhagvansingh Beersingh, 4. P. Castelino, 5. Sohanlal Tuma, 6 V. C. Mendon, 7. Shivbalak Bachoo, 8. Md. Zakaria Khan.

The following persons were appointed as members of the Control Committee.

1. Ramsingh, 2 Thomas Pinto, 3. Bhagvansingh Harisingh. 4. Ramsingh Lalsingh.

The above Committee was empowered to arrange with companies to transact business at rates profitable to the Society.

The following resolution was then adopted.

'This meetihg of the Bombay Taxi Drivers' Union requests the Commissioner of Police to extend the period for purchasing new Taxi meters from 31st December, 1938 to March 31st, 1939, as

(a) suitable meters are not available in the market;

(b) owing to the heavy expenditure of passing, the taxi drivers have no money to purchase new meters, and

(c) some taxi drivers who have been warned not to ply beyond March 31st, would be put to unnecessary expense by purchasing new meters for 3 months only."

Fatal Accident In Match Factory

(From Our Correspondent).
KALYAN, Dec. 6.

A labourer, Tunayya, aged 35 from the Ambarnath Match Factory is understood to have met with a fatal accident yesterday. The deceased, who was working in the "Peeling" Department is said to have succumbed to a severe blow of a wooden pole on his chest.

FOR MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Mr. D. Cowasji announces his candidature to the next municipal elections from G Ward, No. 19 division. Chinchpokli Love Grove section.

Mr. P. D. Shamdasani announces his candidature from Girgaum Ward, Chowpatty Section.

POOR PEOPLE'S PARTY

Under the auspices of the Poor People's Party a public meeting will be held at "Bavan Chawls" near Kalachowki to-day (Wednesday), at 8-30 p.m. Mr. S. V. Parulekar, M.L.A., Mr. Mohamed Bakshi and others will address the meeting.

BOMBAY AYURVEDIC, HOMOEOPATHIC, UNANI MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the above Association will be held on Thursday at 9 p. m. at the residence of Dr. B. L. Shah when the question regarding securing Municipal Corporation for advancing Ayurvedic science will be discussed.

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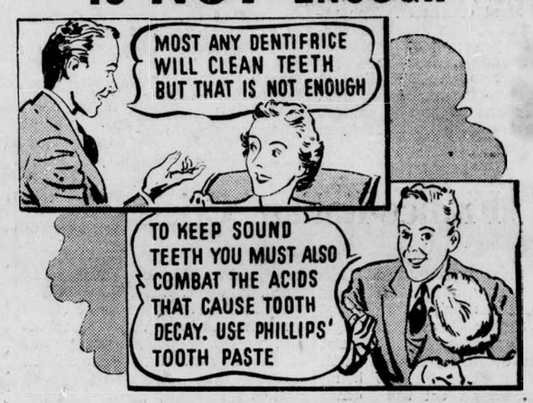
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1938

POLICE ADMINISTRATION

The annual Police Administration Report of the province of Bombay for the year 1937 is the first report of the department working under the news regime and it does not yet indicate fully the influence of the suddenly changed conditions. So far as the figures of reported crime are concerned, they reveal a worse position in the year under review then it was in the previous year. The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable offences reported during the year was 152,815 against 142,925 in 1936, a net increase of nearly 10,000 cases. But carefully examined, the position does not seem to be so bad as the figures indicate. In the first place, the registration of crime by the police under the new conditions is stated to have been in several places stricter than it was before. Secondly, scarcity and bad crops account for the increase of crime in Panch Mahals, Ahmedabad and Dharwar Districts. But perhaps the most important cause that has somewhat inflated the figures of crime in the year under review is as the report itself points out, that "under the changed conditions people have lost much of their hesitation in approaching the police," and "the police, on their part, have been more responsive to public opinion and have been ready to register complaints even when of a very trivial kind." If these causes fully account for the increased crime figures in the report, the next annual report may be reasonably expected to show a definite improvement, particularly in the prevention of crime.

Combating Corruption

Apart from the figures of crime, the efficiency of the police and their general vigilance seem to have appreciably improved in the new regime. Sometimes their efficiency has been subjected to a severe strain by the necessarily growing disposition of the people to assert their rights. But speaking generally, they have stood the strain well. One of the main causes that undermines the efficiency of the police is corruption, which has long been of a more or less organised character. The report admits the existence of corruption but says: "A sincere effort has been made during the year under report to give full effect to the policy of Government in respect of corruption and to enquire into and eradicate malpractices. In particular strict orders have been issued to discourage the white-washing of wrong-doers." As regards the success of these efforts, the report states: "Reform in a matter of this kind must be gradual if it is to be permanent. The stamping out of corruption for which the public as much as the Services are to blame, amounts to nothing less than a social revolution and cannot be accomplished at a moment's notice." It is wrong to say that the public are as much responsible for corruption as the Service concerned, and the evil can be substantially eliminated in less than a year if the higher officers make strenuous efforts to stamp it out with the co-operation of the public, which will always be available so long as the attempts are earnest.

Wanted Complete Indianisation

One of the best means of improving the efficiency of the police force is, naturaly, to improve its personnel from top to bottom. It is gratifying to note that at present all the officers, about 700 in number, are literate, though in 1936 about 50 of them were illiterate. But so far as the common policemen are concerned, out of the total strength of 17,321 men only 13,344 are literate. It is necessary that all policemen should be at least literate. Else it is extremely difficult for them to come up to the requisite standard of efficiency and usefulness to the public. It seems that in the past education on the part of the policemen was regarded by the officers as a handicap to efficiency. The report says that there is still "a ban on the recruitment of matriculates and men of higher education" in the police force. The fact seems to be that when many officers were themselves illiterate they disliked the idea of their subordinates having any education. It is a relief to know that things are changing, that all officers are now at least literate and that they are in favour of the removal of the ban on educated men. Not only should the police officers be all educated but they should, one and all, be Indians. At present the Inspector General of Police and almost all the Deputy Inspectors are Europeans. Almost all of them, if not all, must be Indians. They can ensure far better co-operation from the public and, therefore, far greater efficiency than non-Indians can.

Franco-Italian Crisis

The Franco-Italian tension has reached a new and interesting stage. On the one hand Italy, through Signor Gayda, is vociferously determined to persist with her demands, France with rare and welcome courage being equally adamant. On the other hand, Britai has intervened through her Ambassador in Rome in reply to which Signor Mussolini's other mouthpiece, Count Ciano, has dissociated the Italian Government from the demonstration. The distinction is, in theory, subtle. But actually it is so blatantly meaningless that even a Chamberlain ought not to have accepted them, officially or unofficially. The British Government, however, have, in their representation to the Italian Government, made a very important and necessary point arising out of the Anglo-Italian agreement. Under that agreement both Parties specifically guaranteed the "status quo" in the Mediterranean. Any activity of Italy calculated to cause trouble in respect of Tunis and Corsica would amount first to an aggression against France and, secondly, to a positive defiance of the Anglo-Italian Agreement. It remains to be seen whether Mr. Chamberlain stands firm by his obligations to France and to his own "achievement."

Absurd Resolution

Mr. Jinnah and the leaders of the Muslim League believe that the panacea for all their ills and the refuge from all their awkward difficulties is—abusing the Congress. Otherwise it is difficult to understand the ridiculous and foolish resolution passed by the Council of the League on the subject of States people. The resolution alleges that the main objective of the Congress "in championing the cause of the States' people is only to secure the establishment in the Indian States an elective system enabling their representatives to be returned to the Federal Legislature, irrespective of anything else, in the hope that it might get a majority in the Federal Legislature." Is it the case of the Muslim League that the Congress must not interest itself in the States' people's right because Responsible Government in the States would involve—in case Federation is imposed upon India—their representation in the Federal Legislature through popular pro-Congress representatives? And what exactly do Mr. Jinnah and his council mean by "any thing else"? A revelation of their minds, on this subject, would be very interesting and instructive.

For Charity

By D. F. Karaka

Eight months of hard work; rehearsal following on rehearsal; feverish excitement; struggle and disappointments; and then one final burst of colour—such as we saw at the Eros Theatre last Monday evening, when the Bombay Women's Club organised for charity a show which, I might say, was without parallel in the history of our little town.

I cannot claim to have seen the finished product of "Pushpa-Anjali," because I saw it only from the wings, midst the smell of paint and dust and the sweat of stage hands, who were standing by. Mine is, therefore, not a spectator's review. It is rather the impression of one who saw the conditions under which this show was produced and presented to the public and who admires all the more this effort of a group of young people, who live in our midst, and who have done something to alleviate some of the suffering of this world.

From the dress rehearsals and from the final show, as seen from the sides, I know that it was an orgy of colour and that the decor was quite in a class by itself. The credit of this goes to a young idealist, Karl Khandalavala, one of the very few people in this country, who is making an attempt to understand and interpret Indian art and culture such as is to be found in the rocks and stones and frescoes that have survived the age in which they were created.

As a work of art, therefore, "Pushpa-Anjali" can be regarded as a very creditable performance. It was divided into three main parts. The first was the interpretation of the story of Sundramurti Swami, the young man who was claimed by Shiva on his wedding day and raised to the status of a saint. The second part of the programme consisted of scenes and dances from the life of Krishna and the third was the Nala-Damayanti Ballet.

* * * *

But all these are unimportant details. The predominant impression made on the mind of the spectator was that here were gathered some of the beautiful episodes of Indian history and culture and they were presented to a very appreciative audience by means of colour and music and dancing. It was the whole effect that was so stimulating to tired minds—minds that had spent the best part of many days wondering whether the l.b.w. of C. K. Nayudu was correct or not, whether Tata Deferreds would rise another 50 points—all grim and sordid things this world is made of.

"Pushpa-Anjali" was the cleansing of the soul. It achieved that great purpose of art in that it gave that aesthetic satisfaction which provides the urge to live. It was as if the tap had gently been turned on, and out of it came colour and life and beauty. Nature can have no greater rival.

It was the time when you could sit back in your chair and think of all those moments in your life that you want to remember. It seemed to bring back to you that evening hour when the twilight is just going to break, with some gold beam of the setting sun still flickering on a little grey cloud. Or it seemed to bring back to you some little moment, which you had almost forgotten, but which you knew was wrapped up with your past.

What you got out of a show like this was your own affair. It was something so impersonal that only you could set your own value to it. It was or was not a success according to what it meant to you. It was or was not beautiful according to your conception of beauty. It was to that extent an intensely personal thing. The pleasure you got out of it was of your creation.

There were a very few people who left it early. It is one thing to be able to pay ten rupees for charity, quite another to appreciate art and beauty. Usually the ones who can afford one luxury are denied the other. The people who left were only a handful and one would have thought that these were not important as they were a negligible quantity compared to the thousand odd who stayed and cheered and loved every moment of it. But they are important in that they express the reaction of those, who may have all the money in this world and yet will never live life to the full, for something in them is

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 6).

WHITHER BRITAIN?

Chinese Ex-Foreign Minister's Open Letter To Chamberlain

HONGKONG, (By Air Mail). Nov. 18.

The following open letter to Mr. Neville Chamberlain, British Prime Minister, has been written by Mr. Eugene Chen, former Chinese Foreign Minister, who considers British peace policy in relation to China under invasion and Soviet foreign policy:

Sir:—Nazi 'planes, Fascist submarines, Japanese battleships confront you. Germany, Italy and Japan separately but, in reality, jointly demand British non-interference with (a) the prosecution of Nazi high policy, as defined in Herr Hitler's book "Mein Kampf," in Central and Eastern Europe, (b) Fascist development of Italian domination in the Mediterranean basin, and (c) Japanese hegemony in the Far East and in the Pacific based on the conquest of China, to be followed by the expulsion of American naval power from the Pacific and Japanese colonisation of Australasia.

Trinity Of Aggressors

As a realist, you know that Britain alone or with France, is not strong enough to resist this unholy Trinity of Aggressors. I say "Trinity," because the Anti-Comintern Pacts have joined the three Aggressor-Powers into a common leadership in the direction and conduct of the visible and invisible wars waged by them in Europe, in Northern Africa, in the Near and the Far East.

Consciousness of British weakness led you to Berchtesgaden, Godesberg, Munich. You deprecated, in your Guildhall speech, the idea that the result of Munich "was a victory for one side or another". Unhappily, there was a real victory for one side. Because Herr Hitler knew that you knew that Britain and France, without Soviet Russia, could not immediately master a Nazi onslaught on the Czech State and also "knew that you were resolved not to invite Soviet Russia to your side' the ruler of the greatest Empire known in secular history submitted to Nazi determination and intimidation.

A Disclosure By Lloyd George

As your attitude towards Soviet Russia has a vital bearing on the fate of China, I permit myself to set it against the background disclosed in the Memoirs of Mr. Lloyd George and the Minutes of the British War Cabinet at the beginning of 1918. In that grave hour of the Great War, it is revealed that British Ambassadors and Ministers were apparently prepared to risk the loss of the war rather than have anything to do with the Bolsheviks. Sir George Buchanan, then British Ambassador to Russia, actually reported that "he would sooner see a rupture" with the Bolsheviks than risk the spread of anti-capitalist propaganda whilst admitting that "it was clear that the Germans would like to see a rupture between us and the Bolsheviks."

On 22nd January 1918—a few weeks before Ludendorff defeated the British Fifth Army Corps and nearly broke through the Western Front—Mr. Balfour "solemnly explained to the War Cabinet" that the Bolsheviks were more likely than any other party in Russia to prevent the Germans from disengaging themselves altogether on the Eastern Front and securing vital supplies out of Russia but that co-operation with the Bolsheviks would be unwise on account of their intention to make propaganda in Britain "and also in Germany."

One seems to detect the voice of the old Roman, imploring his friend to save his property no matter what happened to the Republic!

Commenting on this lamentable disclosure, an English writer was moved to remark, on 14th September last, that "treachery for the sake of social and class prejudices could scarcely have been more vividly admitted. And if that was the attitude of such people in the very midst of a life and death struggle there is really nothing surprising that it should be their attitude to-day."

Munich And Soviet Russia

Be this as it may, it is a fact that Soviet Russia was ignored throughout the late crisis in Europe. You have explained that this was a necessity because Herr Hitler would not have talked with you and Monsieur Daladier if Soviet Russia in the person, for instance, of Mr. Litvinoff had been at your side. This is true. Herr Hitler knew that he could not have dictated the page of history written at Munich if Anglo-French warpower had been reinforced by Soviet war-power. The latter is a reality recognized by the German High Command. The Soviet "purges" have strengthened not weakened the great giant that stands armed and watches sleeplessly in the East. Soviet leadership has been no more weakened by its "purges" than Nazi leadership has been by its own party and military "purges" in 1934 and 1937.

You want peace. As a trained business man, you desire it because trade can only thrive in a state of peace. Since the Czech question menaced peace in Europe, it became a vital British interest to solve it peacefully. A peaceful solution was possible in one or two ways: submit to Herr Hitler and dismember the Czech State or Russia at the side of Britain, and France. You preferred not to have Soviet Russia at your side. But your choice involved something graver than the dismemberment

(Continued on Page 13 Col. 2)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

CHAMBERLAIN'S "STATEMANSHIP"

Mr. Chamberlain wants a strong Britain so that "any efforts we make to promote peace are influenced not through fear of war, but through hatred of it." But the tragic paradox is that every effort which he makes is directly conducive to strengthening those Powers whose very instrument of national policy is avowedly war. The slogan of not being drawn into a "conflict of ideologies" between Fascism and Communism has worked through open and calculated betrayal of democracies, almost as a matter of principle, to aggressive Fascism and yet Mr. Chamberlain has the temerity to suggest in the same pronouncement that his purpose is the "preservation of the democratic system"! Mr. Chamberlain's statesmanship which ought to have sought to chain the hounds of war has not only let them roam loose. It has also fed them and is still doing so. Little wonder that Mr. Pirow should have come to the conclusion—which is perfectly true—that "Europe is drifting into war."

OUTRAGEOUS

"Mr. Pirow's partial diagnosis of the European situation is not accepted at its face value by the London Press", says Reuter. As a matter of fact his diagnosis and prognosis are both correct. The remedy that he indirectly suggests is, however, quite wrong. That a war is inevitable is accepted by every one who knows anything of the character and mentality of totalitarian States. In this respect men as wide apart as Mr. Eden and Mr. Pirow are of one mind. But Mr. Pirow's remedy is the abandonment of "a state of mind which is not prepared to make substantial sacrifice for peace." Mr. Pirow is notoriously pro-Nazi and, therefore, his hint is correctly interpreted as addressed to the democracies. That being so, it is nothing less than outrageous. But why has Mr. Pirow blurted out his advice? Is he now a kind of accredited agent of Herr Hitler in the matter of a Colonial deal?

INTRIGUING

It is somewhat intriguing to learn that the Government of India have, of their own accord, decided not to continue the Ottawa Agreement beyond the end of the next Budget session. As Government are hardly likely to have a sudden fit of generosity or justice towards India at the expense of Britain, it seems possible they have devised a fresh "Agreement," as profitable to Britain as the Ottawa Pact, and would seek to impose it on the legislature with the aid of the nominated votes. Our London Correspondent thinks that Government expect to get support from the Muslim group of Mr. Jinnah, so hostile to the Congress. That group may be capable of many things, but surely it will not be a party to injuring Indian trade and industries to spite the Congress and oblige British businessmen. However, we have to wait and and see. After all, it is not an easy job to compel self-respecting Indians to purchase British goods against their will.

AUNDH RULER'S EARNESTNESS

It is pleasing news that the Ruling Chief of Aundh State is going to Wardha to consult Gandhiji on his draft constitution of responsible government in his State. We have pointed out before that the brief outline of the constitution, published in the press a few days ago, was far behind any scheme of real responsible government. But probably it has since been improved. In any case the Ruler's going to Wardha to consult Gandhiji is a proof of his earnestness and in its boldness is perhaps unprecedented. Aundh is one of the smallest States but may never-the-less lead the way to responsible government.

AHMEDABAD WORKERS' EXAMPLE

In his address to the workers of Ahmedabad on the occasion of the 21st anniversary of the local Textile Labour Association Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel paid a deserved tribute to the splendid work done by the Association during the last two decades marked by frequent Labour unrest all over the country. The Sardar pointed out that the Association had to face about 140 Labour disputes all these years and had succeeded in most of them because it scrupulously followed Gandhiji's policy of non-violence and co-operation with the the employers through arbitration and otherwise. In contrast, the Sardar is reported to have said that, in other places, Labour was always defeated. We trust the Sardar is not accurately reported for, in several cases, Labour has succeeded and where Labour was defeated it was not always or necessarily due to a wrong policy followed by workers but for lack of organisation. It will, indeed, be a great gain to Indian Labour if, as the Sardar suggested, workers all over the country emulated the example of the Ahmedabad Association and adopted its policy in the All-India Trade Union Congress. But to succeed in this object it is necessary that a fairly large number of Labour leaders believing in this policy should devote themselves wholeheartedly to the task of explaining and popularising it among workers.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

An ill fixed blind no one can wind.

A diplomat's jawbone is mightier than his sword.

Some men's minds are like a pint of cider in a washtub—broad enough, but not very deep.

Overstudy sometimes makes men mad. An understudy often has a similar effect upon an actress.

A good runner is not one who is constantly running into debt and running away from creditors.

A physician says that raw oysters are unhealthy. Perhaps they are, but no one ever heard of an oyster sending for a doctor.

WITHOUT COMMENT

Earlier the Council unanimously re-elected Mr. M. A. Jinnah President of the Muslim League for the ensuing year.
—Press Report.

* * * *

We read the announcement of the Maharaja of Bikaner presiding over the Benares Hindu University Convocation with delight and lively expectation.

* * * *

Both, however were short lived. We learned later that the address was not to be delivered by His Highness.

The Empire, we fear, has missed a ringing historic pronouncement and Indians a treat.

* * * *

Sardar Vallabhbhai says, apropos of the banning of the Rajkot Praja Mandal that "Nothing has happened since Sir Patrick Cadell met me in Bombay to justify such a declaration."

Why, something extraordinarily grave did happen. Sir Patrick probably realised with a shock of surprise that he, a Strong Man, had shown inexcusable weakness in meeting the Sardar.

He is, therefore, expiating unto himself.

* * * *

Sardar Vallabhbhai urges that Sir Patrick's appointment is illegal.

It may be so. But what has law got to do with the appointment of and administration by, a State Dewan?

Add to it the fact that Sir Patrick Cadell is one of these Empire-builders of whom Britain is—in the interests of India—so justly proud and you must admit that his appointment and his work are both super-legal.

* * * *

"No amount of repression," proceeds the Sardar, "can solve the problem."

It will, however, solve the problem of Sir Patrick's presence as Dewan—in good time.

* * * *

NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR UPROAR IN CHAMBER

Italian Reply To Britain and France!
—Headlines.

Nor is Italy responsible for the Italian uproar in Spain. It's all voluntary activities of free private individuals.

* * * *

Lord Balfour's country home has been offered as home for 200 German Jewish children—"during agricultural training before proceeding to" Lord Balfour's National Home for Jews, i.e., Palestine.

The gesture is quite rightly described as "historic and symbolic."

And it is also symbolic of Britain's characteristic humanitarian charity—at the permanent expense of others.

* * * *

As a valued friend of ours tells us, Earl de La War's latest speech defines the wages of Sin—he means to say, Munich (Heil Chamberlain.)

The process, of course began with the original Fall from the garden of—from Berchtesgaden.

* * * *

Our Italics.

According to the London 'Times' "the best way *to avoid an economic conflict* with Germany is for British industry to be prepared *to fight effectively*, im compelled to do so, to secure fair treatment."

We recall the thundering leading articles of this paper on the subjects of Spain and Czechoslovakia and we pay our wholehearted tribute of admiration to British—What?

* * * *

"Every-where the Municipality had been the door through which women approached public life" —Mrs. Naidu.

The worst of it is that it is now too late to close the Municipalities.

* * * *

A TEATIME THOUGHT

The calmest husbands make the stormiest wives.
—Isaar Disraeli.

* * * *

Pope had a great dislike of kings, but for princes he was not so intolerant. Frederic, Prince of Wales, said to him: 'Mr. Pope, I hear you don't like princes?'

'Sir, I beg your pardon.'

'Well then, you don't like kings?'

'Sir, I must own that I like the lion best before his claws are grown.'

Is Hitler Making Laws For France?

Non-Aryan Ministers Not Invited To Dinner Given To Ribbentrop

"NO-WAR" DECLARATION SIGNED

PARIS, Dec. 6.

Herr Von Ribbentrop and M. Bonnet signed the Franco-German "No-War Declaration," under which

FIRSTLY, THEY AGREE TO DO THEIR UTMOST TO ASSURE THE DEVELOPMENT OF MUTUAL PEACEFUL AND GOOD NEIGHBOURLY RELATIONS.

SECONDLY, AFFIRM THAT NO QUESTION OF A TERRITORIAL NATURE REMAINS TO BE SETTLED BETWEEN FRANCE AND GERMANY.

THIRDLY THEY HAVE RESOLVED TO CONSULT EACH OTHER, WHERE THESE QUESTIONS INVOLVE THE RISK OF LEADING TO INTERNATIONAL DIFFICULTIES.

NON-ARYAN MINISTERS EXCLUDED

"Le Populaire" understands that certain Ministers have not had "the honour" of being invited to dinner at Quai d' Orsay in honour of Herr Von Ribbentrop. Among these are two non-Aryan Cabinet Ministers, namely the Ministers for National Education and the Colonies. The paper asks: "Is Herr Hitler already making laws for France".

TRIPLE AGREEMENT

The text of the Franco-German declaration signed by M. Bonnet and Herr Von Ribbentrop this afternoon states that the respective Governments agreed that

"Firstly, the French and German Governments fully share the conviction that peaceful and good neighbourly relations between France and Germany constitute one of the essential elements of consolidation of the situation in Europe. Both Governments will therefore, do all in their power to assure the development of such relations between their two countries;

Secondly, no question of a territorial nature remains to be settled and they solemnly recognise as definite the frontier between their countries as at present traced as definite;

Thirdly, the two Governments are resolved, subject to their special relations with third Powers, to remain in contact on all questions of interest to the two countries and consult each other in a case, where subsequent evolution of these questions involves the risk of leading to international difficulties.

Trusting in this, the representatives of the two Governments have signed the present declaration, which enters into force immediately."

Ribbentrop Arrives In Paris

Herr Von Ribbentrop arrived at Garedes-Insalides at 11-06 hours G.M.T. The station was heavily guarded outside and inside. The police did not permit crowds to collect. The two routes to the Hotel Crillon, where Herr Von Ribbentrop is staying, were heavily guarded and the people did not know beforehand, which one would be taken.

Two thousand uniformed and plain-clothes police were on duty on the route.

VERY HAPPY TO BE IN FRANCE

Herr Von Ribbentrop and Frau Ribbentrop were greeted at the station by M. Bonnet and Madame Bonnet and the Republican Guards formed a guard of Honour.

Herr Von Ribbentrop told M. Bonnet: "'I am very happy to be in France. I saw France all morning in magnificent sunshine."

VISIT TO PRESIDENT.

After half an hour's visit to President Lebrun at the Elysee Herr Von Ribbentrop lunched with M. Daladier.

Herr Von Ribbentrop was wearing the new German diplomatic uniform, only worn once before on his visit to Rome.

NO ANTI-GERMAN DEMONSTRATIONS.

There were no anti-German demonstrations on his arrival at Paris.

Paris Press Uneasy

"Certainly no agreement exists of which the terms cannot be evaded by subtle diplomacy," this remark made by a writer in "Le Journal," typifies trace of uneasiness discernible in Press comment on Herr Von Ribbentrop's mission.

Newspapers welcome the "No-War Declaration," but comment on Germany's part in the Berlin-Rome Axis and its possible effect on the prevailing Franco-Italian tension in the Mediterranean.

Commenting on to-day's signing of the Franco-German "No-War Declaration," the right wing paper "L'Epoque," says: "A Franco-German detente is evidently irreconcilable with the German-Italian complicity in attempting to dismember our country and our Empire. The value of the signature will be either proved or disproved in the Mediterranean.

BOMBAY'S NEXT SHERIFF

Dr. P. C. Bharucha

It is expected that orders confirming the appointment of Dr. Phiroze C. Bharucha, an eminent physician of Bombay, as Sheriff in succession to Mr. I Rowjee, will be made in a couple of days.

An official communique, in this connection is expected within a week.

It is learnt that there were twelve candidates for the post.

Dr. Bharucha is now an honorary physician in the K. E. M. Hospital.

World Achievement

A River Of Oil

It was in 1934 that the vast undertaking which now brings oil from Iraq to the Mediterranean was completed, King Ghazi turning a tap at Kirkuk, 150 miles north of Bagdad, and by so doing setting a river of oil flowing along 1,100 miles.

One of the outstanding achievements of modern times, the Iraq pipeline carries oil at a speed of 2 1|2 miles an hour (the entire journey across the deserts taking three weeks) from the oil-field at Kirkuk to Haditha on the Euphrates where it divides, one branch crossing Syria to Tripoli, the other crossing the Syrian desert and Palestine to Haifa.

This huge undertaking has cost about £10,000,000, but it conveys 4,000,000 gallons of oil to the oil-tankers.

The laying of the pipeline (each pipe 12 inches wide) was a remarkable engineering feat. All the sections were electrically welded, and the line crosses four of the most famous rivers in the world—the Euphrates, Tigris, Orontes, and Jordan.

The late King Feisal was an enthusiastic supporter of the scheme, and Sir John Cadman was one of the guiding spirits in the undertaking. Here and there are 12 pumping stations driving the oil along the pipes, each like a fortress; and along the whole length are patrols keeping watch on the valuable line—though attacks are often successful.

Like a vast switchback is this colossal line, rising 3,000 ft. above sea-level, sinking 900 feet below sea-level in the valley of the Jordan. But for this river of oil, the immense wells at Kirkuk would be almost useless. With it they spout wealth every minute.

NAZI OUTRAGE IN LITHUANIA

Person Who Refused To Reply To Nazi Salute Killed

KAUNAS, Dec. 6.

A Lithuanian named Jonushys was killed by two Memel Germans, when he refused to reply to their Nazi salute.

Following far-reaching self-Government demands by the German population in Memel and serious situation there, the Lithuanian cabinet has resigned and a new cabinet has been formed.

Father Mironas continues to be the Premier but the Foreign Minister, Dr. Lozoraitis, who was recently the object of attacks by the Memel Germans has been dropped in favour of Urbanys, who was hitherto Secretary-General to the Foreign Ministry.

SECURITY BILLS WITHDRAWN

The Lithuanian Government have withdrawn Security Bills from Parliament in order to avoid complications regarding Memel affairs.—Reuter.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.

New blows against Jews are detailed in a decree published in the official gazette under which the authorities are empowered to dispose of Jewish business house property.

Meanwhile, the agricultural forestry department is empowered to wind up agricultural and forest lands of Jews.

The decree states that in future Jews will not be allowed to acquire real estate rights in real property. Jews owners must place their securities in special banks safes marked belonging to Jews, and must not remove or dispose of securities without the permission of the Minister of Economics.

German Jews are forbidden to acquire, pawn or sell articles of gold, platinum, silver and precious stones on their own account.

In future would-be buyers of such Jewish articles will only be able to acquire them through special Government selling agencies. Persons may appeal against this within a fortnight.—Reuter.

3,000 Jewish Children Leave Vienna

VIENNA, Dec. 6.

Three thousand Jewish children depart on Thursday, a thousand for England and two thousand for Holland.

This is the first result of the negotiations conducted in London by Loewen Herz, President of Vienna's Jewish Community.—Reuter.

APPOINTMENTS BY WAR OFFICE

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The following appointments have been announced by the War Office:—Lt.-Gen. Venning to be Quarter-Master General of forces. Lt.-Gen. Brownrigg to be Director-General of Territorial Army. Lt.-Gen. Haining, G.O.C. Palestine, to be G.O.C.-in-Chief, Western Command. Maj.-Gen. Barker to be G.O.C. Palestine and Transjordan with the rank of Lt.-Gen. Maj.-Gen. Giffard to be Military Secretary to the Secretary of State for War with the rank of Lt.-Gen.—Reuter.

M. C. C. DRAW WITH NATAL

DURBAN, Dec. 6.

The match between M. C. C. and Natal, which began on December 3, was drawn.

Natal 307 and 30 for nil.

M. C. C. 458 (Hutton 108; Edrich 98; Hammond 122; Ames 44; Yardley 10; Bartlett nil. Dalton six for 116.) Hutton and Edrich made 207 for the first wicket.—Reuter.

JUDGMENT IN GANGARAM CASE

Accused Sentenced To 7 Years' R. I.

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 6.

(From Our Correspondent.)

The Sessions Judge delivered judgment in the sensational Gangaram Khanna Case and convicted the accused Bismillakhan to suffer rigorous imprisonment for seven years under Sec. 307 I. P. C. for committing attempt of murder by knife.

Crowds of Muslims gathered before the Court to hear the judgment. Strong bandobust was made by the City Police.

In the month of July 1938, the accused stabbed Gangaram Khanna, Secretary of the Hindu Mission, while he was going to Court to hear Ranbha Case near three gates.

Belgian Cabinet Resigns

BRUSSELS, Dec. 5.

The resignation of the Socialist Ministers in the Belgian Cabinet is foreshadowed, following a resolution of the special Congress of the Belgian Labour Party to-day, rejecting Government's decision to send an agent to General Franco.

Speaking at the Congress before the resolution was passed M. Spaak declared that if the Congress condemned the attitude of Ministers a crisis was inevitable and warned the Congress against a return to sterile opposition.

He said that a Government crisis would involve grave consequences for democracy and probably lead to the dissolution of parliament.

M. Balthozar, Minister for Public Works, explained clearly that the passing of the resolution involved the resignation of the Socialist Ministers.

After the resolution was passed it was decided to summon the Cabinet to-night. It is anticipated that the Government will meet the Chamber to-morrow and if Parliamentary Socialists oppose Government, the Socialist Ministers will resign.—Reuter.

REBELS BOMB CIVILIANS

Complaint Lodged With Butler

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The Spanish Ambassador called at the Foreign Office and drew Mr. Butler's attention to continued heavy attacks on civilians in Government Spain allegedly by German and Italian airmen.

He added that he expected the raids to increase and asked what steps the British Government would take to face such breaches of the elementary principles of humanity.—Reuter.

11 KILLED, 23 INJURED

LONDON, Dec. 5.

A Madrid telegram states that 11 were killed and 22 injured in four towns to the West and North of Valencia when these were raided by eleven jenker warplanes.—Reuter

BRITISH SHIP BOMBED AGAIN

BARCELONA, Dec. 6.

The British steamer "Stanwell" which has twice previously been damaged in Spanish ports by air-raiders was bombed and badly holed and sank in the harbour during the latest air raid.—Reuter.

FRANCO'S ASSURANCE TO GREEK GOVT.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

Following General Franco's detention and subsequent release of two Greek steamers carrying Rumanian wheat to Britain, it is understood that the Government have supplied the Franco authorities with a list of ships similarly engaged and have received an assurance that such ships will be unmolested.—Reuter.

BALFOUR'S RESIDENCE FOR JEWISH REFUGEES

LONDON, Dec. 6.

Whittinghame House, the east Lothian residence of the late Lord Balfour has been offered by the present owner, Viscount Traprain, Lord Balfour's nephew, as home for 200 German Jewish children during agricultural training before proceeding to Palestine.

This is described by the Edinburgh Rabbi Salis Daiches as an "historic and symbolic link between Jews and the author of the famous Balfour Declaration for a National Home for Jews."—Reuter.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

A film entitled "The Relief of Lucknow" which was due to have gone into production to-morrow has been banned by the Board of Film Censors.

It is understood that the producer, Mr. Maurice Elvey, intends to press for a reversal of this decision.—Reuter.

PESHAWAR.—Mr. Kundanlal, a prominent socialist leader of the N. W. F. Province, who has been sentenced to six years' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of sedition, was released unconditionally on Monday from the Peshwar Central Jail after having spent only six months in the jail.

PARSI YOUTH DROWNED?

A Tragedy At Juhu Suspected: Search For Body.

A Parsi youth named Soli Nariman Dordi, living at Dadar, Bombay, after appearing for an examination as a mechanical apprentice, went to Juhu for a swim, on Monday. He has since disappeared. His clothes were found on the beach and his parents, therefore, fear the worst. There is, however, no trace of the body.

It appears the youth had asked a friend to accompany him to Juhu, but the friend telephoned to Soli's house, expressing inability to go to Juhu. Soli went alone at about 11 a. m.

On the steps of a house at the beach some clothes were noticed by an ayah who again saw them lying there hours later. This roused her suspicion and the matter was reported to the police. A search is being made to trace the body as it is felt that the youth must have been drowned.

The parents, who are living in Imperial Mahal, Dadar, and some relatives went to Juhu and the clothes were identified by the parents as those of their son.

It appears the boy was carrying a sum of Rs. 50 and a gold wrist watch, both of which are stated to be missing.

DID HE COMMIT SUICIDE?

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of a Parsi youth (20), who is stated to have gone for a swim to Juhu on Tuesday morning.

The boy, it is said, informed his mother that he was going to his uncle's home at Khetwadi.

He was last seen going in a tram in the company of another friend at Charni Road at about 8 a. m.

Sometime later, the boy sent a telephone message to his uncle telling him that he was going to Juhu and should his mother inquire about him, she should be informed accordingly.

At noon an Ayah found wearing apparel lying on the steps of a house facing Juhu Beach. Her suspicions were aroused, when at about 4 p. m. she found the clothes still lying there. She told the proprietor of a nearby hotel of her suspicions

On a message having been received by the relatives of the victim, Sorab Nariman Dordi, they went to Juhu and identified the clothes as those worn by the boy, when he had left home.

Inquiries made at the boy's residence revealed that on Monday evening he had to appear for an examination at the V.J.T. Institute. But it was reported by his cousin, a student of the same institute, that Sorab Dordi did not take the examination.

It is gathered that the boy at the time of leaving home had Rs. 50 with him.

On a search of his clothes a balance of Re. 1 and odd was recovered. A silver wrist-watch which the boy had been wearing was found missing.

The body has not yet been recovered. Investigations are proceeding.

ARMSTRONG BEATS MANFREDO

CLEVELAND, Dec. 6.

Henry Armstrong, the world light-weight and welter-weight champion, beat A. L. Manfredo of Los Angeles by technical knock-out in third round of a scheduled fifteen rounds welter-weight title fight in Christmas Charity Bout arranged by Cleveland newspaper.

Armstrong was most aggressive throughout. Manfredo resisted strongly in the first round, but after a terrific right to the head he was attired to helplessness whereupon the referee stopped the fight.—Reuter.

ARCHIBALD-SCALZO FIGHT

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

Joie Archibald, world Feather-weight Champion was knocked out in the second round of a scheduled ten-round contest by Pete Scalzo, a New York boxer, with a splendid record but Archibald's title was not at stake. Scalzo downed the Champion with a series of smashing right hooks.—Reuter

Muirhead For Calcutta

MADRAS, Dec. 6.

Lt.-Col. Muirhead, Under Secretary of State for India, and his Parliamentary Secretary, Mr. E. H. Keeling, left Madras this evening for Calcutta in a special saloon attached to the Calcutta Mail. They are expected to break journey at Kurdha Road and visit Puri Jagannath 'en route'.—A. P.

Italian And Frenchmen In Serious Clash

10 PERSONS INJURED: FRENCH POLICE OPEN FIRE TO RESTORE ORDER: SCENE IN FRENCH CONCESSION IN SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, Dec. 6.

FRANCO-ITALIAN FRICTION MANIFESTED ITSELF HERE LAST NIGHT WHEN FRENCH SAILORS AND ITALIAN MARINES CAME INTO CONFLICT IN THE "BLOOD ALLEY", THE FAMOUS CABARET STREET IN THE FRENCH CONCESSION.

Knives, bottles, chairs and tables were among the weapons used. The Battle, it is alleged, was due to Italian marine shouting. "Tunis, Corsica."

Fighting continued for several hours before the French police, after being heavily reinforced and firing a score of shots in air, restored order.

THERE WERE TEN CASUALTIES, INCLUDING TWO FRENCH POLICEMEN WITH SERIOUS HEAD INJURIES AND THREE ITALIAN MARINES.

The "Blood Alley" is closed to members of all Italian forces. The Italians have agreed to pay for damage to the cabarets.—Reuter.

JAPANESE DRIVE INTO S. KWANGSI

Chinese Troops Hurry To Meet Onslaught

CHUNGKING, Dec. 6.

Chinese reinforcements are hurrying to meet the expected Japanese drive into southern Kwangsi. In view of the possibility of Japanese troops landing at various points along the coast, including Pakhoi, Chinese authorities have ordered civilian evacuation of these areas.

It is understood that foreign shipping in the Yangtse was discussed when Sir Percy Noble, who arrived aboard his Majesty's "Kent" for a week's stay, called on Admiral Oikawa, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese fleet in Central China.

Further discussions between the British and Japanese high commands will be taking place this week.

FRENCH AND U. S. GUNBOATS.

The French Gunboat "Admiral Charnier" and the United States Gunboat "Luzon" which had been bottled up in Hankow accepted the Japanese offer to make one journey to Shanghai and sailed today under the escort of three Japanese torpedo boats.—Reuter.

MUNITION BOAT FOR CHINA

Rangoon, Dec. 6.

A second load of munitions for transport to China via Burma-Yunan Road has arrived in Rangoon on board the Scandinavian steamer "Bust" which anchored six miles down the river.

It is understood the entire cargo of the steamer is explosives. The boat arrived here via Singapore and necessary arrangements are being made for the discharge of the cargo.—A. P.

Soviet Reply To Japan

TOKIO, Dec. 6.

The Soviet reply to the Japanese proposal for a new Fishery Convention in accordance with the 1936 Agreement appeared to indicate that the Soviet are trying to nullify Japan's fishery rights based on the Treaty of Portsmouth, said the Foreign Office spokesman. This would never be tolerated, and instructions have been sent to the Japanese Ambassador at Moscow to inform the Soviet that Japan will never allow important national rights to suffer the slightest degree.

The spokesman commented that the settlement of the dispute was essential to the preservation of normal relations between the two countries, and, consequently, peace in East Asia.—Reuter.

FATE OF CONDOR 'PLANE

TOKIO, Dec. 6.

The German Condor aeroplane started on return flight at 8-37 p. m. (G.M.T.) via Manila. Batavia, Bangkok and Basra.

A Manila message says:

The Condor made a forced landing and sank in shallow water on the beach. The crew were rescued. The Condor will be salvaged to-morrow and then dismantled and shipped to Germany.—Reuter.

WHY "CONDOR" SANK

BERLIN, Dec. 6.

According to a German news agency a defect in the petrol feed pipe of the 'Condor' was reported.—Reuter.

CONGRESS AND STATES

London Reaction To Mahatma's "Harijan" Article

LONDON: Dec. 6.

There has been little Press comment on Mahatma Gandhi's article in the "Harijan" regarding Congress attitude towards the Indian States. But although semi-official comment is sparing, it is emphasised that the policy expressed by Earl Winterton in his speech in the House of Commons on Feb. 21 regarding the attitude of the Paramount Power on the question of political developments in the Indian States is unchanged.—Reuter.

ITALY AND SUEZ CANAL

LONDON: Dec. 6.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain declared that no communications had taken place with the Italian Government regarding the administration of Suez Canal.

Asked whether the matter would be discussed during his forthcoming visit to Rome, Mr. Chamberlain said that he was not prepared to make a statement.—Reuter.

BHULABHAI DESAI'S SPEECHES

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A SHORT STORY

Continued Happiness

By BARBARA ANN BENEDICT.

Margaret was upstairs cleaning the east room when she heard the front door slam.

"Hey, Marg! Come down, quick!"

It was Eustice's voice, and she knew by the tone that something unusual had happened. He was waiting for her at the foot of the stairs. Her eyes travelled past him and a look of horror came into her face.

"Eustice Bradford' you didn't wipe your feet. You've tracked up my carpet!"

"Eustice, who was Margaret's brother and two years her senior glanced over his shoulder, then back at his sister. He was too excited to think of the carpet.

"Marg! Mary's promised. We're going to get married!"

Slowly the look of horror left Margaret's face and was replaced by incredulity. "You're not!" she declared. Then: "Well, there! You won't be happy. You and Mary will never get along."

"Sure we will. Don't be a wet blanket. Why won't we?" Eustice asked, thrusting out his chin.

"Because her ways aren't yours. You're used to order and routine and having things tidy, the way I keep them. Mary doesn't care a rap how her house looks."

"She cares a rap about me, and that's all that matters" Eustice told his sister flatly.

* * * *

They were married a month later. They went to live in a new white-painted bungalow at the edge of town. They were happy because they were in love. Mary was dark-haired and dark-eyed and had a sense of humour and nothing bothered her much. For the first time in his life Eustice relaxed. Mary never scolded him. She never reminded him to wipe his feet or to be careful of his cigarette ashes or to keep his clothes neatly hung in the closet. Married life, he thought, was swell. He wished now he hadn't waited until he was thirty-four to find himself a wife.

Eustice was in the insurance business and still struggling to become established. Mary had been a typist before she married him, and now he asked her if she'd help him do some of his letters. She agreed eagerly. It would help save office expense.

So everything was serene. A year passed and Margaret outwardly retracted her declaration that they would never be happy but Eustice knew that wasn't what she thought.

It was the second December of their union that Eustice came home one evening, tired and cold and found that Mary had gone out to dinner with her bridge club. She left a note and a sink full of dishes. Eustice washed the dishes and got himself a cold supper. He went into the bedroom to get his dressing gown and found the bed unmade, and he wondered vaguely how Mary could go away and leave things in such a mess.

The next week Eustice had a lot of important letters to get out and asked Mary to have them ready by Friday. She promised, but the letters weren't ready when Friday came. Eustice got mad and told her she shouldn't be so lax, and Mary looked contrite and agreed that he was right.

That incident, not to mention several others, was the beginning of an awakening in Eustice's unconscious mind. Business wasn't so good and his patience become short. He began to notice things like the unmade bed and the fact that dust lay heavy on the furniture and that the windows needed washing and that dishes most always were in the sink.

"Why must it be like this?" he asked her in a fit of anger. "You have plenty of time to keep the house neat. You're not overworked. You're the only woman I know who can't keep her housework caught up, who's always late whenever we plan to go someplace."

"I know it," Mary agreed. "I'll try to do better. I should."

Watching developments, Margaret smiled confidently. Eustice would be back with her soon. He had lived with order and routine and tidiness too long to forget them. He couldn't be happy living with Mary, not unless Mary mended her ways, and Margaret was pretty sure she wouldn't. She knew the type.

But another year passed and then another and a third, and still Eustice and Mary seemed happy together. Margaret couldn't understand, and at last her curiosity got the better of her and she questioned Eustice about it, in a round-about way, of course.

Eustice smiled. "Business is better," he told her. "I've hired a stenographer to do my typing, and we have a girl come in to do the housework. Oh, we're doing fine."

Margaret was only partly satisfied. She knew there was more behind it, and Eustice knew she knew there was more behind it. But he decided that to tell her would only puzzle and probably hurt her. Alone, he reflected on the night a year ago when he reached his decision to leave Mary. He had come to the point where he couldn't stand living in a slovenly mess any longer. And then he had thought of Margaret and her well-ordered house. He had compared Margaret with Mary, and it had flashed across his mind that you could hire things done like typing and housekeeping, but you couldn't hire someone to be kind and sympathetic and understanding and never cross. And most of all you couldn't hire someone not to nag at you when you tracked mud on the carpet. And besides, down deep, he did love Mary and that counted for a lot.

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Garland Of Currency Notes For Congress President

ROUSING RECEPTION IN SIND TOWNS

Karachi Presents Civic Address: Departure By Air To Calcutta

KARACHI, Dec. 6.

In the course of two days Mr. Subhas Bose visited the district towns of Mirpurkhas, Sukkur, Shikarpur, Larkhana, Jacobabad, Rohri and several villages. He was accorded a rousing reception at every place and he addressed about 20 meetings, received a dozen civic addresses from Municipalities and public bodies.

At Mirpurkhas he was presented a purse containing Rs. 355. At Hyderabad (Sind) he was taken out from the Railway station in a procession, seated in a cart drawn by eight bullocks. Over 12,000 persons heard the Congress President addressing public meeting in Holmstead Hall, Hyderabad.

AT HYDERABAD

"En route" to Hyderabad he was met by 300 Haris (agriculturists) at Tando Jam Railway station with red flags. Mr. Bose chatted with their leaders for nearly fifteen minutes.

All shops and schools were closed in honour of Mr. Bose's visit in Sukkur, where he addressed 15,000 persons in Lucas Park. Thousands of villagers lined the route for darshan of the Congress President, when he drove to Larkhana from Sukkur.

Garland Of Currency Notes

IN VILLAGE RATODERO, MR. BOSE WAS DECKED WITH A GARLAND OF CURRENCY NOTES.

In Shikarpur he laid the foundation stone of the Congress House in the presence of 10,000 persons.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO SUBHAS

Congress President Flies To Calcutta

KARACHI, Dec. 6.

After his three days' Sind tour, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President left for Calcutta by the Dutch 'plane.

Mr. Bose concluded his tour of the interior of the Province and arrived at Karachi this afternoon. He was presented with a civic address by the Municipal Corporation in reply to which he said: "We who are struggling for liberty do hope to demonstrate that we have the ability and capacity to handle the affairs of our nation. Civic affairs and politics cannot be separated in a country like India. Every moment we are reminded of our slavery in our civic and national affairs."

LOOK AHEAD

Mr. Bose urged the Corporation to follow the results of new experiments and new theories being undertaken by municipal administrations throughout the world.

Concluding the Congress President paid a compliment to the Karachi Municipal Corporation for the rapid progress they had made during the past seven years. —A. P.

For Charity

(Continued from Page 6).

dead. Perhaps, it was never born.

* * * *

That was one aspect of the show. It is what one might call the artistic point of view. But let us return to the smell of paint and sweating armpits and the sight of men lifting sets and shifting scenery and young girls covered in grease paint and those anxious moments before the curtain went up and the sigh of relief as it did.

That was the human story of "Pushpa-Anjali," which was not told to the audience. It is the story of a number of young people who have come to realise that there is some satisfaction to be had from seeing others enjoy. That was the purpose behind the show—namely, that destitute nurses, who have saved so many lives in their working days, should now have a roof over their heads and some security in their lives. That was the motive behind the show—a very creditable motive, when you bear in mind the gradual decay of our so-called smart set. From that point of view "Pushpa-Anjali" might be called the beginning of the renaissance.

There was also one other thing that emerged from this show. It was that young people do not seem to think in terms of sects or castes or creeds. The show was essentially an Indian show, and one could hardly distinguish or want to distinguish who was a Parsee or a Hindu or a Mohamedan. All alike seemed to have merged their personality into their costumes—into the frescoes which they tried to bring to life. It was not Miss X and Miss Y that we saw in this scene or that, but Radha and Krishna and Shiva and Damayanti and the rest. Ajanta had for once come to life.

One forgot for the moment that in that same picture house, one had seen the grim reality of "Blockade" or "Spawn of the North." One forgot that outside there was a bar in which you could drink whisky and champagne. One forgot and wanted to forget. Would that all one's life could be one long forgetting.

And all this was for charity!

SARDAR'S CHALLENGE

(Continued from Page 1).

however were extremely rare, but he could enumerate many instances in which some of the States had actually taken a retrograde and reactionary step.

HARIPURA RESOLUTION.

The Haripura resolution had often been misquoted as authority for non-interference, but he would point out that the Haripura Resolution was not dictated to the Congress either by the Princes or by the Paramount Power. It was a self-imposed ordinance which the Congress enforced against itself, because of its own limitations and lack of strength, but there never was a lack of will on the part of the Congress to help the people of the States. Since Haripura, the Congress had acquired tremendous strength, the people of the States themselves having taken the Haripura resolution as a challenge to them and bestirred themselves to action. Their spontaneous demand for responsible government had been met with severe repression in many cases. The Congress could not be expected to be an unconcerned spectator of the oppression going on in some of the States.

The Jam Saheb had truly said "that we will all sink together," The only chance of the Princes "to swim" was to swim with their people.—A.P.

INCOME-TAX BILL AGREEMENT

(Continued from Page 1).

important clause IV of the Income-tax Bill was made to the House at the end of question time by Sir James Grigg who stated that so far as the Congress Party, the Muslim League Party and the Government were concerned, the basis for an agreed compromise had been reached, and certain amendments drafted. They had been submitted to the Governor-General for sanction, and if the sanction was received, the Finance Member proposed to hand the agreed amendment to-day, and if the House approved, they might be taken up to-morrow.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir asked what opportunity should be given to members, who wanted to move amendments to those amendments.

Sir James Grigg suggested that if the Chair agreed, members might be permitted to move amendments without the usual notice required by the rules.—A.P.

Official Amendments

Embodying the Agreement referred to by the Finance Member in the Assembly between the Congress Party, the Muslim League Party and the Government, six amendments have been tabled by Mr. J. F. Sheehy and Mr. S. P. Chambers to the vital clauses 4, 5 and 49 of the Income-tax Bill.

The first amendment seeks to amend the proviso to clause four (A) in the following manner:—

"Provided further that in the case of a person not ordinarily resident in British India, income profits and gains which accrue or arise to him without British India shall not be so included. (in assessment) unless they are derived from a business controlled in or a profession or vocation set up in British India. or unless they are brought into or received in British India by him during such year.

The second amendment proposes to add the following proviso to the same clause:—

Provided further, that if in any year the amount of income accruing or arising without British India exceeds the amount brought into British India in that year, there shall not be included in the assessment of the income of that year so much of such excess as does not exceed four thousand five hundred rupees.

The following amendment is to clause five of the Bill.

"A company is resident in British India in any year, (A) if the control and management of its affairs is situated wholly in British India in that year. or (B) if its income arising in British India in that year exceeds its income arising without British India in that year."

In the same clause (clause five) the following further amendment is to be made

"For the purpose of this act—(A) an individual is 'not ordinarily resident' in British India in any year if he has not been resident in British India in nine out of the ten years preceding that year, or if he has not during the seven years preceding that year been in British India for a period of, or for periods amounting in all to more than two years (B) a Hindu undivided family is deemed to be ordinarily resident in British India, if its manager is ordinarily resident in British India; (C) a company, firm or other association of persons is ordinarily resident in British India if it is resident in British India."

Clause 49 is sought to be amended by the addition of the following proviso:

"Provided further that where an assessee has been assessed in respect of income arising outside British India in a country the laws of which prohibit or restrict the remittance of money to British India, the income-tax officer shall not treat the assessee as in default in respect of that part of the tax which is due in respect of that amount of his income which by reason of such prohibition or restriction cannot be brought into British India, and shall continue to treat the assessee as not in default in respect of such part of the tax, until the prohibition or restriction is removed."

Explanation:—For the purpose of this section, income shall be deemed to have been brought into British India if it has been utilised or could have been utilised for the purposes of any expenditure actually incurred by the assessee without British India or if the income whether capitalised or not has been brought into British India in any form.

The following new section numbered 49 D is added:—

"When incometax is payable in respect of any income arising without British India in a country the laws of which do not provide for any relief in respect of incometax charged in British India, the amount of tax shall be reduced by one-half or by an amount equal to one-half of the incometax payable in that country in respect of that income whichever is the less."—A. P.

ARRESTS IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Dec. 6.

The allegation by the Government that the State Congress is a communal organisation with Muslims in the ranks was falsified today by two Muslims coming forward and courting arrest on behalf of the State Congress, along with the Thirteenth Dictator Mr. M. K. Durgaprasad Gupta. Durga Prasad announced Messrs. Lakshman Apparao Vanjari, Shaikh Ghudulal Nabi Sahib, Shaikh H. Mohiuddin, and G. Narsimlu Gupta, all of whom offered Satyagraha near Abid Shop and were taken into custody.

2 YEARS AND FINE FOR SENAPATI BAPAT

POONA: Dec. 6.

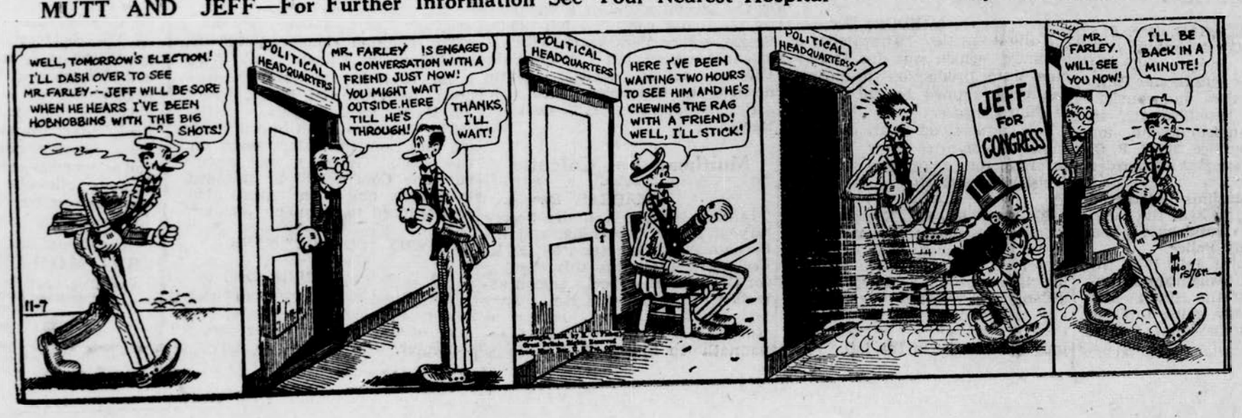
A Gulbarga message states that Senapati Bapat, who was arrested there last week while proceeding to Hyderabad for offering Satyagraha, was tried and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default further three months' servitude.—United Press.

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL

To Leave For Wardha To-morrow

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel returned from Ahmedabad yesterday and will leave for Wardha to attend the meeting of the Working Committee to-morrow.

MUTT AND JEFF—For Further Information See Your Nearest Hospital — By BUD FISHER


WELL, TOMORROW'S ELECTION! I'LL DASH OVER TO SEE MR. FARLEY -- JEFF WILL BE SORE WHEN HE HEARS I'VE BEEN HOBNOBBING WITH THE BIG SHOTS!
POLITICAL HEADQUARTERS
MR. FARLEY IS ENGAGED IN CONVERSATION WITH A FRIEND JUST NOW! YOU MIGHT WAIT OUTSIDE HERE TILL HE'S THROUGH!
THANKS, I'LL WAIT!
POLITICAL HEADQUARTERS
HERE I'VE BEEN WAITING TWO HOURS TO SEE HIM AND HE'S CHEWING THE RAG WITH A FRIEND! WELL, I'LL STICK!
POLITICAL HEADQUARTERS
JEFF FOR CONGRESS
MR. FARLEY, WILL SEE YOU NOW!
I'LL BE BACK IN A MINUTE!
11-7

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Colour Bar In England

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to an article by Mr. K. A. Abbas in your issue of 30th instant on "Colour Prejudice" in England, as the matter has been frequently referred to in your columns, it would be worthwhile to look at the other side of the picture.

What do Indians—especially Indian students—do, to bring about this Colour Bar? Surely it is not merely the colour of their skins. For some of them, as Mr. Karaka pointed out in your paper recently, endeavour to pass off for Italians and other semi-Europeans by talking with a foreign accent.

The Colour Bar as it exists in England to-day is very largely due to the big percentage of mixed marriages proving failures. Indian students should let well alone the barmaids and factory girls that they encounter in England and get infatuated with just as any lonesome man would in a foreign country. When these alliances fall flat as they must ultimately do, owing to the vast difference between the two civilizations, the English girl returns home and a lot of prejudice which naturally arises against the Indian in that community spreads across the country. The well-bred Indian girl is far more fitted to the Indian student but the trouble is that a lot of our young bloods want to appear ultra-modern and eventually end off by ruining their lives and careers through these disastrous mixed marriages. I am sure we, Indians, would resent the white man just as much if they went in for marrying our daughters with the same disastrous results—broken marriages. When marrying white girls, our ultra-smart Indian students should also bear in mind that there is little chance of their offsprings being accepted either in our community or in the Europeans.—Yours, etc.,

M. DEATKAR.

Bombay, Dec. 1.

Hindus And The Pentangular Final

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Records were made in this year's Pentangular Cricket Match individual record of 241 runs by Amarnath, 560 runs for 7 wickets by the Hindus against the Rest, 69 runs by the Hindus under two hours and other remarkable batting and bowling performances and failures. Public expected a grand cricket feast in the final of the Pentangular Matches. But the Hindus who had made cricket history in the previous matches failed miserably against the Muslims. It was not that bad luck was in store for them only. But it was due to utter lack of team spirit. Our players seem to know nothing about responsibility to the public or the organisers. Easy catches were dropped. Runs were allowed to be collected in a catholic spirit of mind. Fielding was the worst by them that was ever seen in a serious cricket match.—Yours, etc.

A. VENKATRAM.

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I write this letter in the interest of sport in general and cricket in particular; and from this view point of the ordinary visitor to the matches who is interested in it purely as a matter of an interesting sport.

Why did the Hindu team which boasts of many batting stalwarts and many of India's test players collapse in the first innings of the final match? There are many awkward rumours afloat. I shall be glad if you, Sir, will investigate the whole affair and expose the truth even if by it you are exposing prominent and distinguished persons. You will earn the gratitude of the cricket public.

To witness matches like the one played last week end, is a waste of time and money. Very many persons both the busy business and professional men of a city like Bombay, and those coming from long distances may be five hundred or more miles—to witness the match at a great personal and financial sacrifice: were treated to a miserable debacle. This game is meant for the public, and the public must be satisfied.

The M.C.C. is sending out a touring team next year, and it will be in the interest of Indian cricket, if you will, with your usual vigour, probe into the matter and inform the public the true facts of the case.—Yours, etc.

"ONE WHO IS DISGUSTED."

Rate War In Haj Traffic

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Severe rate war has again started in the Haj pilgrim traffic since the 1st instant. Last year with the entry of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company into this field, the Mogul Line—who were till then enjoying the virtual monopoly of this trade for the last so many years—raised a severe rate war in Karachi bringing down the rates from Rs. 172 to Rs. 20 only. These low rates were, however, raised to the scheduled figure again as soon as the Scindia Company's ship was out of the port, with the result that hundreds of pilgrims who flocked to Karachi in the hope of securing cheap passages were disappointed and had to return home or either beg. Some who were successful in collecting the passage money went to Jeddah and were stranded and starved there for months together

As a result of popular public demand the Government of India intervened in this matter and succeeded in making both the companies to arrive at an agreement by which they pledged their word to not to charge deck passage fares below a minimum figure of Rs. 121 from Bombay. This agreement was to remain in force for one year

However, on the first instant Mr. W. L. A. Radcliffe, the Chairman of the Mogul Line, issued a statement to the Press notifying his intention of terminating the agreement without giving proper or legitimate reasons for the same. Consequently since the 1st instant rate war has again started in this line. On the 1st evening the Mogul Line sold tickets at Rs. 100 on the second instant they brought the figure down to Rs. 80 and 60 each and on the 3rd instant again issued tickets at Rs. 80 and 100. But as soon as the bookings for s.s. "El Madina" of the Scindia Company, which was to sail on the 3rd instant stopped, the rates of the Mogul Line again went up to Rs. 121 and on the 5th instant it still went up to Rs. 125. I understand on good authority that to-day the rate is Rs. 130

One wonders as to the result this rate war will lead to and whether such variations in rates are in the interests of the pilgrims. One can well imagine the hardships and heart burnings among the pilgrims when they come down from their homes to Bombay in the hope of securing cheap passages but on their reaching the port they find that the rates quoted by the company are beyond their purse. Indeed this is the glaring example of the interests of the pilgrims which the Mogul Line professes to be having at its heart all the time. It is to be seen what steps the Government of India takes to protect the interests of the national shipping and the pilgrims. in this connection.—Yours, etc.

Bombay Dec. 6.

KHALID SHERWANI.

"Housing In Bombay"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Anent your Editorial comment in your to-day's issue of the paper regarding the housing accommodation for the poor, I would mention that in the past years even some telegraph masters have been staying in the Improvement Trust Chawls primarily, I understand, intended for the poor. Even now you will know that people of ample means drawing salaries of Rs. 100 and below 200 a month are staying in the Chawls like those in Chandanwady. Were these chawls built for the sake of the poor, middle or rich people? I heard from reliable sources that in some cases, if one wants to shift from the place he will give it to another person by taking earnest money or pugree thus the deserving tenants get no chance to stay whatever. Now all the old houses are going to be demolished when one or two poor families stayed hurdled up together in one single tenement and grand new houses are going to be built instead, where the poor can ill-afford to pay the heavy rents. Will the City Fathers, make careful inquiries into the affairs of all the Chawls in Bombay and give accommodation only to the poor people instead of the well to do.—Yours, etc.,

OBSERVER.

Bombay: Dec. 2.

Whither Rajkot?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The situation in Rajkot is getting so entangled day by day, that it has now become impossible even to venture suggestions as to how to end it, of course honourably to both the parties.

I do sincerely believe that had there been one wise man in the State service, who could have advised and guided the Thakore Saheb rightly, when the agitation began, I dare say, the present movement would not have begun. The issue, then was comparatively narrow.

Now the Rajkot agitation has become a question of All-India States' People.

It seems that the State authorities are now anxious to end this impasse, but the question is how it is to be done, and who should do it, when, nobody knows who is responsible to whom.

The financial position of the State is at present in a precarious condition, and if this state of affairs is allowed to persist, the whole administration, I am afraid, is bound to come to a standstill and that too in the very near future.

It is, therefore, up to some wisemen to draw the attention of the Thakore Saheb to these writings on the wall which the Thakore Saheb himself has yet declined to see or is not allowed to see.

It is not yet too late. Let the persons at the healm of the State affairs set aside their false notions of unreal prestige, and come to terms with the popular leaders.—Yours, etc.

A. P. SARAIYA.

Penal Reforms

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is very gratifying to learn that the local Jail Visiting Committee have introduced a series of reforms in the Sabarmati Central Prison. The hand grinding mill is responsible for imposing severe physical strain and undermining robust physique. This irksome method of exacting labour from convicts hitherto in vogue has been discontinued and electric mill installed in its place. Again the drawing of water from a well in primitive fashion in the scortching heat of the sun constitutes another source of serious hardship. This item has also been eliminated from the daily routine. Relaxation of stringent rules regarding interviews and correspondence between prisoners and their relatives is another direction in which the Committee have directed their activities. The Committee have even hit upon the happy idea of a radio set which when installed, besides providing pleasant and instructive pastime, will to some extent dissipate the tainted atmosphere of penal environments. Of outstanding significance is the literacy drive which the Committee have with commendable foresight and enthusiasm initiated. This will produce far reaching results especially in case of juvenile offenders.—Yours, etc.

M. B. KARANJAWALLA.

Ahmedabad.

RETURN OF INDIAN HIMALAYAN-CLIMBER

After making a preliminary survey of the base of Mount Panchchuli, 25200ft. high, in the central Himalayas, Mr. G. D. Joshi, Organising Secretary, Indian Himalayan Expedition Club, who started from Bombay in the beginning of October to reconnoitre the place, returned to Bombay on Wednesday last.

Recounting his experiences at a Broadcast Talk, on Wednesday, he said that his object to visit the Himalayas in this season was to examine the winter possibilities of the climbing attempts on the Himalayan peaks.

Panchchuli which is about 150 miles North-East from Almora, proper remains still, unhaunted by climbers or visitors. He drew attention of the world climbers to that peak and said that he would be organising an Indian party to scale that summit in the next summer.

On his way back, he addressed the students of the geographical—section in the Government High School, Ajmer, and he desires to address a number of students interested in Geography in Bombay.

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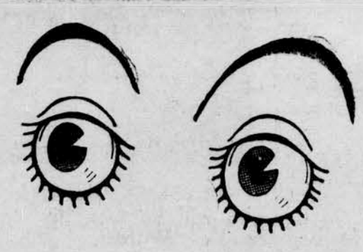
YOUR OWN EYES

USE YOUR OWN JUDGEMENT! See for yourself! Compare the quality of Capstan Magnums with any other Magnum cigarette. See for yourself the better colour and better cut of Capstan's better tobacco. Then make the all-important test. Smoke a Capstan Magnum. You will agree that it is

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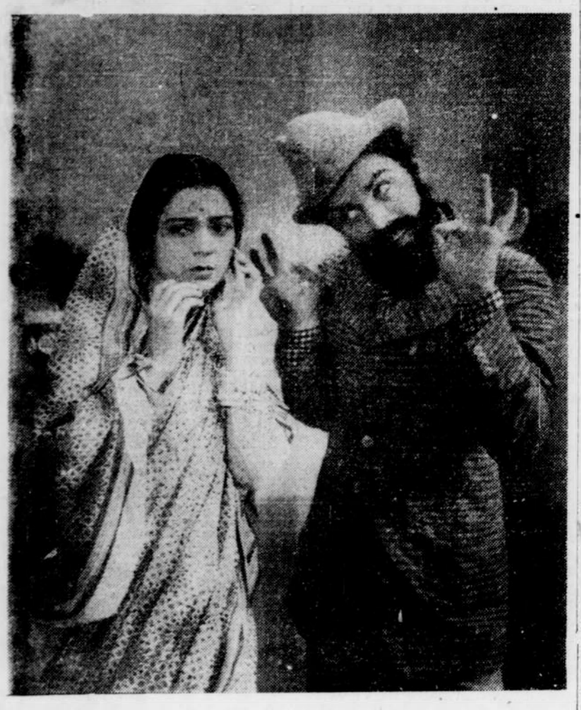
SEEN ON THE INDIAN SCREEN



Bimla Kumari and Dilawar in a scene from Bhavnani production "Double Cross", at Super.

Minerva Star DEMANDS "Divorce"!

There was quite a sensation last week in the otherwise quiet and peaceful Hindu Colony of Dadar when a mammoth procession of women and men, carried banners on which were flourished the slogans such as "We stand for Divorce," "Marriage without love is Sin," "Long live Divorce." The procession was headed by Miss Naseem, Jagirdar and Prem.

The hundreds of residents who came out of their houses to see what all that was about, learnt that the propaganda scenes from the Minerva film "Divorce" were being shot, setting up a new style in public demonstrations.

Sohrab Modi, the Minerva producer, we learn, is nearing the completion," of his new picture. "Divorce."

"BHABI" RELEASE POSTPONED

Four new films were expected this Saturday. But the latest information from Bombay Talkies studios shows that their new film "Bhabi" will not be released on the 10th but the 17th.

This film will be notable for its cast. On the negative side, we shall Miss Devika Rani and Ashok Kumar. Their fans will regret this, of course, but all the more eagerly they shall look forward to their next appearance. Meanwhile "Bhabi" promises to introduce us to Renuka Devi whose brief appearance in "Jeevan Prabhat" left the fans hoping to see more of her. Jairaj, the young actor who has worked in many films already (most notable: Jeevan Natak) appears for the first time under the Bombay Talkies banner. Add to these Meera ("Jeevan Hai Sangram Bande") and Maya and we have a cast which fills us with hope.

For the benefit of those who may have been puzzled by the title it may be explained that "Bhabi" means sister-in-law (brother's wife) but that Anglo-Saxon term cannot do justice to the affectionate and reverential attitude connoted by the Hindi word.

MOTILAL—"IT'S TRUE"!

Ran into Motilal the other day during the Pentangular Cricket Match and he left me wondering. However does he do it?

He is working simultaneously in two pictures, being shot at two different studios one at Bombay, the other at Poona—and yet managed to watch the Pentangular. Cricket is his favourite game.

One day (I learnt) he worked at the Ranjit studio where he heads the cast of "Achhut", motored in the evening to Poona, spent the night immersed in a pool of icy cold water for the Saraswati Cinetone picture "Such Hai" (It's True) in which he is co-starred with Rose. Early in the morning he caught the first train for Bombay and was in the Cricket Club Pavilion in time for the Match.

There are moments when I feel happy I am not a film star!

"THESE THREE"!

"We Three", that amusing film, was the last joint effort of what was not long ago such a successful and popular trio—Sabita Devi, Moti and Badami. After completing "Ladies Only", I learn, Director Badami has also decided to leave Sagar. Sabita Devi is on leave from the studio, recovering from the shock of her recent sad bereavement. (Her friends and fans will be sorry to hear that the well-known star recently lost her father.)

Shall we see "These Three" under the same banner again?

"STUDIO SPY"

MAZHAR KHAN, who will be seen in "Professor Waman, M.Sc.," Ranjit's new film to be released this week at West End.

A Case For Increasing Tax On Foreign Films

The following are extracts from an article by Mr. Baburao Patel in "Filmindia":—

Nine major companies operate in India, namely, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Paramount Pictures, Universal Pictures, United Artists, Warner Brothers, 20th Century Fox, Columbia Pictures, R.K.O. Radio Pictures and Humayan Pictures.

All of them have their own offices at the following 8 centres in India: Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Lahore, Delhi, Karachi, Rangoon and Colombo.

Every one of them spends between Rs. 25,000 to Rs. 30,000 per month on the maintenance of these offices. Which means that a single company spends over 3 lakhs of rupees per year on office maintenance. Therefore amongst nine companies, they must spend over Rs. 27 lakhs per year in managing their establishments.

Out of these 27 lakhs:—Nearly 30 foreigners, (Americans, Englishmen and others) take approximately 12 lakhs of rupees per year, an average of Rs. 40,000 a year per head—nearly 45 per cent of the total expenditure. Nearly 12 lakhs are paid in rent taxes, conveyance and other expenses while an approximate balance of 3 lakhs of rupees is distributed amongst 500 Indian employees—which works out at Rs. 600 a head per year i.e. Rs. 50 a month per man.

It is hardly necessary to mention that the efficiency of these foreign organizations is entirely due to the Indian staff. Not only that, but their huge returns are all secured by the Indian employees on the staff.

According to the "Motion Picture Magazine" the foreign distributors are playing a "losing" game, perhaps for the benefit of India. And yet these charitable people have not restricted their activities from year to year. Here is a table showing their imports into our country for the last 5 years and the duty paid by them Number of Foreign Films Imported into India and Import Duty Paid:

Year.	Features	Shorts and news reels	Import Duty paid on these in rupees.
1933	449	1491	9,16,571
1934	417	1470	8,80,843
1935	397	1416	9,65,926
1936	399	1425	9,24,448
1937	395	1181	10,22,931

These figures show a firm and steady tone, and prove beyond doubt that these people are doing well, indeed too well.

NET PROFITS OF 70 LAKHS PER YEAR!

And after meeting all this huge expenditure in office maintenance publicity, taxation, etc., these nine companies still remit over 70 lakhs nett per year to their principals in America and England.

The following table shows a nearest estimate of remittances sent within a single year by the different companies:—

"IS IT REALLY A LOSING GAME?"

	In Lakhs of Rs. per year.
1. 20th Century Fox	14
2. Metro-Goldwyn-Meyer	12
3. Paramount	8
4. R.K.O. Radio	9
5. Warner Brothers	6
6. United Artists	10
7. Columbia	4
8. Humayun	4
9. Universal	3
Total	70

There never was a better case of a more flourishing business for fresh taxation.

The Government of India must not only increase the Import Duty on these foreign films but must also increase the assessment value.

REVISE THE ASSESSMENT VALUE!

The present assessment value is 7 annas per foot for the purposes of levying the import duty. Does the Government know how far this price varies with real one?

A clause in the agreement between the Exhibitor and the Distributor reads as follows:

"The Exhibitor shall pay to Distributor as ascertained and liquidated damages annas 12 per lineal foot as the cost of replacement of each lineal foot of film lost, stolen, destroyed or damaged in any way while the same is in the possession of the Exhibitor or deemed so to be as aforesaid."

When the Distributors themselves estimate the cost of their films at 12 annas per foot and recover the same from the Exhibitors from day to day, why should the Government be satisfied with a mere 7 annas per foot unless the Government intends to back up the foreign productions?

When 70 lakhs of rupees per year are going out of India as sheer net profits, why should the Government not tax these people further?

Increasing the assessment value to even a rupee a foot should not be considered as extravagant seeing the large profits made by these people every year.

After a careful study of the above figures the Government has a strong reason to raise the taxation immediately and this matter should be forthwith taken up before the next Budget Session of the Central Assembly.

Bombay Film Diary

CENTRAL—"My Son," Prabhat picture, featuring Shanta Hubli-kar, Mama Bhat and Ulhas. One of the outstanding current attractions. (Third Week).

IMPERIAL—"Postman," Sagar picture, featuring Kumar, Maya, Pibbo, etc. (5th and last week).

KRISHNA—"Poornima", Prakash picture, provocative theme. (13th and last week).

MAJESTIC: "Brahmachari," Huns Pictures' comedy in Marathi featuring Vinayak and Meenakshi Better than average entertainment. (14th week).

MINERVA—"Street Singer", New Theatres' film starring Saigal and Kananbala, outstanding musical, good song hits which must be heard. (second week).

OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India", General Films' production, featuring Sobhana Samarth. Original theme. General entertainment. (third week).

PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna", popular revival of Prabhat's well-known mythological.

Shobhana Samarth and Prem Adib in "Industrial India," General Films' release at Opera House.

Indian Films FOR Hollywood?

Indian films are likely to be shown in the United States of America including the movie capital of the world, writes our Hollywood Correspondent.

According to him, several exhibitors on the west coast of America have evinced interest in the possibility of releasing Indian films in America.

Ram Bagai, "Chronicle" Hollywood representative, talking to George Stevens director of "Gungadin"

The Manager of a leading theatrical circuit, when asked if he would sponsor release of an Indian film, replied, "I am prepared to take up exhibition of a film produced in any country provided I am hopeful of making it a commercial success."

Among the literary and progressive sections in America it is felt that the average Hollywood film about India is far from representative of Indian culture and traditions and that only good Indian films, acted, directed and produced by Indians in India, can be expected to acquaint the American public with true conditions in India.

In this connection it is interesting to note that an increasing number of non-American films—Russian, Swedish, German, Hungarian etc.—are being successfully shown in American cinemas.

There is considerable interest in India and Indian life among the American public and really good Indian films are assured of wide popularity among students, intellectuals and other progressive elements.

In the beginning, our correspondent says, there are likely to be some difficulty in securing advantageous terms for the release of Indian films. Nor is it likely that we can ever flood the American market with too many Indian pictures. But there is sufficient scope for a few choice and representative Indian films to be released in America every year.

Interviewed by our correspondent, an American showman indicated the conditions which an Indian film must fulfil to be popular in America.

It must (according to him) be really representative of Indian life; must come up to the technical level of an average Hollywood film; must not be too long and must have either dialogues or super-imposed sub-titles in English.

Further developments in this connection will be awaited with interest.

GOING!

Three To Be Replaced On Friday

"ADHIKAR"—New Theatres—Barua production. Last show on 16th instant.

"POORNIMA"—Prakash picture. Last show on 9th instant, ending after a popular run of 13 weeks.

"POSTMAN"—Sagar film. Last show on 9th instant after a fair run of five weeks.

"SECRETARY"—Ranjit film starring Madhuri. Last show on 9th instant.

ROSE who is co-starred with Motilal in Saraswati Cinetone's forthcoming production "Such Hai" (It is True.)

Medal For Meenakshee

Miss Meenakshee, the star of "Brahmachari" will be awarded a Gold Medal on behalf of the fans in appreciation of her performance in her screen debut, at today's 8 p.m. show of "Brahmachari" at the Majestic Cinema. Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh, M.L.A., will preside.

COMING!

Three New Films This Saturday

"BHABI"—Bombay Talkies new film featuring Renuka Devi, P. Jairaj, Maya and Meera, at Roxy from 17th instant.

"LAL BUZAKKAD"—National Cinegraph production, at Krishna Talkies from 10th instant.

"Prof. VAMAN, M. Sc."—Ranjit's new film, at West End from 10th instant.

"ZAMANA"—Krishin production, Royal release, featuring Padma Devi, Ameena, Nazir, etc., at Imperial, from 10th instant.

Padma Devi and Dar in "Zamana" a Krishin production, scheduled for release at Imperial on Saturday.

Saigal in a scene from New Theatres' popular musical, "Street Singer", at Miner va.

ROXY—"Adhikar", New Theatres picture, featuring Barua, Jamuna, Pahari, Jagdish, directed by Barua. Well-acted and well-directed though, perhaps, lacking in "popular" appeal. Must be seen by the discerning film fans, before it is replaced. (seventh week)

SUPER—"Double Cross", Bhavnani's detective "thriller", featuring Bimla Kumari, Nyampalli, etc. (second week).

WEST END—"Secretary", Ranjit film starring Madhuri. (last week).

Powers Of Income-Tax Officers

Assembly Passes Amendment To Remove Harassment Of Joint Hindu Families

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6.

The power given to Income-tax Officers to exempt certain assessees from submitting returns of income under Sec. 22 of the Act and to presume that certain returns made are "incorrect and incomplete" was strongly criticised in the course of discussion on Clause 24, in the Central Assembly to-day.

SRI PRAKASH CHALLENGES GRIGG

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai and Pandit K. K. Malaviya moved amendments for the deletion of words giving this power to the Income-tax Officers.

Mr. Hussainbhai Lalji supporting the amendments declared that the words, whose deletion was urged by the amendments seemed to presume that the assessees in question were dishonest. It was improper to embody in a Statute language suggesting that people were to be presumed to be dishonest.

Mr. Sri Prakash stated he knew of instances, in which Income-tax Officers discriminating between brother officers and members of the public in using his power of exemption in respect of submission of returns.

Sir James Grigg interrupting protested against the sweeping allegations being made against a large number of public servants.

CHALLENGE TO GRIGG

Mr. Sri Prakash replied that he was ready to make the statements outside the House if necessary, and was prepared to take the consequences, if any officer brought an action against him. Mr. Sri Prakash cited the instance of one Deputy Collector, who subsequently became a District Magistrate. He asked if Sir James Grigg himself had received notices to submit returns.

Sir James Grigg answered: Yes.

Mr. Chambers admitted that the language of the clause was liable to be mis-interpreted, but pointed out that the amendments proposed would serve to remedy the defect and he undertook to make suitable amendments in the Upper House in the light of the criticisms made here.

The amendments were thereafter withdrawn.

What constitutes a separation of a joint Hindu family and whether the Income-tax Officer should have the discretion to decide whether separation has taken place were questions, which led to a lively discussion during the debate on Clause 30.

REMOVE HARASSMENT

Mr. Bajoria moved an amendment by which he sought to remove what he considered to be the harassment that is caused to members of joint Hindu families under Sec. 25(A) of the Income-tax Act, according to which the Income-tax Officer is empowered to satisfy himself as to the fact that a partition had been effected. Mr. Bajoria wanted the deletion of the portion by which the Income-tax Officer should satisfy himself that "a separation of the members of the family has taken place." He pointed out that this led to Income-tax officers demanding proof of partition by metes and bounds, thus demanding the impossible, especially when such partition by metes and bounds could not be effected.

Mr. T. S. A. Chettiar supporting the amendment said that this demand on the part of the Income-tax Officer was not warranted by Hindu Law.

Mr. M. S. Aney felt that this provision was unnecessary and redundant in view of the fact that there was the provision for the Income-tax Officer to satisfy himself that the joint-family property has been partitioned among the various members of the family.

SIRCAR INTERVENES

Sir N. N. Sircar intervening referred to the Law as it stood, which would be satisfied with unequivocal declaration of the intention to separate. But in practice this declaration was not acted upon and the other "symptoms" of the joint Hindu family such as common worship and the common kitchen remained unaffected. It was, therefore, necessary that the Income-tax Officer should satisfy himself that real separation had taken place.

AMENDMENT CARRIED

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in a vigorous support of the amendment said he was amazed at the Law Member's contention. What, he asked, was meant by separation in respect of property, which it was physically impossible to separate as for instance a share certificate in a mill. Was it contented that piece of paper should be cut up into parts in order to prove that separation had taken place.

The amendment was passed without a division.

When the House adjourned to-morrow the House had completed discussion on Clause 31 and Clause 32 was under consideration.

Before adjourning the House accepted Sir N. N. Sircar's suggestion that in order to expedite the passing of the Bill the House should sit on Saturday 10th December.—A. P.

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY SITTINGS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6.

As the Income-tax Bill is likely to occupy longer time than was anticipated, it is understood that the session will, by agreement, terminate after the Bill is passed, and that the other outstanding Bills will be referred to the Budget session.

These Bills are; Sir N. N. Sircar's Bill to amend certain enactments and repeal certain others; Sir Zafrullah's Bill to amend the Indian Merchant Shipping Act and Dr. G. V. Deshmukh's Bill to give the right of divorce to Hindu women under certain conditions.

It is likely, however, that a day might be given this session after the Income-tax Bill to discuss the Public Accounts Committee's Report for the past three years.—A.P.

"WE WON'T FOLLOW PROVINCIAL GOVTS"

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6.

Replying to Prof. Ranga's question as to whether the Government of India would follow the example of the Provincial Governments as regards the unconditional release of political prisoners, the Home Member stated that where the responsibility rested with the Government of India they were not prepared to follow the example of the provinces.—A. P.

PUNJAB SOCIALISTS ON TRIAL

Echo Of Anti-Army Bill Day

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

The clash at a public meeting convened by the Congress Socialist Party on October 1 to lodge a protest against the passage of the Anti-recruitment Army Bill in the Central Assembly had a sequel to-day in the Court of the City Magistrate, when the trial of 24 prominent Congress Socialists on charges of rioting and assaulting commenced. The accused includes Mr. B. P. L. Bedi and Munshi Ahmaddin, member of the A. I C. C.

After recording the evidence of the police constable, who deposed to having sustained hockey-stick blows in the melee in the meeting, the Magistrate adjourned further hearing to December 16.—A. P.

Anti-Hindi Conviction

MADRAS, Dec. 6.

Mr. E. V. Ramaswami Naicker was convicted on two charges under Sec. 117 I. P. C. read with Sec. 7(1) Criminal Law Amendment Act and sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one year and pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default six months additional imprisonment in respect of each charge, sentences to run concurrently. This was in connection with speeches alleged to have been made by him in Madras extolling those who courted imprisonment in connection with the anti-Hindi agitation and exhorting others to follow their example. A. P.

Bihar Hindustani Committee

PATNA, Dec. 6.

It is understood that the meeting of the Hindustani Committee, of which Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is the Chairman, fixed for December 14 will be postponed on account of the Maulana's inability to attend the meeting in view of the Congress Working Committee on December 11. Maulana Azad has been requested by Dr. Syed Mahmud to visit Patna to settle details of this meeting.—A. P.

Our Cairo Letter

Nahas Pasha Attacks Rule Of Palace Group

"National Struggle Day" Celebrated In Egypt: Zaghlul's Services Recalled

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

The "National Struggle Day" was enthusiastically celebrated in a big meeting held here by the Wafdists, the day on which the great Sad Zaghlul Pasha, founder of the Wafd Part, went in November, 1918, to the British Residency at Cairo and demanded full independent for Egypt. Nahas Pasha was enthusiastically cheered by a huge crowd as soon as he came to the microphone, and thousands of students shouted. "We support Nahas Pasha,, We greet Nahas Pasha, We are with Nahas Pasha to the last." Nahas Pasha then rose to speak, he first recalled the fact that they were celebrating the National Struggle Day and how necessary it was to continue that struggle to restore liberties which had been tampered with by ambitious people. There was nothing more worth while struggling for than liberty. Zaghlul Pasha had not deterred when some had deserted, supported the English and ruled tyrannically. But these deserters were mistaken if they thought they could succeed because a nation which had risen to obtain independence from the strongest nation in the world was not afraid of them.

Nahas Pasha went on to say that he believed the English to be sincere in their agreement but the men of the recent *coup d'etat* had intrigued against the nation. He then recalled these alleged intrigues and said that the people, who knew both himself and Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha, were well aware of the real facts. The object of the leaders of the *coup d'etat* was to dispense with the constitution said Nahas Pasha. The difference between us and the Chief of the Royal Palace was constitutional, not personal: were we as a constitutional government, to rule the country, or the men of the Palace? He then quoted the relevant articles from the constitutions on the Cabinet's responsibility, which rested with the cabinet and the king acted on his Ministers' advices. The Wafdists had not been obstinate in this matter but while appreciating the King's advice they had observed the constitution. They could have avoided any difference by surrendering, but they could not accept office at that price. The moment the present government was formed, however, the constitution was lost. Parliament was suspended in the hope that Wafdist Deputies would desert but only a few had fallen into the trap. Then came the forged elections when officials elected candidates and Wafdist leaders were defeated.

RULE FROM PALACE.

The present government, declared Nahas Pasha, had yielded to the men of the Palace and it remained in office only so long as the Chief of the Royal Palace supported it. Senate had been threatened with dissolution if it obstructed the Government, but the Senate knew how to reply. Nahas Pasha went on to the allege that the Wafdist Press was being persecuted by the present government. Then turning to England he said that it was regrettable that after signing the treaty they should have become imperialistic and greedy, since the only object of the present government was to satisfy British ambitions. Then he argued that Egypt's sovereignty had suffered as a result of the Anglo-Italian negotiations and the recent modification of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty whereby the cost of the barracks was to be increased from £4,000,000, to £10,000,000.

Mme. Ramzi Pasha, the president of the Wafd Ladies Committee, was cheered when she spoke on behalf of her Committee, she recalled the significant day when the great Zaghlul Pasha had begun work for independence. Then she went on to the deprecate the recent attack on Nahas Pasha, Zaghlul's successor.

HIT AGAINST INDIAN MILLS

"Manchester Guardian" On Delay In Indo-British Trade Agreement

LONDON, Dec. 6.

"The Manchester Guardian" commenting in its City Notes on India's discontinuance of the Ottawa Agreement says:

"It now appears in India, at any rate, Ministers expect that the new terms of trade can be brought into operation by April next".

HIT AGAINST INDIAN MILLS

The paper adds that advices from India suggest that some importers and dealers expect the duty on Lancashire goods to be reduced to 12-1/2 per cent or 15 per cent, but opinions in Lancashire vary greatly as to whether such reduction will be made and also whether it will be of much value now that Indian mills have enjoyed the present high tariff long enough to enable them to extend their hold on the market to virtually every section. Unless some substantial reduction in duties or some favourable quota arrangement is obtained for British cotton goods Government's stock will stand still lower in Lancashire and a great many more spindles and looms will become redundant.

DELAY TELLS

Referring to the expectation that the new terms of trade can be brought into operation by April next, the "Manchester Guardian" says, after thirty months' of waiting another three or four months may not seem an important delay, but it will be hoped that the terms of the agreement will be announced as soon as possible. The delay in concluding the new agreement and the consequent uncertainty as to whether the present Indian tariff barrier against British textiles will be maintained caused grave difficulties in arranging business in Lancashire.

NEW CHANNELS

The uncertainty would not have been so important a factor, if it had extended over a reasonably short period, but since the middle of 1936 importers and dealers had developed new channels of trade, while Lancashire has been unable to derive any benefit from the handicap under which Japan has traded since the middle of last year. During the last few weeks the deterring influence of uncertainty revived and Indian mills again received a larger share of fresh business than will probably have gone to them if the tariff question had been settled.—Reuter.

FIRE IN CITY MILL

Ten Engines Rush To Scene, But Find Light Task

A fire broke out in the Saksaria Mills, Parel, at about 9 p.m. on Tuesday.

The cotton blow-room of the mill caught fire. Fire-engines from various stations rushed to the spot and brought the flames under control within less than a quarter of an hour. There were in all ten engines on the scene, but there was not much to do. The damage caused is estimated not to exceed Rs. 100.

RUBBISH CATCHES FIRE

At Princess Street a heap of rubbish caught fire on Tuesday night. The fire-brigade was summoned and immediately extinguished the fire.

Woman Enveloped In Flames

Chatrabai Srirang, aged 18, residing in a flat at Bazar Gate Street, went into her room on Tuesday evening and after bolting the doors, it is alleged, set fire to her clothes, which were well soaked in kerosene oil.

The neighbours seeing that smoke was issuing from the closed room, became suspicious and forced open the doors. The woman was found lying dead on the floor enveloped in flames.

The fire-brigade was summoned and the fire extinguished.

Knocked Down By Suburban Train

Dukhi Shivraj, a worker, was knocked down by a moving suburban train near Kurla station on Tuesday evening. He was removed to hospital, where he died.

Cairo Meeting Mourns Shaukat Ali's Death

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

Glowing tributes to the memory of Moulana Shaukat Ali were paid by a large number of prominent Egyptian scholars and Ulama in a meeting held here by the Young Men's Muslim Association under the presidentship of Dr. Abdul Hamid Saeed. Indian Muslims and Hindus, students and traders in Cairo, participated in the meeting.

Dr. Abdul Hamid Saeed said that the death of Moulana Shaukat Ali was a great loss not only to India but to Muslim world at large.

Resolution expressing the great sorrow of Moulana's death was passed.

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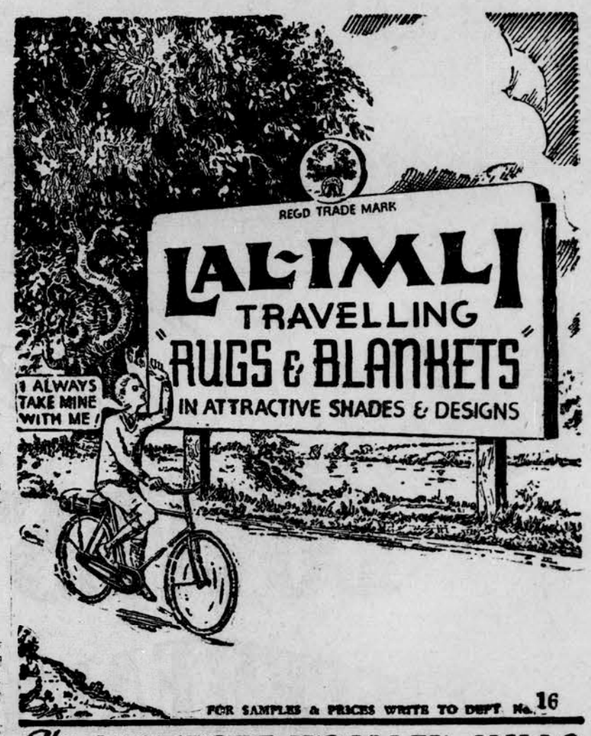

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Entire Family Now Simply Rub Away Annoying Colds

Mother and Children Both Escape Misery with New Vaporizing Ointment

There is no doubt in her family about how to treat colds, says Mrs. W.B.T., of Darbhanga. "I have used Vicks VapoRub on myself and the children from the age of 6 months upwards," she says. "Putting a little up the nose, and rubbing it on the throat and chest at bedtime, is the most relieving thing I have ever known. A cold taken in hand at once in the above fashion does not need any other treatment."

Your family, too, deserves this safer, quicker remedy for colds. Quicker because it brings relief *direct* to the air passages of nose, throat, and chest where colds lodge. Safe, because there is nothing to swallow—nothing to upset the stomach of even the youngest child, as too much internal "dosing" often does. All you do is rub this pleasant ointment on the throat and chest at bedtime.

Acts Instantly—Two Ways at Once

Almost before you finish rubbing, there is a comfortable tingle on the chest as VapoRub begins to act direct through the skin like a poultice. At the same time, warmed by the body, VapoRub releases medicated vapours which are breathed in for hours, *18 times a minute*, direct to the irritated air-passages of the nose, throat, and chest.

This combined poultice and vapour action makes you feel better right away as it starts to soothe irritation, loosen phlegm, relieve coughing, and break up congestion. With the breathing easier, you soon drop off to restful sleep. And while you sleep, VapoRub goes on working hour after hour. By morning, almost always, the worst of the cold is over.

Children's Colds Quick relief without "dosing." Just rub on **VICKS** VapoRub

THE MOGUL LINE

SPECIAL HAJ SERVICE

SAILINGS AT SHORT INTERVALS FROM

Bombay and Karachi to Jedda

Steamers.		Tons
S.S	'AKBAR'	... 4043
S.S	'ALAVI'	... 3566
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Passenger and cargo services from Bombay and Karachi to Aden, Jedda and Red Sea Ports. Also from Bombay and Karachi to Port Louis Mauritius

For full particulars apply to:— TURNER MORRISON & CO., Ltd., 16, Bank Street, BOMBAY

Outside Bombay Medicines will be sent by V. P. P.

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE. Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 9 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.) Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, BOMBAY 4.

Variety Drill At Shivaji Park, Dadar

(1) Girls march to the tune of the Vyayam Shala band. (2) Boys demonstrating Lathi Drill at Shivaji Park on Sunday last.

PHYSICAL CULTURE DEMONSTRATION AT DADAR

The Dadar public witnessed on Sunday last a huge mass demonstration of a thousand Boys' Lathi and a thousand Girls' Legim display arranged by Samarth Vyayam Mandir, Dadar, under the Presidentship of Swami Kuvalayanand, the Chairman of the Board of Physical Education to the Government of Bombay.

After the march past, all the boys demonstrated, Wand-drill and lathi drill, and the girls (including those of very tender age) gave a very successful display of free-hand drill, and Legim and Double Stick, Farigadga Chchut, Lathi fight, Bandesh and Dagger-fight which were the special features of the demonstrations which proved very effective on the public mind.

Swami Kuvalayanand then delivered a speech full of sound advice to the juveniles of Maharatha and explained how Indian games and athletics were particularly neglected till some 5 to 10 years ago, but how they are useful in imparting to the younger generation discipline in addition to sound body building, both the assets being indispensable to every individual.

Only on account of the Congress Government's timely help of starting the Physical Education College, could they see this sort of a mass on the ground which would otherwise have merely been a dream, he added, and assured that within the course of the next 5 years they would have the pleasure to witness a splendid spectacle of a mass of 50,000 students.

Mr. K. B Mahabal, Capt. Gupte of Baroda, Principal Joseph of Kandivali Physical Education College, with his staff, the City Engineer Mr. Modak and others were also present.

Prof. Kale, the Chief Organiser of the Samarth Vyayam Mandir is a disciple of Vyayamcharya, Rajaratna Prof. Manikrao of Baroda, and Mr. B. V. Sawai and Mr. P. K. Mahabal have helped him in making this task a success.

Shri Hanuman Vyayam Shala of Thana also participated in the demonstrations by sending 100 boys and 50 girls.

Sardar Dewan Bahadur Motilal Trikamlal Shah, Ex-President, Ahmedabad District Local Board died yesterday after a brief illness.

KISANS HOLD REAL KEY OF SWARAJ

(Continued from Page 16).

for all minimum holdings, stables, living quarters, household necessaries and other cattle in execution of civil decrees.

8. All money-lenders to be licensed.

9. Supply of sufficient water for cultivation; to develop the irrigation and drainage facilities for protecting haris from fines and to take all steps to insure haris against such calamities and to establish tank restoration fund in all the race of zemindars and jagirdars, pay adequate contributions to finance, adequately and timely repairs and improvements of all irrigation and water supply.

10. Free grazing grounds and fuel.

11. To grant the right of arms to all haris to bear arms.

The resolution was unanimously passed. The following other important resolutions were also passed:—

The conference further passed resolutions against war and condemned the policy of isolating Soviet Russia, against an anti-recruitment, in support of the people's struggle for independence in Spain, Palestine and Chipa. It asked the people in India to boycott the Japanese goods in sympathy with China.

The conference opposed the idea of federation and asked the people of India to develop a mass movement if the same is imposed.

The conference elected the following office-bearers for the next year:—

Mr. Mohammad Amin Khoso, M.L.A., President.

Mr. Abdul Kadar, Organising Secretary.

Mr. Noormohamad, Office Secretary.

Moulvi Md. Mooz, Treasurer.

With 25 more members on the executive Mr. Bukhari was elected unanimously as Hon. Member on the Executive Committee of the Sind Hari Committee.

The Sind Hari Committee is the Section of the All-India Kisan Sabha.

WHAT KISAN SABHA STANDS FOR

Presidential Address At Bihar Conference

(From Our Correspondent).

WAINI (Darbhanga): (By Mail).

"Let the Congress leadership and the Ministry of the Province note the fact that the Peasantry cannot be benefited by the compromises effected with the zamindars and landlords of the Province. It is nothing but a fallacy to talk of co-operation among different classes of conflicting interests. Long talks of class co-operation are simply meant to surrender the interests of the weaker section to those of the stronger one. The Kisan Sabha does not stand for class co-operation. We stand today for the genuine State of Kisans and Mazdoors of India."

These observations were made by Pandit Karyananda Sharma, presiding at the 6th Bihar Provincial Kisan Conference, which opened at Waini in the District of Darbhanga.

FACE REALITIES OF SITUATION

Speaking on the statement issued by Babu Rajendra Prasad regarding the Tenancy Act the President said, that the time for giving paper explanations was gone. The time had come to face the realities of the situation and the statement issued by the esteemed leader was wholly devoid of any satisfactory conviction.

Glowing tributes were paid by the president to the services of Swami Sahajanand Saraswati and the Kisan Satyagrahis in the Province. A brief survey of the international situation was also made in his speech.

53 CASES FILED AGAINST ONE MAN

From Our Correspondent)

LAGHISARAI, Nov. 28

It is learnt from a report received here that 53 cases have been filed against one Chuha Sinha of Kutaut, P. S. Brrbigha in the district of Monghyr by his six landlords for various reasons. The person concerned has only about 14 acres of lands. He is a worker of the local Kisan Sabha. This is a typical example of the way in which the Kisan workers are harassed in these parts of the province.

HIGH MILK YIELDING STRAINS

Development Work At Imperial Dairy Institute

The work of developing high milk yielding strains from the two breeds, viz. the Scindi and the Gir, by systemic selective breeding, is in progress at the Imperial Dairy Institute, Bangalore.

Both the herds continue to show considerable improvement in type, conformation and performance. One more herd, i.e., of the Murrah buffalo breed, has now been taken in hand for systemic improvement.

The Scindi herd is showing a steady improvement as more and more farm bred animals are added to it. The Gir herd, however, has shown violent variations. The reason is that the first foundation herd was established in 1933. The care, management and feeding which these purchased animals received at the farm considerably improved their performance in the subsequent lactation. Some more purchased animals were added in 1935-36 and this accounted for the sudden drop in the performance for that year. This was however followed by subsequent price next year.

BREEDING POLICY.

The present strength of the Murrah buffalo herd is 52.

The best performance last year of a first calvers aged 4 years 11 months was 5,238 lbs in 349 days. The herd is now headed by a bull with a recorded pedigree the highest yield in the dam's performance being 7,460 lbs in a lactation of 460 days.

For all these herds, weaning at birth and hand rearing has all along been adopted. In hand-feeding the calves the point aimed at is to build up a sound commercial pedigree herd and not to produce freak animals. A definite breeding policy has been laid down, which helps to eliminate an unwanted animal at the earliest opportunity.

INDIA NEEDS INTENSE ECONOMIC NATIONALISM

(Continued from page 16)

Committee upon their most welcome action in appointing a a planning commission under the Chairmanship of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

"I have no doubt that India's best talent and experience will come forward to help this commission in producing a scientific industrial programme. We all know that however flawless the plan may be, it cannot lead us far unless the power of the State actively co-operates in its execution. Still, with the encouragement and support of the Provincial Ministers much can be achieved.

"A few basic principles, which must not be overlooked. (1) The development of large-scale industry must be advanced in all possible directions. (2) A comprehensive programme suitable to the needs and circumstances of the different provinces for improving and increasing agricultural production must be undertaken. (3) The development of cottage industries should be so planned that they, as far as possible, do not enter into competition with large-scale industries but complement and supplement them.

"RAISE LOAN."

"In order that such an industrial plan should succeed, its financial requirements will have to be carefully anticipated and provided for. With this object the popular Provincial Governments should not only make increasing financial provision in their budgets but most, if not all the Governments should combine in floating a really large loan adequate for satisfying the demands of a plan of this kind.

The President then proposed the resolution passing the audited accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1938, which after being seconded by Syt. Shivpratap Joshi, the new Vice-President, was carried unanimously.

Messrs. Bhagwandas Gargleya & Co., of Beawar were appointed auditors for the next year.

One of the members moved a resolution seeking to change the system of election of the Board, but in response to the Chairman's appeal it was withdrawn.

OVALTINE builds up BRAIN as well as Body & Nerve

GROWING children use up physical energy freely. In addition, their school-lessons and homework, make a heavy claim on their mental energy. This double strain can only be supported, and vigorous health maintained, if body, brain and nerves are receiving adequate and correct nourishment.

"Ovaltine," the favourite beverage of children all over the world, supplies correct nourishment in rich abundance to meet both the mental and physical needs of growing children. Prepared from Nature's richest tonic foods — ripe barley malt and fresh creamy cow's milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins—"Ovaltine" scientifically combines in delicious concentrated form every single nutritive element necessary to keep your children physically fit and mentally alert.

Let your children enjoy the glowing health which a regular cup of "Ovaltine" ensures, but be sure to insist on genuine "Ovaltine." Remember, the supreme brain, nerve and body building qualities of "Ovaltine" can only be obtained from "Ovaltine." Make it the family beverage and *note the difference.*

"OVALTINE" is packed in tins containing 4-1/2, 9 and 18 ounces. Compare these weights with imitations. "OVALTINE" gives more in QUALITY, more in QUANTITY and, therefore, more in VALUE. It is the most economical food beverage you can buy. As many as 24 cupfuls of delicious "OVALTINE" can be made from the small tin containing 4-1/2 ounces.

Indian Distributors:— JAMES WRIGHT, LTD., 85a, Ripon Street, CALCUTTA. Also at Bombay, Madras and Karachi.

OE/232

High Quality

LOWEST PRICE

EVEREADY FLASHLIGHTS & BATTERIES

TRADE-MARK

they last longer

DENIS MOUNIE GOLD LEAF BRANDY

Original Cognac of (France) Guaranteed 10 Years Old made from Choicest Grapes.

FAMOUS IN INDIAN MARKETS FOR OVER

SIXTY YEARS

FOR ITS

HIGH QUALITY

GIVE A TRIAL AND BE SATISFIED

Can be had from all Wine Merchants

Insist Upon Having THIS ORIGINAL BRAND

RADIANT HEALTH

ANDREWS LIVER SALT

in the ECONOMY TIN

Achieve radiant health through Inner Cleanliness. Take a regular glass of Andrews Liver Salt—that's the *safe* way.

Andrews is now sold in economy tins (Large Tin Rs. 1/4, Handy Tin As. 11). These new economy prices enable everyone to adopt the pleasant Andrews way of keeping fit—of ensuring Inner Cleanliness, which is the basis of *lasting* health and vigour. Andrews has the largest sale of any effervescing Salt in the World.

It is better in the tin but can still be bought in bottles, with the salt to which you have previously been accustomed.

for INNER CLEANLINESS

784

WHITHER BRITAIN?

(Continued from page 6)

of a small Power in the centre of Europe.

British External Security

You have endangered the historic basis of British external security. For three hundred years British statesmanship has opposed the domination of Continental Europe by any one Power. To sustain this opposition, English treasure has been spent and Englishmen have fought and died. You have since realised this major consequence of Munich; and therefore you have not only to continue but vastly to increase the scale and magnitude of British rearmament.

I fear that British rearmament, even with French rearmament, can never master Nazi war-power especially if the latter is reinforced by Fascist war-power in Europe and Japanese war-power in Asia. "You cannot do it without the assistance of Soviet war-power." Even American war-power could not be a substitute for Soviet war-power if Chinese man-power and material resources should be under the control and mobilization of Militarist Japan as a result of Anglo-American abandonment of China in her unequal conflict with the Great Power that is tearing at her very vitals. This is not an idle possibility: it might be a certainty should despair replace courage in the heart of a China betrayed by the West on whose pledged words she turned for security. I must not be misunderstood. I indicate a possible consequence of the complete betrayal of China by the democracies of Europe and America. But I hope and believe that some centre, a core of strength, of courage, of will may survive Japan's work of death in China and that resistance shall go on in spite of any disaster.

British Policy In China

This leads me to invite you to a brief consideration of British policy in China. According to the British Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, your recent speech in the House of Commons meant "that when the time came, Britain would be ready to play her part in giving such assistance as China, its Government and its people might require to repair the terrible damage they have suffered, and to rehabilitate and re-equip their country for the years of peace which they hoped would come." He added that you "did not mean that Britain was looking to lend money to Japan to enable her to complete her domination of China."

I venture to suggest that you have not yet grasped the meaning of the tremendous transaction which Japan is carrying through in China. It differs deeply in purpose from the Opium Wars and other alien assaults on China since Britain first began to modify the historic environment in the midst of which the Chinese People have lived and worked during more than four millenarian years. The Opium Wars created, in the shape of Hongkong, the Treaty Ports and Extra territoriality, the territorial and political bases of the structure of foreign trade in China.

Meaning Of The Invasion

But the present war of invasion is a totalitarian operation whose purpose is the extinction of China as a member of the modern system of nations and her incorporation within the Japanese Empire: China is to share the fate of Korea. "Henceforth, the end of war" wrote Marshal Petain not long before the Japanese onset last year, "appears in its entirefulness and cruel distinctness: it is no longer the destruction of an army but of a nation". This dictum of the great Captain is confirmed by your recognition of Signor Mussolini's work in Abyssinia.

The time envisaged by you must come but, without some immediate external help, the "government" of the China which you promise to assist will be a Japanese organ masked in the long gowns of puppet Chinese and "its people" will be the slaves, politically and economically, of a Great Power whose soul is feudal but with hands, war-stained hands grasping the modern and scientific means of satisfying appetites and ambitions which are a denial of the international order for which England stands. To envisage financing the rehabilitation and re-equipment of such a "China, its Government and its people" must "mean that Britain was looking to lend money to Japan to enable her to complete her domination of China."

Choice Before Britain

As in Central Europe and in the Mediterranean so in Far Asia, you want peace, "appeasement". Peace in China is a vital British interest because peace is a condition of British trade in this region of Asia. Peace in China can be re-established in exactly one of the two ways offered to you when the Czech question confronted you: sacrifice China by yielding to General Itagaki, the Japanese war minister and representative of the military elements that actually rule Japan, "or Stand up to him with Soviet Russia at your side."

You know and General Itagaki knows that Britain alone cannot withstand Japan; and the Japanese soldier knows that France will do nothing unless Japan actually invades Indo-China and that America has not yet made up her mind to practise what she preaches about the covenanted word being the basis of civilised life. But General Itagaki also knows that Britain, with Soviet co-operation, can impose peace without sacrificing China.

In these circumstances neither British nor Chinese vital interests would be served if Britain alone should embark on peace mediation, as the British Ambassador's visit to General Chiang Kai-Shek, coupled with your recent references to China, might imply in spite of denials.

If you are not prepared to "mediate" with Soviet Russia at your side, I beg you to reconsider your present or contemplated approach to peace and try to implement British League obligations in a sense that leaves Britain without any commitments towards China or in any danger of a conflict with Japan. I have in mind the opinion held in certain high Chinese circles that the British Government would not view with favour the establishment of close Sino-Soviet relations in the spirit of the unwritten Kuomintang-Soviet understanding which first enabled the Kuomintang to begin the conquest of national power at Wuhan in 1927.

The fact that conditions differ fundamentally from those of 1927 does not appear to be convincing to the right wing within the National Government. Foreign imperialism was then on the defensive, wishing only to retain its treaty rights and privileges, whereas Japanese imperialism is today on the offensive, determined to conquer and annex China and necessarily to liquidate the treaty rights of other Foreign Powers. And equally unconvincing to the doubting Thomases within the Government is the view that, because Britain cannot assist China, she will hardly play the role of the "dog in the manger," more especially as the adoption of Dr. Sun-Yat-Sen's foreign policy of cooperation with Soviet Russia may serve not only the vital interests of China and those of Soviet Russia but the economic and political interests of Great Britain as the chief trading power in China and as an Asiatic and Pacific Power, interested in preventing any violent break-up of the existing territorial system in the Far East and any menace to the "status quo" in Australia. This is not unreal. To Japan, China is not only an end but a means. It is a means to enable Japan eventually to conquer Australia, some of the necessary space for her surplus population.

Soviet Foreign Policy

A word from you, through the British Ambassador, may help to subdue the misguided Chinese, few but influential, who still hope for assistance from Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy, the allies of the enemy, in negotiating "peace" with the enemy on terms that may leave some measure of power in their hands even though the hands are the hands of slaves.

Perhaps you may be moved in this sense if you understand the governing fact that, since Soviet Russia's entry into the League of Nations the external basis of Soviet security rests on Communist co-operation with bourgeois democracy against Fascism. The latter is now envisaged as the enemy because it is the type of capitalism which expresses itself in a state-structure that rests on war and makes for war. This is one of the reasons why the policy of the United Front in China and of the Popular Front in Europe has replaced the doctrine of world revolution as an active principle in the field of international affairs in this period of Fascist aggression. As I am not and have never been a Communist, I do not pretend to speak in the exact idiom of the eclat. But I believe that I am expressing the sense of the ideology underlying Soviet foreign policy: and on this point I draw no distinction between the doctrinal teachings of the Comintern and the political views of the Soviet Government.

Soviet Russia As A Peace Power

There is another reason. Soviet Russia is a Peace-Power in the precise sense in which Britain, France, the United States are Peace-Powers; and she finds herself opposed to Nazi Germany, Fascist Italy and Militarist Japan for the same material and moral reasons which compel the democratic Peace-Powers to be opposed to the three Aggressor-Powers. The latter demand a structural redistribution of the world in violation of rights which condition the life of civilised men and in utter disregard of restraints which distinguish men from beasts of prey.

If Greater Germany is being founded on the dead liberties of Europe north of the Alps and if Greater Japan is rising, soaked in the blood of slaughtered men in China, it is because the social and class prejudices of the ruling bourgeoise in Britain, in France, in the United States darken men's mind and vision and lead them to see in Soviet Russia a foe. But if peace is a vital British interest, then Soviet Russia must be recognised as a necessary ally of Britain. Even with French war-power and American war-power, British war-power will be unable to cope with the Aggressor-Powers. In the new world war which is now in the course of development, the decisive Power will be Soviet Russia with her immeasurable strength in men, in aeroplanes and other factors of war-power, and in her will and discipline of steel.

BASIC ARTS FOR CHILDREN

Jawahar Visits Wardha Training College

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 5.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who visited the Basic Training College at the week-end has expressed his great appreciation of the work being done there.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said, he was much impressed by the basic training that was being imparted to the children at Wardha. He said, children easily took to spinning and other basic arts. He was of the opinion that basic training will suit Indian students. In this view he was supported by one eminent educationist whom he met in Europe and with whom he discussed the scheme.

The Minister of Education also visited the College and expressed his satisfaction with the way training was imparted.

ALL PUBLIC MEETINGS BANNED

RANGOON, Dec. 6.

The District Magistrate of Rangoon has issued a notice banning all public meetings on the ground that controversial discussions might excite public feeling causing riots and affrays.—A. P.

WARDHAGANJ:—The Congress Party in the Nagpur Municipality has announced that the municipal dispute will be settled on Wednesday morning (Dec. 7) at a meeting of the Party to be held under the presidency of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj in his capacity as President of the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee to which the dispute has been referred.—United Press.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC CONCERNS

Figures Of Gross Revenue

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies report that the gross revenue (subject to adjustment) of the said Companies for the month of November, 1938 and for 5 months ended 30th November, 1938, were as compared with the corresponding periods of the previous financial year:—

	For the month of Nov. 1937.
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co Ltd.	Rs. 2,91,807
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd.	Rs. 4,22,141
Tata Power Co. Ltd.	Rs. 8,35,405
	For the month of Nov 1938
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd.	Rs. 2,85,937
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd.	Rs. 4,11,625
Tata Power Co. Ltd.	Rs. 7,64,607
	For financial year upto Nov 30, 1937
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd.	Rs. 16,76,381
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd	Rs. 20,17,221
Tata Power Co. Ltd.	Rs. 41,74,033
	For current financial year upto Nov. 30, 1938
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd.	Rs. 16,77,207
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd.	Rs. 19,52,945
Tata Power Co. Ltd.	Rs. 40,14,042

JAMSHEDPUR STEEL PRODUCTION

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Managing Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of November, 1938 was:—

	Tons.	
Pig Iron		76,900
Steel Ingots		76,300
Finished Steel—		
Semis for sale	10,100	
Finished	49,700	
		59,800

Produce Receipts

	Bombay, Dec 6
Wheat	889 cwts.
Linseed	158 cwts.
Gingellyseed	999 cwts.
Poppyseed	729 cwts.
Groundnuts	25,093 cwts.
Castorseeds	77 cwts.
Rice	6,197 cwts.
Myrabollams	428 cwts.
Cottonseed	9,495 cwts.
Gram	2,211 cwts.
Jeowar	2,211 cwts.
Barley	1,689 cwts.
Bajree	1,705 cwts.
Indian sugar	939 cwts.

PATENTEX

PRICE Per Tube: Rs. 3-8-0

AN IDEAL CONTRACEPTIVE PREPARATION

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POULTRY PROPAGANDA CALENDARS FOR 1939

ANNAS 2 EACH

BY POST 4 ANNAS

AGENTS WANTED ALL OVER INDIA

APPLY SOON:

THE ASIAN POULTRY INSTITUTE

11, CONNAUGHT ROAD, POONA.

Handsome Discount to the Trade.

DISTRIBUTORS IN BOMBAY:

HATHI BROTHERS

PANALAL TERRACE, NEAR PERRY, GRANT ROAD.

WHY DO MOST MEN PREFER KREMENTZ STUDS?

1—Because they last indefinitely

2—Will not tarnish even in most humid weather

3—Are the most satisfactory and most economical in the long run

4—Made of 14 kt rolled gold plate

KREMENTZ

Look for the Name KREMENTZ stamped on bottom of every stud

KREMENTZ QUALITY JEWELLERY

Safely Rely on AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS

BOMBAY AND MADRAS

LIKE NEW AFTER YEARS OF WEAR—

thanks to home washing with SUNLIGHT SOAP

Because of its purity, high quality and mildness Sunlight Soap is safe for hands too.

★

Use Sunlight Soap for the *daily* wash too! Garments that must be washed every day are kept fresh and fragrant when Sunlight is used.
A good soaping, a squeeze through the rich suds, a thorough rinse, and your garments are spotlessly clean.
Wash the Sunlight way, every day.

Clothes washed with Sunlight Soap last much longer than clothes washed with cheap harsh soaps. That is why lakhs of householders all over India are insisting on having their washing done at home, where they can be certain that only Sunlight Soap is used. Sunlight Soap, made from the purest vegetable oils with no harmful ingredients, gets out all the dirt without the need for harmful rubbing and beating which damages fabrics. Sunlight is very thorough and very gentle too—so it's safe for your fine garments and washable coloureds as well as for the big white wash.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Ask for the NEW convenient carton containing two large divided tablets.

INDIA'S *most popular soap—made in* INDIA *from pure vegetable oils by* INDIAN LABOUR

X-S 1275-288A

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON NINE POINTS UP

Traders Awaiting Bureau Report

GILT-EDGED WEAKER

Gold Declines

BOMBAY: DEC. 6

NEW YORK COTTON

The Cotton displayed better feeling to-day on better Eastern cables and higher Alexandrian advices. Traders generally are awaiting Bureau report.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

General business was poor, as there was no support. Oils, Home Industrials and Rubbers were dull and easier.

Gilt-edged Securities were weaker.

BULLION

London Gold was fixed for £7-8-1 compared with £7-8-3 1/2.

Silver improved by 1/8d.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

New York, Dec. 6.

Previous closing	8.15
To-day's opening	8.20
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	8.24
Difference	+.09

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

Liverpool, Dec. 6.

Previous closing	4.52
To-day's opening	4.58
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing	4.59
Difference	+.07

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1938	Rs. 156-8
July August	Rs. 157-12

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec. 6.

The New York cotton displayed better feeling to-day following strength of Eastern cables and higher Alexandria advices but the absence of stimulating factors at home restrained operations. In the meanwhile traders generally are awaiting Bureau report. The trading in March began at 8.20 i.e. five points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on better outside cables and scattered trade buying but thereafter the demand slowed down with the price confining to narrow margin.

BOMBAY COTTON Late Trading

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Broach April/May opened to-night at Rs. 155-4 and dropped a little to Rs. 155. Later, the price advanced to Rs. 156-4 but the market closed finally at Rs. 156-2 when New York position was seven points higher.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 6.

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.38/8.38) 8.44/8.43
January (8.09/8.08) 8.24/8.24
March (8.09/8.07) 8.20/8.19

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec. 6.

American January (4.60) 4.57
American March (4.60) 4.57
Egyptian January (7.32) 7.31
Egyptian March (7.28) 7.27

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Dec. 6.

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2) 1-3 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 3/4) 1-6 3/4

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop December January (£18 3/4 sellers) £18 3/4 sellers.

Dundee December (£22 1/4) £22 1/4

Lightning December (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 15/16 buyers and paid) 7 13/16 buyers

Forward February (8 paid and value) 7 15/16 paid and sellers.

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay December January (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers.

Linseed La Plata December (£10 13/16 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal January (£10 sellers) £9 15/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£212 3/4 buyers £213 sellers. Barely steady) £213 1/2 buyers £213 3/4 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£15 3/16 buyers £15 1/4 sellers. Easier) £15 1/8 buyers £15 3/16 sellers. Irregular.

Electrolytic Copper (£47 3/4 to £48 3/4) £48 to £48 3/4

Iron (112) 112

WHEAT AND LINSEED Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 6.

Wheat January	3 15 6
Wheat May	3 3 3
Linseed May	5 0 0

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Dec. 6.

Previous closing	4.69 5/8
To-day's opening	4.68 5/8
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.69 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Dec. 6.

Previous closing	4.69.56
To-day's opening	4.69.87
To-day's closing	4.69.31

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Dec. 6.

Previous closing	177.63
To-day's opening	177.62
To-day's closing	177.40

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec. 6.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.69.87 and then improved to 4.69.96 on good support, subsequently reacting to 4.69.37 on some pressure.

Franc opened at 177.62 and then appreciated slightly to 177.57 on scattered buying.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32) 1-5 29/32
Paris on Bombay (13.247) 13.241
New York on Bombay (35.00) 35.09
Berlin on Bombay (87 3/8) 87 3/8
London on Milan (89.20) 89.15
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/8 nominal) 0-8 1/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-3 1/2) 7-8-1
Silver (20d.) 20 1/8d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 15/16 per cent
4 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 15/16 per cent
6 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 15/16 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Dec. 6.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Little general buying small offerings. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec. 6.

Spot	(20d) 20 1/8d+1/8
Forward	(19 5/16d) 19 7/16d+1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec. 6.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-3 1/2) £7-8-1

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 6.

SILVER

Silver ready	50 11 0
Silver Posh	50 8 0
Silver Mah	50 7 0

GOLD

Gold ready	37 4 0
Gold Posh	37 4 3
Gold Mah	37 4 5
Sovereign	23 12 0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec. 6.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with Dec. at 55 1/4d. The market was fairly active following steadier overseas cables and the sale of Australian cargo

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec. 6.

Chicago wheat opened steady with Dec. at 0.64 1/4 The market displayed some activity following better outside enquiry and local buying influenced by steadiness of overseas cables with the price rising to 0.64 3/4.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Dec. 6.

The closing quotation for December is 55 5/8d. The previous close was 55d.

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 6.

3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper closed at Rs 98-1-0 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec. 6.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 3/4.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Friday, November 25 £91 1/4
Monday, November 28, £90 3/4
Tuesday, November 29, £90 3/4
Wednesday, November 30, £90 7/8
Thursday, December 1, £90 1/4 Ex Div
Friday, December 2, £90 1/4
Monday, December 5, £90

INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec. 6.

5-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£90) £89 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/2) £111
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115) £115
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£105 3/4) £105 1/2
3 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/59 (£101 3/4) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£103 1/4) £103

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£70 5/8) £70 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 1/4) £98 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103) £102 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£108 3/8) £106 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 3/4) £98 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£107 1/2) £107 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec. 6.

The London Stock Exchange displayed some activity.

Giltedged securities were quietly steady. Three and half per cent was quoted at £89 1/2 i.e. ten shillings lower than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-7 1/2) 16-3
Motors and Spancer Ordinary (56-3 Ex Div) 56-3
Hydro Electric (dol 4 3/4) dol 4 3/4
Elec Music Industry (11-0) 11-0
Princhin Johnson (25-3) 25-3
Imperial Chemical (30-7 1/2) 30-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (58) 57-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£19 1/2) £17 3/8
Dunlop Rubber (24-0) 23-6
Unilever Ordinary (37-6) 37-0
Ford Motors (17-4 1/2) 17-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£36 3/4) £36 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (100-0) 97-6
Carreas A (£8 3/8 Ex Div) 8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (132-6) 129-4 1/2
P and O S N. Company Deferred (22-3) 22-3
Distillers (91-0) 89-10 1/2
Bredford Dyes (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-9) 3-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (36-1 1/2) 36-1 1/2
Courtauids Ordinary (28-4 1/2) 27-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-6) 2-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (23-6) 23-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 55 3/8 Ex Div.) 55 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Donaro Tea (36.3) 36.3
Empire of India (23-9) 23-1 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-9) 26-0
Gula Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (28-6) 28-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40-0) 40-0
Burma Corporation (9-0) 9-0
Rio Tintos (£14 1/4) £14 1/8
East Rand Proprietors (55-7 1/2) 55-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16) £15 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (72-6) 70-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (90) 90
Sub Nigel (£11 7/8) £11 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (30-7 1/2) 30-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 1/4) £8 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (22-8) 21-10 1/2
Anglo Iranian (52-6) 52-6
Burma Oil (84-4 1/2) 84-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-10 1/2) 4-10 1/2
Shell Transport (81-3) 81-3
Royal Dutch (£36 5/8) £36 3/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 1/4) £27 1/4
London Midland and Ordinary (£12 1/8) £11 3/4
London North Eastern Def. (£2 1/4) £2 1/4
Southern Def (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£118) £118
London Transport 'C' (£78) £77

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LOWER TREND IN ALL GROUPS

Exchanges Erratic

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 6.

On the Stock Exchange French selling of Giltedged securities and Kaffirs, together with Mr. Pirow's statement in which he voices the opinion that Europe is drifting into war unless there is a complete change of outlook, caused a generally lower trend in all groups, although an exhaustion of selling in the afternoon allowed the development of a steadier undertone.

Foreign Exchange market was active and generally erratic apart from French Franc, which appreciated strongly despite official intervention.

Wall Street opened irregular, and then was firm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec. 6.

General Motors (dol 47 3/8) dol 47 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 32 3/8 Ex Div) dol 32 5/8
U S Common New Stock (dol 61 3/8) do. 62
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

WOOL SALES

There was poor selection with moderate competition. Home trade and continent equal buyers.

Greasy Inferior to Superior.
Lower (0-7 1/2) 0-8 1/2
Higher (1-2 1/4) 1-3
Secured Inferior to Superior.
Lower (1-0 1/2) 1-1 1/2
Higher (2-1 1/2) 2-0

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Dec. 6.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton Jan.	15	8	3
Sind cotton March	15	7	3
Punjab Jan.	12	15	3
Punjab March	12	15	3
Desi American Jan.	17	15	3
Desi American March	17	14	6
Tone weak:			
Wheat Dec.	20	14	6
Wheat Jan.	20	15	6
Wheat March	21	1	0
Wheat July	22	12	0
Tone steady.			
Gram Dec.	28	15	6
Gram Jan.	28	12	0
Gram July	24	14	0
Toria Dec.	35	5	0
Toria Feb.	34	7	0
Toria March	35	2	0
Cottonseed Jan.	19	3	3
Cottonseed March	19	0	0

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Steady

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

Jutes ruled quiet but steady, and the volume of business was limited. Coals were more or less neglected. In teas although business took place on limited scale undertone continued steady. Indian Iron and Steel and other speculative issues ruled quiet while other industrials kept more or less unchanged. Government securities continued to rule easier.

The following were to-day's closing quotations:—

Govt. securities:—Three per cent new loan 1963/65 98/4 small lot; three and half per cent Govt. paper 98/2, four per cent 1960/70 loan 111/3 small lot, five per cent 1945/55 loan 116/5 small lot, four per cent 1948 Punjab bonds 107/12 small lot.

Banks:—Central 31 small lot, Reserve 115/8.

Dehri Rohtas Railway 16

Cotton:—Elgin 115.

Coals:—Aldih 5, Bengal 340, Burrakur 14/4, Equitable 35/6, East Indian 24/14, Hurriladih 15/14, Jainty Central 1/15, Mundulpoor 9/12, Raneegunge 34, Union 25/6.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 304/8, Cheviot 153, Howrah 50/14, Hukumchand ord 5/10, Hukumchand pref 32, small lot, Kamarhatty 455, National 20/8, Nuddea 36/3 small lot, Presidency 3/3.

Miscellaneous:—Burma corporation 6, Consolidated tin 6/13, Indian copper 2/4, Rhodesia copper 1/9, Tavoy tin 1/8, Bengal potteries 5/12, Dalmia cement ord 9/14, Indian Galvanizing 20/4, Indian iron and steel 30/10, Indian malleable casting defd 1/14, Kumardhubi engineering pref 66, small lot, Marshalls 1/14 small lot, Steel corpn. ord 9/4, Associated hotel pref 76, B I corpn. ord 3/2, Calcutta safe deposit 6/10 small odd lot, Indian cables 10/6, Indian National Airways ord 8/12, Indian wood products 24/12, Kalimpong Ropeway 10/4, Indu-Burma petroleum pref 127, tide water oil 13/2, small lots, Titaghur paper second preference 103/8 small odd lot, Balrampore sugar 94, Buland 14/8, Carew and Co. new ord 11/8, Punjab sugar ord 194, Upper India sugar ("A" ordy Rs. 100 paid up) 110, do (b ordy Rs. 25 paid up) 27-8.

Teas:—Betjan 20/8, Bishnauth 22/4, Eastern Cachar 9/4, East India 8/5, Moheema 8-4, Murphulani pref ordy 4/4, Soanai river ord 14/4 small lots.

Debentures:—Three per cent 1963/68 Calcutta Improvement Trust 96/8, three and quarter per cent 1956/66, Howrah Bridge 103/2 small ot.—A.P.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 6th December 1938. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,47,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-8-9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-8-6 allotted approximately 76 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-13-6 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 1,50,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 13th December 1938. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 16th December 1938. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 2nd December 1938, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 26,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 7th December to 12th December 1938 at Rs. 99-8-9 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months intermediates sold from 30th November to 5th December 1938 amounted to Rs. 10,50,000.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Dec 6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent paper	98/2
4 per cent 1960/70	111/1
5 per cent 1945/55	116/9

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	115/8
Bank of Hindusthan	31/4
Bank of India	149
Central Bank	29/14
Imperial Bank F P	157/5
Imperial Bank P P	385
Indian Overseas Bank	45/8
Reserve Bank	115/8
Union Bank	5/12

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles	500
Ambica	237/8
Arun	226/4
Arvind	1283/12
Asok	201/14
Bharatkhand	250)
Bombay Dyeing	863/12
Buckingham and Carnatics	201/8
Calico	606/4
Central India	232/3
Century	235/10
Colaba	143/2
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	405
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	152/8
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	55
Jubilee	203/12
Khatau Makanji	117/8
Kohinoor	251/4
Laxmi Cotton	520
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	99/6
Morarji	135
Mysore	88/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	213/2
Raipur	702/8
Rajnagar	222/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	/1
Sholapur	3225
Simplex	76/4
Swadeshi	215
Vishnu	1250

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord	1415
Tata Hydro Ord	153/7
Tata Power Ord	1297/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	139/6
Ajmer Electrics	12/8
Amalgamated	12/4
Bombay Suburban	148/12
Bombay Tram	123/12
Surat Electrics	172/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Air Services of India	5/8
Alcock Ashdown	340
Associated Cements	106/12
Belapur	183/2
Bombay Burma New	180/10
Bombay Burma Old	511/4
Bombay Steam	215
Bombay Telephone	82
Br B Petrol	3/9
Premier Construction	64/12
Dalmia Cement	9/8
Indian Bleaching	123/12
Industrial Investment Tr	41/6
Indian Radio Ord	385/10
Indian Radio Defd	390
Indian Copper	2/4
Indian Iron	30/6
Mysore Sugar	30
Port Canning	73/8
Premier Construction	54/12
Rohtas Industries	25/10
Scindia Steam	18/4
Shivrajpur	48/4
Tata Oil	45/8
Tata Steel Ordy	309
Tata Steel Defd	1482/8

JUTES

Birla Jute	14/8
Howrah	50/9
Hukumchand	6
Kamarhatty	466
Kanknarrah	347
Lawrence	330
Reliance XD	56/8

AMRAOTI COTTON MARKET

C. P. Governor's Visit

(From A Correspondent)

AMRAOTI, Dec. 5.

His Excellency the Governor of C. P. and Berar, paid a visit to the world's biggest cotton market, the Amraoti Cotton Market on Saturday, where he was introduced to Seth Ramnath Beyarie, Chairman, Seth J. R. Malpani, ex-Chairman, Dr P. S. Deshmukh, ex-Minister and other members of the Committee.

The secretary, Mr. M. B. Chaubal had made arrangements for His Excellency to see the actual working of the market. His Excellency inspected the building for the cotton growers, the godowns, the garden of the Committee where he was garlanded and the visit terminated after a photograph with the Committee and the staff.

Aurangabad Arrests

AURANGABAD (By Mail).

To-day at 5-30 p.m. the fifth dictator Mr. Tukaram Bhole offered himself to Satyagraha.

The dictator with his three organising secretaries was soon arrested by the police.

Another batch of students headed by Mr. Ramchandra Deshpande was arrested to-day in another part of the city as they offered Satyagraha on behalf of the State Congress.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Dec. 6.

B I S N s.s. Barpeta of 1892 reg tons Capt J L Durkee arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports Karachi and Kathiawar Coast Ports with passengers and general cargo.

Turner Morrison s.s. Pundit of 3195 reg tons Capt E G Duncan arrived from Rangoon via Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports with rice timber and general cargo.

L Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano of 13682 reg tons Capt G Ferrara arrived from Genoa via Naples Port Said Aden with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

L Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano of 13682 reg tons Capt G Ferrara sailed for Shanghai via Colombo Singapore and Manila with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

O S K s.s. Ryufuku Maru of 4259 reg tons Capt J Yamaki sailed for Calcutta in water ballast

B I S N s.s. Hareofield of 3212 reg tons Capt J Mackenzie sailed for Calcutta in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 6-12-38.

S S Ryoyo Maru (MBK) for Japan Ports via Port Div Port Okha and Karachi

S S Kanto Maru (OSK) for China Japan Ports via Bedi Bunder Marmagoa and Karachi.

S S Lichtenfels (LE) for Europe and American Ports via Aden

S S Djambi (Vo! Bros) for Cochin Colombo Penang Singapore and Manila Java Ports and American Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Dec. 6.

1 Takliwa 3742 Durban 7-12 M M
3 Costalia 4171 Karachi 10-12 Anchor Line
5 Atlanta City 3450 Calcutta 7-12 M M
7 City of Canterbury 5290 Karachi 9-12 K Nixon
9 Weissenfels 4852 Karachi 8-12 L Edwards
12 Bhutan 2912 Japan 8-12 M M
14 Treuenfels 5190 Antwerp 8-12 L Edwards
16 Viceroy of India 10027 London 10-12 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Barpeta 1892 P Gulf 7-12 M M
4 Varela 1926 Busra 8-12 M M
5 Janaki 530 Malabar Coast 7-12 Malabar S Ltd.
7 Kioto 2030 Karachi 7-12 J Finlay
8 Pundit 3199 Cutch Ports 7-12 T Morrison

PRINCE'S DOCK

P Hashemi 298 tons N F N F S Hassum
C/R Jalarashmi 2681 Madras 7-12 Scindia S N
N/O Jalamani 2346 N F N F Scindia S N
G Sophie Marie 677 Karachi 6-12 Merchant O N
K Islami 3617 Jeddah 12-12 T Morrison
Q Oostcappelle 348 Malabar Coast 6-12 Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathaird 29-12-38 P and O
Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N
Bhutan 10-12-38 P and O S N
Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N
Nagpore 21-12-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

Kioto 2-12-38 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Christania 9-12-38 K Nixon
Cilicia 9-12-38 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Goldenfels 23-12-38 L Edward
Aagtekerk 23-12-38 L Edwards
Trifels 17-12-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Simla 22-12-38 L Edwards
Sumatra 9-12-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Monroe 22-12-38 F F Campbell
City of Elwood 9-12-38 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 5-12-38 Lloyd Triestino.
Carignano 4-12-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N
Rvfuku Maru 29-11-38 O S Kalsya
Conte Verde 10-12-38 L Triestino
Nagato Maru 14-12-39 N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru 29-11-38 N Y Kaisha
Kawato Maru 5-12-38 O S K
Jademoor 14-12-38 O S Kaisha
Mirzapore 10-12-38 P and O

FROM RANGOON

Golconda 9-12-38 M M

FROM BASRA

Bandra 8-12-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Strathallan 2-12-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 16-12-38 P and O S N
Naringa 6-12-38 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalavijaya 2-12-38 Scindia S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 10-12-38 M M
Tairea 24-12-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 8-12-38 M M
Wartenfels 1-12-38 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Corfu 7-1-39 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 10-12-38 P and O S N
Somali 30-12-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 17-12-38 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 10-12-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 31-12-38 P and O S N
Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Circassia 2-12-38 Anchor Line
Celicia 23-12-38 Anchor Line
City of Benares 2-12-38 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 8-12-38 L Edwards
Lichtenfels 8-12-38 L Edward
Treuenfels 8-12-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

City of Auckland 4-12-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Monroe 24-12-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 23-12-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 5-1-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino
Jademoor 28-12-38 O S Kaisha
Lahore 15-12-38 P and O
Bhutan 8-12-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O
Nagato Maru 31-12-38 N Y Kaisya
Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N
Tango Maru 15-12-38 N Y Kaisha
Kawato Maru 23-12-38 O S Kaisha

FOR CALCUTTA

Haresfield 6-12-38 M M
Carignano 5-12-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 29-12-38 P and O S N
Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bandra 14-12-38 M M
Varela 8-12-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 21-12-38 M M
Takliwa 7-12-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

El Madina 23-12-38 Scindia S N
Islami 12-12-38 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Tango Maru 2-12-38 N Y Kaisha
Vita 10-12-38 M M
Castalia 10-12-38 Anchor Line
Kioto 7-12-38 J Finlay
Weissenfels 8-12-38 L Edwards
City of Canterbury 9-12-38 K Nixon

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Ryufuku Maru 5-12-38
S S Strathalan (boats) 5-12-38
S S Kalarand 5-12-38
S S Parvati 5-12-38
S S Harafield 5-12-38
S S Barpeta 5-12-38
S S Sonavati 5-12-38

EXPORTS

Bombay, Dec. 6.

S S Castalia for Liverpool: 130 bags gr nut kernels H Manilal; 4960 bags gr nut cake K Devchand; 39 dms castor oil L Abercrombie; 833 bags gr nut kernels S M Rajgor; 161 bags fenngrick seed S M Rajgor; 58 bags turmeric S M Rajgor; 129 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 100 bales raw wool D Abraham.

For Glasgow: 52 dms castor oil L Abercrombie; 50 dms castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill and Mfg.

For Manchester: 100 dms castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill and Mfg.; 26 dms castor oil L Abercrombie; 100 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 158 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 110 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

S S Truenfels for Hamburg: 4800 bags gr nut oil cake H Rawji; 115 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

For Rotterdam: 4000 pkts gr nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 10 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham.

For Piracus: 17 bales d/s cow hides and buffalo hides D Abraham.

For Copenhagen: 55 bales cotton twist waste Sapt T Products (India).

For Bergen: 500 bags gr nut oil cake K Prasad.

S S Viceroy of India for London: 50 bales wool raw C Lister; 7 bales cow hides tanned Ralli Bros; 200 bales clean cotton fly V A Save; 308 bales clean cotton fly Sapt T Products (India) 124 bags gr nut seed B Balwant; 3353 bags gr nut oil cake Ralli Bros; 225 bags chillies D Abraham; 47 cases bristles D Abraham; 70 cases isubgul husks The Fazalbhai Ibrahim; 496 bags gr nut kernels G Gokalchand; 124 bags gr nut kernels Ramvallabh; 27 bales sheep skins tanned K Lalbhai.

For Ghent: 220 bales raw cotton S Karamshi.

For Halifax: 3300 bags gr nut seed B Balwant.

For Suez in Transit: 20 bales cotton bichd shirting N Wadia.

For Marseilles: 248 bags musard seed Volkart Bros.

S S City of Canterbury for Liverpool: 27 bales wool raw H A Pauju.

For Antwerp: 165 bales raw cotton The Patel Cotton; 220 bales raw cotton B Cursondas.

For Marseilles: 113 bags gum M J Moula.

For Dunkerk: 165 bales raw cotton N Rajaram; 550 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

S S Lichtenfels for Rotterdam: 332 bags gum R Nathalal.

For Hamburg: 110 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha; 61 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham.

For Antwerp: 10 cases celluloid scrap The National Transport.

S S Djambi for New York: 325 bags psyllium seeds D Abraham; 10 bales raw kidskins D Abraham; 110 bales cotton waste clean D Abraham.

For Philadelphia: 339 bales raw wool D Abraham; 122 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham.

S S Bhutan for Hangkong: 300 bags till seed A Esmail; 333 bags gum A Esmail; 20 bales zedori roots A Esmail; 25 bags apricots A Esmail 300 bags till seed E Mauji; 15 bags fish maws L Dewraj; 25 bags gum E Maujee.

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

S S Ryoyo Maru for Osaka: 240 bags alluminium scrap P Mathradas.

IMPORTS

S S Wartenfels Agent Lionel Edwards from Hamburg: 45 dms caustic potash; 76 cases machinery; 45 cases standard expeller; 101 cases hurricane lanterns; 132 cases camphor powder; 385 ccs tiles; 62 cases accumulators; 851 i/dms dyes dry; 100 dms bleaching powder; 658 dms lubg. oil; 206 cases wire nails; 50 dms permagnate of potash; 55 cases unexposed films; 70 bags iron washers; 340 coils lead pipes; 95 cases gablong goods; 167 cases padlocks; 54 dms magnesium chloride; 202 bdls and pcs brass round rods; 450 pcs steel poles; 539 bales paper; 204 carboys acetic acid; 127 cases y m circles; 100 cases milk in tins; 350 pcs timber aspenlogs; 550 cases school slates; 584 bdls sewing machines.

From Bremen: 120 bags silicious earth; 57 bxs single parts for a frame filter press; 60 cases brass wire; 761 d/bags rivets; 47 bales rubber carriage tyring; 48 bdls auto springs; 4000 bdls baling hoops; 69 bdls plywood; 543 pcs aspenwood; 575 bdls steel bars; 300 bags tiles; 155 cases heel tips; 71 bales cycle tyres; 1817 rings motor car preum covers; 378 cases iron hinges; 51 cases bicycle accessories; 94 cases India rubber goods; 50 cases nails; 340 cases tin plates; 326 cts empty glass bottles; 331 bags bolts and nuts; 622 cases beer; 67 cases padlocks; 289 bdls iron conduct tubes; 100 i/dms soap powder.

Extensive Liquidation In N. Y. Market

FEARS OF SUBSIDY ON AMERICAN COTTON EXPORTS

Trade And Local Buying With Covering At Decline

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

Sudden developments of new factors disturbed American Cotton markets where heavy long liquidation depressed prices.

Main influences were fears of cotton exports to be subsidised in the same way as wheat and Mr. Wallace's advocacy for lower-priced loans and his disclosure regarding the extent of competition from rayon.

Uncertainty over European political situation also helped the decline and the general confidence is impaired.

No drastic change is expected in U.S.A. Farm policy and Farmers are reported to be in favour of quota for 1939.

Any way the market will continue shaky till the result of the Farmers' referendum is known by the end of the week.

Heavy long liquidation has improved the technical situation of the market and it will be inadvisable to follow the decline at the moment.

Sentiment on the New York cotton Exchange was influenced somewhat on Monday by the commodity Exchange Administration's investigation of December position and by the growing uncertainties over the future Government Farm policy. The American Co-operative Association is estimating the crop at 12,009,000 Bales. It says that answers to the Farm referendum questionnaire indicate that 85 per cent. are in favour of the maintenance of the Farm Quotas in 1939.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened barely steady and declined on lower Liverpool cables, active hedge selling, liquidation and foreign selling, especially Bombay and Liverpool. The market later became quieter on expectations that more cotton will move into the loan at lower levels. Later prices rallied on trade and local buying and covering.

At the opening March was quoted 5 points down at 8.09 and declined to 8.03 which was the lowest level. Later on prices rallied to 8.17 which was the highest level for the day and the session closed at a rise of 3 points to unchanged. Spot cotton prices were raised one point at 8.60c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton market after being weak at the opening improved on covering and closed at a net decline of 1 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices closed 2 points down at 8.35c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton market opened unchanged with March 4.65. Confidence was lacking in sympathy with dullness of textile, very unsound statistical situation. Farm programme uncertainties and obscure European political outlook. There was tired long liquidation and hedging with Bombay buying. Later there was heavy general state bull liquidation and stopless selling. The demand was poor. The recent private deal with the United States caused fears of possible dumping of loan cotton. The market declined considerably near months closed at a loss of 14 to 7 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 4.96d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

This section also met with heavy selling pressure and Giza futures closed 16 to 18 points down with Uppers 15 to 11 points lower. The Alexandria cotton market was weak. Sakels declined 40 to 46 points and Ashmouni contracts lost 30 to 18 points.

SYNTHETIC FIBRES.

The synthetic textile fibres which have come so much to the fore in the last two or three decades have been derivatives of cellulose or casein, which, like the natural textile fibres, are of vegetable or animal origin. The new fibre which the du Pont concern is now producing on a small scale at Wilmington and is to produce on a large scale at the projected plant at Seaford—as mentioned in these notes last week—marks a new departure, accordingly, as it is prepared from raw materials of the mineral kingdom. Coal, water, and air are mentioned as typical of the materials used in its preparation so that Nylon, as the new fibre has been named, should excite much interest in the countries which aim at autarchy.

NYLON GROUP.

The principal physical characteristic of the Nylon group of synthetic polymeric amides are stated to be toughness, strength, and ability to be formed into fibres and also into other shapes, such as bristles and sheets. Brush bristles, racquet strings, fishing lines, transparent wrapping film, plastic compositions, and textile finishing agents are among the articles which, it is claimed, the new material can provide, while it is also stated to have many textile uses in both the weaving and the knitting industries.

Nylon, like natural silk, is a polyamide with a protein-like structure, capable of being spun into filaments of extreme fineness and of taking a very high twist. It is these properties which lead to the belief that it will prove especially valuable for the hosiery industry.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (1-47 p.m.)	8.17+03
New York March lowest (10-32 a.m.)	8.03—11
Liverpool March highest	4.65
Liverpool March lowest	4.51—14

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market opened one decline to one advance. Declined on long liquidation. Short selling uncovering stops. Belated hedge selling.

Decline owing to continued 'Bull' liquidation. Our opinion is that the market will not give way much at present for old crop months owing to loan.

General liquidation influenced mainly by fears cotton exports will be subsidised in same way as wheat. Sentiment also affected by Wallace's advocacy lower-priced loans and his disclosure extent of competition from rayon. Recent decline reflects wide-spread lack of confidence in present Washington policy and expectations of drastic revision of Farm Act by Congress.

New York: Foreign and Liverpool selling absorbed by trade and local buying Hedge selling light.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their New York friends:

'General liquidation absorbed by fixing on buyers' call. Shorts covering. Do not think market will go much lower.'

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:

Their Liverpool Agents cabled:

Declined on unsettled foreign affairs and anticipation drastic revision American cotton policy. Liverpool particularly weak owing fears subsidised sales cotton like recent wheat transactions. Although anticipate modifications Farm programme eventually, think expectations early action in this direction premature. Decline overdone.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Sentiment here depressed over fears farm legislative changes. Fair amount liquidation think decline gone far enough.

Market weak on political situation and uncertainty policy U. S. A. Government our opinion no change likely latter

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co's cable:

Cotton upto December 10 may go lower. If Government programme approved think market should recover quickly.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Dec 5

December	8.38
January	8.19+03
March	8.15+01
May	7.96+03
July	7.71+01
October	7.40+01
Middling Spot	8.60+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Dec 5

December	8.46—03
January	8.29—02
March	8.25—01
Middling Spot	8.35—02

NEW YORK
New York, Dec 5

11-00 A.M. RANGES—	
December	8.27/8.27
January	8.09/8.09
March	8.06/8.06
NOON CALL—	
March	8.08

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Dec 5

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	28,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	13,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	22,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Dec 5

November	deleted
December	4.52—14
January	4.52—13
February	4.52—13
March	4.52—13
April	4.51—12
May	4.50—11
June	4.48—11
July	4.47—10
August	4.43—09
September	4.39—08
October	4.35—07
November	4.36—07
December	4.37—07
Middling Spot	4.96—05
	10-12 a.m. quotations
January	4.64
March	4.64

LONDON SEEDS
London, Dec 5

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton	
Dec sellers	10-16-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton	
Dec sellers	12-2-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton	
Dec sellers	12-8-9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton	
Dec Jan sellers	11-10-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton	
Dec Jan sellers	10-17-6

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Dec 5

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels	
Jan Feb sellers	22/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	
Jan Feb sellers	23
Wheat South Australian parcels	Unquoted

LINSEED OIL
London, Dec 5

Linseed oil London per cwt naked	
Dec sellers	22/6
Linseed oil London per cwt naked	
Jan April sellers	22/4 1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, Dec 5

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb	
Sellers	7 7/8

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Dec 5

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality	5 3/4

LONDON SPELTER
London, Dec 5

Spelter Hard (Indian brand) f o b	12 to 14 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec 6

Following a rise of one point in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 155/14 and steadily declined to Rs. 154/12 on heavy general selling. It was feared that any subsidy on exports of American cotton will have disastrous effect on Indian cotton prices. It is too early to form any reliable opinion but it is certain that confidence is lacking in the market and prices are giving way. The tone of the market was easy.

Later prices declined to Rs. 154/8 but Liverpool opening at a rise of 6 points hardened prices to Rs. 155. Later Liverpool was 5 points up and prices in the local market was quoted at Rs. 154/12. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—				
Broach A/M	Rs.	154	12	0
Broach J/A		156	0	0
Fine M G—				
Oomra D/J		142	6	0
Oomra March		141	6	0
F G M G—				
Bengal D/J		117	8	0
Bengal March		118	10	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec 6

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	125	122	119		116
Punjab	125	122	119		116
Rajputana	125	122	119		116
Oomra No. 3	152	149	146		143
C P No. 1	168	165	162		159
C P No. 2	159	156	153		150

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec 6

Bengal Superfine 126/27 Dec +6 1/2 Jan +5
Bengal Fine 123/24 Dec +4 1/2 Jan +4
Bengal F G 121/22
C P 1 160/62 Dec +15 Jan +14
C P 2 150/51 Dec +8 Jan +7
Arvi 151/52
Amraoti 147/48
Ellichpur 150/51
Berar 149/49 Dec +4 Jan +3
Malkapur 146/47
Khandesh 137/40
Jalna Sailu 142/46
Burwah Sanavad 148/49
Khandwa 148/49
Mathia F G Dec —15 Jan —19
Broach March +2 1/2
Punjab 4 F Dec +26
Punjab 289 F Dec +58
Sindh N T 202/04

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec 6

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	2 days	This year	Last year
Khandesh	929	5,485	891
Central India	1,051	39,811	184
Barsi and Nagar	345	6,909	2,810
Hyderabad Gaorani		336	497
Berar	1,606	23,296	9,302
Central Provinces	120	12,654	1,116
Total Oomras	4,051	88,491	14,800
Dholera	2,634	44,072	1,958
N W Provinces	48	386	1,177
Rajputana	99	5,236	72
Sind Punjab	1,479	58,774	76,453
Broach		11,408	1,406
Coompta & Dharwar	139	10,268	6,501
Westerns Northerns	518	8,322	804
Cocoanada		1	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,683	809
American		512	3,659
Egyptian African and Sudan	226	107,365	102,026
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		6	370
Total	9,194	336,524	210,047

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 1st Dec

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	770	45,255	45,964
Japan and China	800	301,473	58,600
Coast Ports		9,807	20,643
Up-country by Rail		79,933	93,221
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		2,704	8,101
Total	1,570	438,972	226,529

American Cotton Figures

	1938-39	1937-38
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 5-12-38	2748000	5152000
Receipts yesterday 5-12-38	28000	41000
Exports to date 5-12-38	1705000	2780000
Stock at Ports 2-1-38	3143000	3629000
Stock at Interior Towns 2-1-38	3504000	2543000
Stock at Liverpool 2-1-38	1075000	964000
Visible Supply 25-1-38	8008000	7452000
Quantity in sight 25-1-38	6601000	9132000
Quantity out of sight 2-1-38	4228000	4561000

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec 6

December	202.50
January	201.40
March	201.70

OSAKA COTTON

Osaka, Dec 6

February	52.20
March	52.20

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Dec 5

GIZA—	
Spot	7.75—10
January	7.24—16
March	7.20—16
May	7.18—18
GIZA NO. 2—	
January	7.28—17
March	7.32—17
May	7.33+13
July	7.34—17
UPPER—	
Spot	6.09—11
January	5.93—14
March	5.96—13
May	5.98—14
July	5.99—15
October	5.89—15
November	5.77—11

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Dec 6

Yesterday London gold prices declined 4d to £7-8-3 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was 8 points down at 177.65. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.68 5/8. London silver prices declined 1/8d. to 2od. for Spot and Forward quotation was 1/16d. down at 19 5/16d. India sold and American trade bought at the decline. The market was steady and sellers were reserved. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 and Shanghai T T on London was 0/8. The local market was quiet. London Spot Parity is Rs. 52-13 and forward is Rs. 51-2-9. There was scattered selling in silver while gold was steady. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 25-10-0. The market was steady.

GOLD

Ready	37	2	0
Magsar	37	2	3
Posn	37	2	6
Posh Tejimandi	0	6	0

SILVER

Ready	50	9	0
Magsar	50	7	0
Posn	50	6	0
Posh Tejimandi	1	4	0

LONDON SILVER
London, Dec 5

Spot	20
Forward	19 5/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Dec 5

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-8-3 1/2

LONDON METALS

London, Dec 5

Copper	£42 5 0
Lead	£15 6 3
Spelter	£13 6 3
Tin	£214 12 6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec 6

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£42-2-6
Standard copper 3 months	£42-7-6
Electrolytic copper	£48-15-0
Bombay Market—	
Yelow metal sheets	Rs. 40-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 48-0-0

Tone: Irregular.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Dec 5

January	£10 0 0
February	10 0 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Dec 6

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	29	2	0
Highest	29	4	0
Lowest	29	1	0
Closing	29	4	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	27	15	6
Highest	27	15	6
Lowest	27	11	0
Closing	27	11	9
Cottonseed Jan—			
Opening	20	15	6
Highest	21	0	0
Lowest	20	11	9
Closing	20	15	3

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Dec 5

December	55d.
March	54 1/2d.
May	55d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Dec 5

December	dol 0.64 1/8
May	dol 0.65 3/4
July	dol 0.66 3/8

New York Sugar

New York, Dec 5

March	1.91
May	1.94
July	1.98
September	2.01

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec 6

Ready Javas	Rs.	15	6 0
Shipment Jan March		5	13 6
Shipment July Sept		6	0 6
Kesar		14	14 6
Saraya		14	12 6
Java Spot		F	6.20

LONDON SUGAR

London, Dec 5

March	sh 5 10 3/4d.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York: Liverpool: December 56 January 75 March 79 May 94 July 113 October 120 at cross rate 4.69 5/8

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1939 155/8 Liverpool May 1939 4.55 Rs. 42 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1939 156/12 Liverpool July 1939 4.52 Rs. 40 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1939 155/8 New York May 7.96 Rs. 32 3/4 at cross rate 4.69 5/8

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1939 156/12 New York July 7.71 Rs. 25 3/4 at cross rate 4.69 5/8

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Dec 5

Broach A/M 1939 opening 156 3/4 highest 157 1/4 lowest 155 1/2 closing 155 1/2

Broach J/A opening 158 highest 158 1/2 lowest 156 3/4 closing 156 3/4

Oomra D/J opening 144 1/8 highest 144 1/8 lowest 143 3/8 closing 143 3/8

Oomra March opening 143 3/8 highest 143 3/8 lowest 142 3/8 closing 142 3/8

Bengal D/J opening 118 3/4 highest 118 3/4 lowest 118 1/2 closing 118 1/2

Bengal March opening 120 highest 120 lowest 119 1/2 closing 119 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (21-12-38) Rs. 3 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 9 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach July August 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 13 1/4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec 6

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	98/4
2 3/4 per cent 1940/52 Loan	99/6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	101/10
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/13
3 per cent 1963/65	98/2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	105/3
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	108/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119
5 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	102/2
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	105/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1943/55 Loan	116/9
4 per cent 1955/63 Mysore	111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent 1974 B P T	110/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	109/5
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	119
5 per cent 1954 M Deb	130

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Dec 6

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to Nov.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 286 3/4
Bank's buying T T 283 1/2
Bank's buying D D 282 3/4
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,303
Bank's buying T T 1,335
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 78
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 63 3/4
JAVA—
Bank's seliing D D 63 5/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 47 1/8
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/8
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 86
CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.69.68 5th instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 6th instant
Hongkong London 1/3 6th instant
Shanghai London 0/8 6th instant
Java London 8.61 3/4 6th instant
London Paris 177.63 5th instant
London Belgium 27.89 1/2 5th instant
London Switzerland 20.77 1/2 5th instant
London Berlin 11.71 1/2 5th instant
London Stockholm 19.40 5/8 5th instant
London New York 4.69.56 5th instant
London Amsterdam 8.63 1/4 5th instant
London Italy 89.24 5th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Uncertain.
Gold £7-8-7 1/2 3rd instant
Gold £7-8-3 1/2 5th instant
Silver London Ready 20 1/8 3rd instant
Silver London Ready 20 5th instant
Silver London Forward 19 3/8 3rd instant
Silver London Forward 19 5/16 5th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 3rd instant
Silver New York Ready 43 5th instant
London discounts 3 months 7/8 to 15/16 per cent 3rd instant
London discounts 3 months 7/8 to 15/16 per cent 5th instant
London discounts 6 months 7/8 per cent 3rd instant.
London discounts 6 months 7/8 to 15/16 per cent 5th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec 5

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76 1/8
3 1/2 per cent	90
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115
5 per cent 1942/47	107 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	70 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	98 3/4
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	108 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	45/10 1/2

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Dec 5

SAKELS—		
January	13.10	—40
March	13.37	—46
May	13.58	—40
ASHMOUNI—		
December	10.44	—28
February	10.53	—30
GIZA—		
January	13.05	—31
March	13.20	—31
May	13.31	—33

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 3rd December	8,119
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	327,330
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	203,932
Increase	123,398

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Dec 5

T T London on:—	
New York	4.69.56
Paris	177.63
Berlin	11.71 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.73 3/8
Amsterdam	8.63 5/8
Brussels	27.89 1/2
Milan	89.24
Berne	20.77 1/2

Further Decline In Tata Steel Shares

GENERAL TIRED LONG LIQUIDATION

Absence Of Any Support

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

There was general selling to-day on the local Stock Exchange and Tata Steel shares again declined. This is the fourth day of a continuous drop.

Yesterday the Wall Street Market was quiet with further tax selling in evidence and indications that American business activity is slowing down. U.S. Steel production is reported to be 59.9 per cent. against 60.7 per cent. in the last week and 27.50 per cent. last year this week. Dow's industrial averages are also declining and now stands at 147.50. U.S. Steel Shares after declining dol. 3/4 closed dol. 1/2 up and Anaconda Copper shares declined dol. 1/2.

As pointed out before December is a dull month when new business is restricted as there will be no inclination to increase Stocks at the time of making up yearly accounts. At the top, it is feared that profits for the last quarter are likely to be below the third quarter. This trend of events is likely to discourage buyers.

The local market opened steady but under steady flow of selling pressure and tired long liquidation prices declined. The market was weak with no important support and closed at about the lowest level of the day.

Cotton Mill Shares were quiet. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 867 and after improving to Rs. 870 declined to Rs. 862 and finally closed at Rs. 865. Century shares weakened to Rs. 237 from Rs. 243. Central Indians were quiet at Rs. 232 and Kohinoors declined to Rs. 252 after opening at Rs. 255. Simplex Shares were quiet at Rs. 76/4 and Swadeshi Mills closed at Rs. 216.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 108/4 and after declining to Rs. 106/12 closed at Rs. 107. Andhras were neglected at Rs. 1417/8 and Hydros changed hands at Rs. 154. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1300 and after advancing to Rs. 1306 declined to Rs. 1297 and closed at Rs. 1300. Trams were done at Rs. 123-12.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1502/8 and steadily declined to Rs. 1472 and closed at Rs. 1477. After the close there were buyers at Rs. 1482. Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 313 and after declining to Rs. 107/8 closed at Rs. 108/8. Second Preference shares were done at Rs. 160. Belapurs changed at Rs. 184 while Bombay Steams were done at Rs. 215. Bombay Burmas were quiet and closed at Rs. 513/12 with a restricted turnover.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

100	Ahmd. Advance	417 8
200	BOMBAY DYEING	865 0
100	CENTURY	237 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	232 8
100	COLABA	143 8
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	321 4
1	E. D. Sassoon	0 5 3
100	Finlay	117 8
100	GOKAK	153 0
1,000	Hindustan	1,705 0
100	Indore	55 0
100	Khatau	117 8
100	Kohinoor	252 0
150	Laxmi	520 0
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	135 0
250	Model	50 0
50	MYSORE	89 0
200	NEW GREAT	214 0
100	Oosmanshahi	40 0
100	PHOENIX	222 8
25	Sassoon Silk	71 0
1,000	Sholapur	3225 0
50	SIMLEX	76 4
100	SWADESHI	216 0
100	Swan	107 0
500	Vishnu	1250 0
1,000	Westerns	860 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	115 8
25-50	Central	29 14
500	Imperial	1,575 0
125-500	Imp. Co nty.	385 0
50-100	India	149 0
100	Reserve Bank	115 8
5	Unions	5-11-3
	CEMENTS	
100	Associated	107 0
	INSURANCE	
100-500	Empire	685 0
15-100	Jupitor	12 14
20	Mercantile	54 8
15-100	New India	38 0
200	Oriental	4400 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 2
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ah. Old	138 12
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1417 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Dec 6

Bombay Dyeing (870) 867 870 862 866 862 865
Century (242) 242 243 240 241 238 237
Central India (233/8) 234 232 233 232
Kohinoor (254) 255 254 253 252
New Great (218) 218 216 215 214
Simplex (77/8) 78 77 76/8 76/4
Swadeshi (218/8) 218/8 216 217 215 216
Associated Cement (108) 108/4 107/12 106/12 107
Andhra (1410) 1417/8
Tram Ord (123/12) 123/8 123/12
Tata Hydro (153/8) 154
Tata Power (1300) 1300 1306 1297 1300 1295 1300
T Steel Defd (1495) 1500 1492 1497 1475 1482 1490 1472 1477
T Steel Ord (312) 313 311 312 309 307/8 310 308/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (159/12) 160/4 160
Bellapur (184) 184/4 184
B Steam (214) 214 215
B Burma (512/8) 511 510 512 511 515 513/12

10	Ajmer	12 2
10	Amalgmd.	12 0
50	Bombay Tram	123 12
100	Bombay Suburban	148 12
10	Broach	10 4
100	Karachi	185 0
100	Poona	170 10
100	Surat	172 8
100	TATA HYDRO	153 8
100	TATA POWERS	1,300 0
	RAILWAYS.	
100	Ahmedabad Prantij	961 4
100	C. Province	101 0
100	Dn. Baramati	103 4
100	Gujarat	101 0
100	Mandra Bhon	100 8
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Serajgaunj	101 0
500	Tapti Valley	740 0
	MINING.	
9	Burma Corp	6-0-0
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 4 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	30 6
10	Shivrajpur	48 12
70	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1477 8
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	308 8
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK	341 0
60	BELAPUR SUGAR	184 0
200	250 Bombay Safe Dep.	840 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	215 0
125	B. BURMA	513 12
50	Bombay Conty.	180 10
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 9 4
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	82 4
100	I. BLEACHING	125 0
50	Invest Trust	41 6
100	I. Radio Defd	390 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	380 0
100	Port Canning	73 8
40	Premier Con. XD.	65 0
15	Scindia	XD 18 4
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	45 12
	PREFERENCE.	
5	1/2 Amalgmad (T. F.)	106 0
7	p. c. Andhra Valley	1510 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam XD	283 12
5	p.c. Bombay Tram (TF)	73 0
5	p.c Central India (T.F.)	570 0
6½	p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	108 0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	150 10
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1605 0
6	p. c. Tata Steel 1st.	210 10
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	160 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	717 8
	DEBENTURES	
3-3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 6
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 4
4	p.c Bombay Telephone	52 12
7	p.c. Sholapur	80 6
6	p.c. Tata Hydro.	108 8

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec 5

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 p.c. A	34
Electric Bond Common	10
Columbia Gas and Elec	7
United Corporation	3
Int Tel and Tel 4 1/2 per cent 1952	64
American Tel and Tel	148 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	440
Western Union Telg	23 1/2
Great North Pfd	24
New York Central	17 1/2
Firestone Rubber	23
Firestone Rubber 6 per cent pfd	96
Union Carbide	83 1/2
Eaton Mrg	20
Gillett Safety Razor 5 p.c. Pfd	54
United States Steel	62 1/2
Ludlum Steel	24
Republic Steel	22
United S Smelting	64
Anaconda Copper Coppening	32 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	52 1/2
General Motors	47 1/2
General Electric	41 1/4
Consolidated Oil	8 1/2
Chase Bank	29 1/4
National City Bank	22
Eagle Picher	13

Turnover 675,000 shares, Narrow market. Steel production 59.9 per cent against 60.7 per cent last week and 27 1/2 per cent same period last year

Dow Jones averages 147.47 against 147.50 yesterday.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Dec 5

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	76 1/8
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	90
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	70 5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	99 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	98 3/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	103 1/2
Victory Bonds	107 1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	9 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	83
National Bank of India	35
P and O Banking Corporation	7 7/8

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1938

Kisans Hold Real Key To Swaraj

Sind Peasants Formulate Demands

PERMANENT COMMITTEE SET UP TO ORGANISE RESISTANCE TO EXPLOITATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, Dec. 1 (By Mail).

The All-Sind Hari Conference was held at Tando Jam district, Hyderabad on first December under the presidentship of Mr. Mohammad Amin Khoso, M.L.A.

A procession of the Haris (Kisans) was taken out which paraded the main streets shouting out revolutionary slogans, "Down with Imperialism," "Down with Zamindari" and "Jagirdari system", "Hari Hakdar," etc. The procession terminated at Otara which was decorated with appropriate slogans. A big red flag with hammer and sickle on it was flying high in the air.

More than two thousand Haris from the adjoining villages together with delegates from different districts of Sind attended the conference. The local Congressmen and others both Hindus and Muslims took keen interest.

While inaugurating the conference Syed Jamaluddin Bukhari, who had come specially from Bombay to attend the Conference warned the Haris not to be led away by the hypocritical appeals of fraternity and brotherhood by reactionary communalists.

He narrated the history of Russia as to how the Haris and workers of Russia by sheer dint of organisation and struggle succeeded in overthrowing the Czarist regime and established the Government of workers and peasants. He exhorted them to resist all oppression and strengthen the Hari committees and take active part in the struggle for national Independence.

After the speech of the chairman of the Reception Committee Syed Jummanshah welcomed the president and other delegates, the president-elect of the Conference Mr. Amin Khoso delivered his presidential speech.

He said that they held the real key of Swaraj, without them India would never be able to gain its Independence and India's fate lies doomed until the Kisans condition were economically, politically and socially ameliorated.

Mr. Sipahimlani Gopal then moved that the Hari Committee means the unity of the Haris (kisans). He said all kisans must combine to fight the forces that were driving them deeper and deeper into misery and poverty.

To this end they frame the following charter of Fundamental and Minimum demands of the Haris.

Fundamental Demands

The present systems of Zamindari and Jagirdari, involving as they did the vesting of ownership of vast areas of land and the right of collecting and enjoying enormous income, was iniquitous, unjust, burdensome and oppressive to the Haris.

All such systems of landlordism should be abolished and all the rights over such lands be vested in the cultivators and the Haris made to pay income-tax like the Rotwari ryots.

This Committee demanded that landless peasants and those having less than five acres each be provided with land to cultivate on the basis of co-operative farming (without the right of alienation) and since more of the cultivable land in the Sukkur Barrage is still unoccupied and vested in Government and landlords, this Conference resolved that all such lands be granted to the landless haris.

Minimum Demands

The Haris will immediately take all possible steps to achieve the following:—

1. Cancellation of all arrears of debt of Haris and small Khatedars (owning to Government, Co-operative Societies, money-lenders, zamindars).

2. Abolition of all land revenue assessment and rent from uneconomic holdings.

3. Immediate grant of the right of permanent cultivation without the right of alienation to all tenants and actual cultivators of land of zamindars and jagirdars.

4. Grant of the right of remission of seed money for all tenants of landlords whenever crop fail.

5. Immediately to impose an adequate and graduated income-tax, death duty and inheritance tax upon all the agricultural revenues of landlords and merchants.

6. Abolition and penalisation of all feudal and customary dues and for forced labour including 'Begar and Illegal Exactions.'

7. Immunity from attachment

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 3).

REPUGNANT TO INDIA ACT

Another Section Of Bihar Moneylenders Act Declared Null And Void

PATNA, Dec. 6.

Yet another section of the Bihar Moneylenders (Act) Section (15) has been declared null and void by the Patna High Court on the ground that the Section is repugnant to Section 107 of the Government of India Act.

This point of law arose out of an appeal in connection with a suit. The Court granted leave for appeal to the Federal Court.

Three other Sections of the Moneylenders Act have been already declared null and void by the Patna High Court.—A.P.

Rajen Babu Not To Attend Working Committee

PATNA, Dec. 6.

Despite the steady improvement in his health Babu Rajendra Prasad hs decided not to attend the working committee meeting to be held at Wardha on December 11.

It is understood that he has advised the Bihar Labour Enquiry Committee, of which he is chairman, to commence the work of recording evidence from December 9 as previously fixed. He has intimated that he could join as soon as he is fit—A. P.

New English Bi-Weekly In Patna

PATNA.

"Fair Play", a new English bi-weekly from Patna has made its first appearance today. The Editor is Mr. S. N. Haider.

Defining its policy the paper says: "The objects of the "Fair Play" will in the main be threefold. Firstly to be fair to all in dealing with public policy and activities of a person or party regardless of differences in politics and religion. Secondly, to safeguard the interests of Muslims by constant vigilance, particularly in Bihar and to promote their social economic, educational and other vital interests by preventing misrepresentation about them and ventilating their just grievances against the Government or any section of the people. And thirdly, to serve other minority communities if they needed protection and to advance the common interest of both Muslims and Hindus."—A. P.

District Board Scheme

PATNA, Dec. 3.

Five new dispensaries, it is understood, have been sanctioned in the Patna district by the District Board out of which two are Ayurvedic, one Allopathic, one homoeopathic and one Tibbi, which will be located at Birnawan, Giriak, Abgila, Alwalpore, and Diara Rampore in the Patna district. It is learnt that the total amount to be spent over the scheme will be Rs. 3,000, while medical practitioners will be subsidised under the Government scheme for relief in rural areas.—A. P.

Order Under Sec. 144 Defied

Sibnath Bannerjee Arrested

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

MR. SIBNATH BANNERJEE, M.L.A., PRESIDENT OF THE BENGAL CHATKAL MAJDOOR UNION, AND A MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF ACTION FORMED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROPOSED GENERAL STRIKE, WAS ARRESTED THIS MORNING AT RAJGUNJ (HOWRAH) ON A CHARGE OF ALLEGED DEFIANCE OF AN ORDER UNDER SECTION 144 CR. P. C.

The notice was served on Mr. Bannerjee late last night prohibiting him from entering the jurisdiction of the Sankrail police station for a period of two months as his presence "caused a riot and is likely to cause a breach of the peace and riot." He, however, remained at Rajgunj (Sankrail) for the night and was arrested in the morning. He has since been released on bail.

Excepting the arrest of Mr. Bannerjee the situation in connection with the jute mill strike remains unchanged.—A.P.

MORE WORKERS JOIN

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

About 3,000 workers of the Victoria Jute Mills in Telinipara are reported to have downed tools today in response to the call for a general strike.

The Council of Action, formed in connection with the proposed General Strike of Jute workers, held its first meeting to-day at the office of the Bengal Provincial Congress Socialist Party, Dr. Charu Chandra presiding. The meeting denounced the action of the Bengal Ministry in having served an order under Section 144 on Mr. Sibnath Bannerjee, M.L.A., (Labour), General Secretary, Bengal Chatkal Mazdoor Union, prohibiting him from entering Rajgunj and Sankrail "thus depriving him of the privilege of carrying on legitimate Trade Union activities in the area and of fulfilling his duties as Member of the Legislative Assembly towards his constituency".

The meeting further condemned the arrest of Mr. Bannerjee at Rajgunj and expressed the opinion that all such measures were "aimed at crippling the struggle of jute workers against the Jute Ordinance".—A. P.

CITY FATHERS WALK OUT

Sholapur Municipal President's Election

SHOLAPUR, Dec. 5.

The first meeting of the newly elected Sholapur Municipal Board was held to-night for electing the President and Vice-President. The Chief Officer informed the councillors that he had received a note from the retiring President that he could not attend the meeting. Thereupon Mr. Jamdar said that they could go on with the meeting in the absence of the retiring President. Khan Sahib Abdul Karim Vakil objected to Mr Jamdar's proposal. He said that further transaction of any business would be illegal and quoted a previous Bombay High Court ruling in his support. Several others spoke in support of Mr. Jamdar's proposal and Mr. Jamdar was elected to the chair. Khan Sahib Vakil then gave a written protest signed by the councillors of his party and staged a walkout.

The meeting then elected Mr. Kadadi and Mr. Sathe as President and Vice-President of the Municipal Board respectively.—A.P.

SPINNING AND CARDING IN JAILS

Munshi's Talk With Harijan Ashram Manager

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 6.

Mr. K. M. Munshi visited this morning the Sabarmati Central Jail and Mr. Gandhi's Harijan Ashram and discussed with the Manager of the Ashram the scheme for introducing spinning and carding in jails.—A. P.

HINDU UNIVERSITY STRIKE ENDS

BENARES, Dec. 6.

Raja Jwalaprasad, Pro-Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University announces that the grievances of the students of the University Engineering College having been redressed, their strike has ended today. They have been on strike for the last fifteen days. —A. P.

"EL MADINA" SAILS FOR HEDJAZ

S.S. "El Madina" of the Scindia Hedjaz Pilgrim Line sailed for Hedjaz yesterday carrying 652 pilgrims.

The Maharaja of Bikaner, Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University, it is learned, will attend the convocation which takes place on December 17 when Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan will deliver the convocation address.—A.P.

India Needs Intense Economic Nationalism

Marwadi Chamber Chief Welcomes Congress' National Planning Committee

BOMBAY.

The annual general meeting of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce Ltd., was held on Sunday at 1 p.m. in the Board Room of the Chamber under the chairmanship of Seth Begraj Gupta.

In the course of his speech moving the adoption of the Annual Report of the Chamber of the year 1937-38, Mr. Gupta said:

"As you know, considerable time and attention were devoted to amending and improving the byelaws relating to the Grain and Oil-seeds trades. It has already come into operation and I need hardly emphasize the extra-ordinary improvement achieved in its efficiency, promptness and dependability.

FORWARD MARKETS.

"Another important question which was raised by the Government of Bombay and which engaged the attention of your Board, is the control of forward markets in our province. I may, however, take this opportunity to emphasize that any legislative measures which Government may undertake must satisfy certain essential conditions.

"Firstly the interests of those merchants and others who are not members of the Associations concerned, must be properly safeguarded. Secondly, the interests of the growers and other producers must be protected. Thirdly, the middle-classes, particularly the lower middle-class, must be protected from the evil effects of their increasing participation in a class of forward transactions, which in form and essence scarcely differ from gambling.

"In order to achieve these objects, legislation of a two fold character will be required. In the first place, the law should lay down certain rules of conduct, which would be applicable to all forward markets, whether under direct Government control or not. It must be obligatory upon all Associations directing or controlling forward markets to abide by such common rules. Secondly, when it is felt that a certain trade requires special legislation in order to solve its own peculiar problems, special rules applicable only to such a trade or market should be laid down. This can be done either by vesting unitary control of a particular trade in a well-organized Association if its past history is such as to inspire confidence in its capacity to manage the trade on fair and sound lines and to have strict discipline maintained among its members. Where such qualifications are absent or where an Association though efficient does not cover all sections of the trade, more than one Association should be permitted to function simultaneously.

UNITARY CONTROL.

The authority to maintain unitary control over an entire trade however should not be conferred upon any associations, unless it possesses the following among other qualifications:

It is not a profit-making concern and does not distribute dividends to its members from its annual surplus or profits.

Its membership is not too narrow or restricted, its doors are kept open for all new entrants possessing the required qualifications.

Its constitution and rules are so framed as to safeguard the interests of growers or producers, of non-member businessmen and not to encourage the lower-middle and other poorer classes of the Society to bring ruin upon themselves and their families by squandering their hard-earned savings in sheer speculation.

PLEA FOR INTERNAL FREEDOM.

"I should not be misunderstood to advocate too much interference by Government in the conduct and management of trades. Indeed, as I have already indicated, in all cases where the vesting of unitary control or special recognition is not indicated, Government should only maintain a minimum control of a general nature. All such Associations shoudl be left completely free to conduct their internal administration according to their lights."

TRAGIC SPECTACLE.

"To my mind, the policy of national self-sufficiency and self-help has come to say. Every progressive people and every respon-

TWO REMEDIES.

"I submit that the time has now come for Indian public opinion to assert itself. No more efficacious means can be applied than a simultaneous application of two remedies, a suitable measure of currency inflation or reflation combined with a planned and vigorous industrial development. From this point of view the foremost need of the hour is for India firstly to delink the rupee from the sterling and then, after permitting fluctuations within certain limits, lower its value in a substantial measure.

In an attempt to maintain the present ratio India's sterling balances in London have been depleted, resulting in a substantial contraction of currency. This process cannot be continued indefinitely.

"I further maintain that a devaluation of the rupee is not only dictated by the force of prevailing economic conditions but the true interests of the country also demand it.

NATIONAL PLANNING.

"Another important need of the hour is that simultaneously with currency devaluation, a plan for an all-round industrial development must be prepared and pushed through with vigour. In this connection, I must congratulate the Congress President and the Congress Working

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 3).

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *GUNMAN'S BLUFF*

WE MUST GET RID OF THEM. THE QUESTION IS —— HOW?
HOW ABOUT THIS, SLICK?
I GOT A BETTER IDEA, SLICK! MAKE IT LOOK LIKE THEY DROWNED!
WE'LL DUMP 'EM IN THE RIVER ALIVE, AN' LET 'EM DROWN!
SO THAT'S WHAT HAPPENED TO THE TALKER'! MURDER —— AND IT'LL LOOK LIKE A PLAIN CASE OF SUICIDE!
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